

US Army Corps of Engineers Kansas City District

Final Test Excavation Data Summary Report

Remedial Investigation/ Feasibility Study Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge/ Sayreville, New Jersey

USACE Contract No. W912DQ-08-D-0018 Task Order No. 018

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Acronyms

ABS absolute difference values APP Accident Prevention Plan **ATSDR** Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry bgs below the ground surface CDM CDM Federal Programs Corporation **CLP** Contract Laboratory Program CN cyanide **CROL** contract required quantitation limit DQI data quality indicator **EDD** electronic data deliverable EPA Environmental Protection Agency **ERT Emergency Response Team FCR** field change request GC/MS gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer **GPS** Global Positioning System Hg mercury **ICP** inductively coupled plasma estimated J **LCS** laboratory control sample **MDL** method detection limit mg/kg milligram per kilogram mg/m³ milligram per meter cubed MS/MSD matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate ng/ml nanogram per milliliter NJDEP New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection **NJRDCSRS** New Jersey Residential Direct Contract Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards PAL project action limit **PCB** polychlorinated biphenyl PID photo-ionization detector PPE personal protective equipment PQL project quantitation limit **QAPP** quality assurance project plan QA/QC quality assurance/quality control RI/FS remedial investigation/feasibility study **RPD** relative percent difference SOP standard operating procedure **SVOC** semi-volatile organic compound TAL Target Analyte List TAT turnaround time TCL Target Compound List TOC total organic carbon The site Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **USACE** United States Army Corps of Engineers

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volatile organic compound

microgram per kilogram

VOC

μg/kg

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μg/L

microgram per liter

Section 1 Introduction

Under the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Kansas City District, Contract No. W912DQ-08-D-0018, Task Order No. 018, CDM Federal Programs Corporation (CDM) was tasked to provide technical services to complete a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site (the site) located in Old Bridge and Sayreville, Middlesex County, New Jersey (Figure 1). This Test Excavation Data Summary Report details the results of the test excavation activities conducted in April and May 2010 in the vicinity of the seawall (Site Areas 1, 2, and 4) as part of the initial field activities of the RI/FS. The field investigation was conducted in accordance with USACE regulations, guidance, and standards, as well as the site-specific April 2010 Final Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) (CDM 2010a), the April 2010 Final Accident Prevention Plan (APP) (CDM 2010b), and the April 19, 2010 Amendment 1 to the APP (CDM 2010c).

1.1 Purpose and Objectives

Previous geophysical investigations conducted by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Emergency Response Team (ERT) indicated the potential for buried slag from a secondary lead smelter in areas along the seawall (Areas 1 and 4) and the beach (Area 2) at the site. The Site Areas are shown on Figure 2. ERT recommended that an additional investigation be performed to determine if buried slag is present in these areas. The purpose of the test excavation activities was to determine the nature and extent of slag in Areas 1, 2, and 4 by visual observation and targeted subsurface soil sampling.

The objectives of the test excavation activities were to:

- Provide information about the distribution of slag in the vicinity of the seawall and beach to facilitate potential early actions at the site
- Gather data to support subsequent RI/FS activities

In addition to test excavation activities, surface soil sampling was conducted in Areas 1 and 4 to gather additional data to supplement the existing surface soil sample dataset.

1.2 Contents

This Final Data Summary Report includes the sections described below.

- Section 1 Introduction Presents the current understanding of the location and history of the site.
- Section 2 Field Investigation Discusses the test excavation investigation and sampling activities conducted in Areas 1, 2, and 4 as part of the RI/FS initial field activities.

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- Section 3 Summary of Test Excavation Data Provides the information gathered during test excavation activities and the results of the laboratory analyses performed on samples collected from the test excavations.
- Section 4 Summary Summarizes information gathered during the test excavation activities.
- Section 5 References Lists documents used to perform the investigation.

1.3 Site Background

The site is located in Old Bridge and Sayreville, New Jersey, as shown in Figure 1. The site encompasses wetlands, shoreline and beaches, upland areas adjacent to the shore, and sediments in the near-shore side of Raritan Bay.

The park waterfront is protected by a seawall that was constructed approximately 40 years ago. Materials used to construct the seawall included slag from a secondary lead smelter. The western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet and the adjoining waterfront area west of the jetty are located in Sayreville. These areas also contain slag. The seawall, jetties, beach area east of the Cheesequake Creek Inlet, and the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet are popular fishing areas. The beaches east of the Cheesequake Creek Inlet and west of the seawall appear to be the most popular for swimming.

1.3.1 Site Location

The site is located on the shore of Raritan Bay in the eastern part of Old Bridge Township in the Laurence Harbor section of Middlesex County, New Jersey. A small portion of the north end of the site, the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet, is located in the Borough of Sayreville. The site is bordered to the north by Raritan Bay and to the east, west, and south by residential properties. State Highway 35 is located to the south beyond the residential properties.

The site is approximately 1.3 miles in length and consists of the waterfront area between Margaret's Creek and the area just beyond the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet. The portion of the site in Laurence Harbor is part of what is now called the Old Bridge Waterfront Park. The park has walking paths, a playground area, several public beaches, and three jetties (in addition to the two at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet).

1.3.2 Site History

Approximately 40 years ago, slag from a secondary lead smelter was used at the site to construct the seawall along Raritan Bay and to augment an existing jetty on the western side of the Cheesequake Creek Inlet. In the secondary lead smelting process, lead-acid batteries and other lead-containing materials were melted in a smelter kettle. The valuable metals were skimmed from the top of the kettle, and the residue on the bottom cooled and hardened into slag. The dense rock-like properties of the slag made it attractive for use in the seawall and jetty construction.

The placement of the slag at the site has resulted in the leaching of heavy metals, including lead, arsenic, antimony, copper, and chromium into the surrounding Raritan Bay surface water, sediments, and near-shore soils. Additionally, as the saltwater weathers the slag, particles from the slag erode and mix into the sediments and soils at the site.

In 2007, elevated levels of lead, antimony, arsenic, and copper were identified by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) in the soil along the seawall and at the edge of the beach near the western end of the seawall. In response, Old Bridge Township placed a temporary "snow" fence in this area, posted "Keepoff" signs in the park along the split rail fence that borders the edge of the seawall, and notified the residents of Laurence Harbor.

EPA collected samples at the site in September 2008 as part of an Integrated Assessment. The sampling included the collection of soil, sediment, water, biological, and waste samples from along the seawall in Laurence Harbor, the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet, the beaches near these two locations, and the developed portion of the park. Analytical results generated by both EPA and NJDEP indicate that levels of lead and other heavy metals are present at concentrations exceeding applicable standards in the soils, sediment, and surface water in and around both the seawall in Laurence Harbor and the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet.

At EPA's request, the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services, in cooperation with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), evaluated the analytical data from the samples collected at the site. Their findings concluded that, due to the elevated lead levels, a Public Health Hazard exists at the seawall in Laurence Harbor, the beach between the western end of the seawall and the first jetty, and the western jetty at the Cheesequake Creek Inlet, including the waterfront area immediately west of the inlet. As a result of this determination, EPA restricted access to these areas (by installing fences and posting signs) and provided public outreach to inform residents and those using these areas of the health hazard that exists.

The site is divided into 11 Site Areas based on areas identified in historical investigations and reports, site physical characteristics, and the locations of known or potential sources. Figure 2 shows the Site Areas. The test excavation efforts conducted during the field activities focused on Areas 1, 2, and 4. Area 1 is the Laurence Harbor Seawall along Old Bridge Waterfront Park. The seawall starts to the west of Margaret's Creek and extends west to the beach area at the foot of Laurence Parkway. Area 2 is the Laurence Harbor Beach area at the foot of Laurence Parkway between the western end of the seawall and the first jetty. Area 4 is the Old Bridge Waterfront Park area along the seawall (not including the playground) from the fence to the roadway.

Section 2 Field Investigation

The slag distribution study was conducted along the seawall (Areas 1 and 4) and the beach area adjacent to the seawall (Area 2) in April and May, 2010. This component of the RI/FS activities consisted of the following tasks:

- Mobilization
- Test excavations along transects advanced perpendicular to the seawall
- Collection and analysis of surface and subsurface soil samples at test excavations along each transect
- Site restoration and demobilization

The test excavation field investigation activities were conducted in accordance with the planning documents listed in Section 1. Deviations from the Final QAPP during the field investigation were limited to changes in the type and number of samples collected and the addition or deletion of transect and/or test excavation locations, as well as changes to the particulate monitoring action level to reflect the APP Amendment 1. The deviations are detailed on the Field Change Request (FCR) forms presented in Attachment 1. The FCR forms describe the deviations from the Final QAPP, the reason for the deviations, and the recommended modifications. The deviations were discussed with the client and project team prior to implementation.

2.1 Mobilization

Site reconnaissance activities were performed to support mobilization, set up safety perimeters around the field activities, and to prepare for test excavation and sampling activities. Prior to beginning the field program, representatives from EPA, USACE, CDM, and the Township of Old Bridge assessed potential logistical issues and physical access constraints prior to marking the proposed transect locations. During the April 7, 2010 site visit, the test excavation locations were field verified and staked out, and the field support areas were selected. Subsequently, CDM marked out transects along which the test excavations were to be advanced. Prior to the commencement of field activities, the fence line was mapped with a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS).

All rental equipment and field supplies were mobilized to the site prior to the start of field activities. Upon receipt, the field equipment was inspected for acceptability, and instruments were calibrated and checked to ensure they worked properly.

On April 22, 2010, the Old Bridge Municipal Utilities Authority completed a geophysical mark-out at the site to clearly identify the subsurface forced main sewer line that traverses Areas 1 and 2. In addition, as-built drawings showing the locations of subsurface electrical lines associated with park lighting and other site features were obtained from the Old Bridge Municipal Utilities Authority. The drawings were used to adjust test excavation locations to avoid any potential contact with subsurface utilities.

2.2 Test Excavations

Test excavation activities were conducted between April 21 and May 5, 2010. Twenty-six test excavations were advanced with an excavator operated by CEMCO, a subcontractor to CDM. Test excavations were advanced along 12 transects oriented approximately perpendicular to the shoreline and seawall. The test excavation length and width varied from location to location. Excavations were extended to the water table or to a depth of 10 feet below the ground surface (bgs), whichever was encountered first. The locations of transects and test excavations are depicted in Figure 3. Key features of transects and test excavations are summarized in Table 1.

Soil and slag were characterized by visual observation and recorded in test excavation logs by the on-site geologist. Test excavation logs are provided in Attachment 2. Details about material encountered in the excavations are provided in Table 1.

During excavation, a photo-ionization detector (PID) was used to screen the filled bucket and the excavation opening immediately after each fresh cut was made in the ground. Continuous, real-time air monitoring for particulates was conducted during intrusive activities in accordance with the Air Monitoring Plan detailed in the APP (CDM 2010b) and the APP Amendment 1 (CDM 2010c).

Excavated soil was stockpiled on plastic sheeting adjacent to each test excavation. Upon completion of each excavation, the soils were returned to their original location in the test excavation in two-foot lifts and tamped. The excavator bucket was cleaned with a steam cleaner prior to the start and completion of test excavation activities and between individual test excavations. Wash water from the bucket cleaning process was returned to the test excavations.

2.3 Soil Sampling

Forty-five soil samples and 6 field duplicate samples were collected during test excavation activities (total of 51 soil samples). Sample locations are shown on Figure 4. A sample summary is provided in Table 2. The samples are organized in the table numerically by transect. Table 2 includes information regarding the Site Areas from which the samples were collected. Sampling was conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in the QAPP (CDM 2010a). Disposable aluminum foil trays were used to homogenize the soil samples. Pre-cleaned, individually wrapped, plastic scoops were used to collect soil samples.

Twenty of the 51 samples were surface soil samples (17 surface soil samples and 3 duplicates), with at least 1 surface soil sample from each of the 12 test excavation transects. Surface soil sample locations were selected across Areas 1 and 4 to provide equal sample coverage for both of these areas, as existing data from these two areas were limited. A total of 7 surface samples and 2 duplicates were collected from Area 1, and 8 surface samples and 1 field duplicate were collected from Area 4. Two surface soil samples were collected in Area 2. Prior to collection of the surface samples, the excavator removed soil from the beginning of each test excavation to a depth of two feet. The surface soil samples were collected from the sidewall of the excavation from the ground surface to a depth of two feet bgs.

The remaining 31 samples were collected from subsurface soils (28 subsurface soil samples and 3 duplicates). All subsurface soil samples were collected above the groundwater table. In general, subsurface soil samples were biased to the interval just below suspected slag or where other fill materials were encountered. Fill material was differentiated from beach materials by visually observing changes in soil characteristics or by the obvious presence of fill materials (e.g., brick, concrete, wood). Where neither slag nor fill materials were encountered in a test excavation, a representative soil sample was collected at the approximate midpoint of the excavation from the interval just above the water table. Sample rationale, depths, and the nature of the material sampled are detailed in Table 2 and on the test excavation logs in Attachment 2.

Sample collection, packaging, and shipping were conducted in strict accordance with the procedures outlined in Worksheet #26 of the QAPP (CDM 2010a). Sample custody was conducted in strict accordance with the procedures outlined in Worksheet #27 of the QAPP (CDM 2010a). All soil samples were analyzed for Target Compound List (TCL) volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), Target Analyte List (TAL) metals (including cyanide and mercury), percent moisture, and hexavalent chromium. In addition, 20 percent of the soil samples collected (frequency of 1 in 5 samples) were analyzed for pH, total organic carbon (TOC), and grain size. Analytical and preparation methods, sample volumes, sample container and preservation, and sample holding time requirements are provided in Worksheet #19 of the QAPP (CDM 2010a).

Test excavation soil samples were analyzed using EPA's Contract Laboratory Program (CLP). TOC, hexavalent chromium, percent moisture, and grain size were analyzed by CDM's subcontract laboratory, Shealy Environmental Services. Sample results were requested on a 14-day turnaround time (TAT).

2.3.1 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Samples

Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples were collected during soil sampling. Six field duplicate soil samples were collected and are identified on Table 2. One field blank was collected at the commencement of test excavation activities by pouring demonstrated analyte-free water over a clean, disposable scoop into a new aluminum foil pan and then pouring the water from the pan into the sample collection bottles. The field blank was analyzed for TCL VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides, PCBs, TAL metals, and hexavalent chromium. Field blanks were not collected after decontamination took place because all of the equipment was disposable. As a result, there were no decontamination events for sampling equipment. The equipment field blank was collected as a QC check on the disposable equipment. Five matrix-spike/matrix-spike duplicate (MS/MSD) samples were collected, as indicated in Table 2. QA/QC samples were collected in accordance with the procedures outlined in Worksheet #28 of the QAPP (CDM 2010a).

2.4 Demobilization

Site restoration activities included compacting, leveling, and seeding (where needed) to restore the excavation areas to pre-investigation conditions and remedy any other impacts associated with the operation of heavy equipment. Backfilling, tamping with the excavator bucket, and leveling of the test excavations occurred in two-foot lifts immediately after completion of each test excavation, before proceeding to the next test excavation. Where needed, topsoil and sod were replaced, and/or seeding occurred at the completion of test excavation activities.

2.5 Investigation-Derived Waste Disposal

Steam-cleaning of the heavy equipment was performed and rinse water was returned directly to each respective test excavation before mobilization to the next location and before demobilization from the site. Excavated soil was stockpiled on plastic sheeting adjacent to each test excavation. The stockpiled soils were returned to their original location in the test excavation in two-foot lifts and tamped. Personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g., gloves, splash suits, and disposable boots) and other items such as plastics and paper towels were placed in a roll-off and disposed of at the Middlesex County Landfill (Facility I.D. No. 1204A) as non-hazardous municipal waste. The non-hazardous waste bill of lading is provided in Attachment 3.

Section 3

Summary of Test Excavation Data

This section provides a summary of the results of the test excavation field activities including analytical data from the soil sampling. Discussion of the validated analytical results from the soil investigation focuses on contaminant concentrations that exceed the screening criteria as well as the primary contaminants at the site: lead, arsenic, antimony, chromium, and copper.

3.1 Field Observations

Field screening of the site soils included visual and/or olfactory observations. Results of the field observations are presented on the test excavation logs included in Attachment 2.

Slag was visually observed in 7 of the 26 test excavations along Transects 8, 9, 10, and 11. These transects correspond to the eastern end of the seawall in Areas 1 and 4. Specifically, slag was identified in Area 1 at all test excavations along Transects 9 and 10. In Area 4, slag was identified in test excavation 3 along Transect 8, test excavation 2 along Transect 9, and test excavations 1 through 3 along Transect 11. The extent of the slag is provided in Table 1 and in the test excavation logs (Attachment 2).

3.2 Analytical Sample Results

The analytical results from the test excavation field activities were uploaded into an EQuIS database for evaluation purposes. The values used to determine project quantitation limits (PQLs) in the QAPP included NJDEP standards and criteria, human health screening values, and ecological screening values. For the test excavation report, the results of the soil sample analyses, with the exception of hexavalent and total chromium, were screened against the New Jersey Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standards (NJRDCSRS) (NJDEP 2009). This is consistent with the screening criteria used in the Beach Sampling Report. The screening criteria are listed in Table 3.

The NJRDCSRS does not include standards for hexavalent chromium, total chromium, or individual PCB Aroclors. CDM used the NJDEP "Soil Cleanup Criteria" of 240 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) for hexavalent chromium as the screening criteria for hexavalent chromium (NJDEP 1999). CDM used the NJDEP "Soil Cleanup Criteria" of 120,000 mg/kg for trivalent chromium as the screening criteria for total chromium (NJDEP 1999). The NJRDCSRS includes a standard of 0.2 mg/kg for PCBs but does not list standards for individual Aroclors so this value, 0.2 mg/kg, was applied to the individual Aroclors. During the Remedial Investigation, soil and sediment samples may be screened against other applicable and appropriate criteria as detailed in the site-specific QAPP.

Grain size distribution curves are provided in Attachment 4. The dominant grain size across the site is sand, with the sand fraction constituting generally over 70% of the sample distribution.

3.2.1 Data Quality

The data presented in this report have been evaluated in a Data Usability Summary. Validation of the data was performed by EPA, with the exception of TOC data, which were validated by CDM. The Data Usability Summary and data validation reports are provided in Attachment 5.

As discussed in the data quality assessment provided in Attachment 5, CDM identified an error in the EPA validation reports regarding field duplicate comparisons. This error resulted in the rejection of 20 metal analytes for samples MB7Q68 (T9TP2-SS2) and MB7PT0 (T25P9-SS3). The validation reports, Form Is, and electronic data deliverables (EDDs) have been corrected by EPA, and the correct data are reflected in this report.

3.2.2 Comparison of Analytical Results to Screening Criteria

The analytical results of the test excavations are presented on Tables 4 through 8. Surface soil sample results that exceed the NJRDCSRS are presented on Figures 5 and 6. Subsurface soil sample results that exceed the NJRDCSRS are presented on Figures 7 and 8. For the purposes of this summary, only data that were not rejected (flagged with an "R" laboratory qualifier) are discussed. Estimated results are qualified with a "J".

Volatile Organic Compounds

VOCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS. VOC results are presented in Table 4.

Semi-volatile Organic Compounds

SVOC results are presented in Table 5. Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene was detected in the surface soil sample collected from test excavation 1 along Transect 5 at 360 J micrograms per kilogram ($\mu g/kg$), which exceeds the NJRDCSRS of 200 $\mu g/kg$.

Pesticides and PCBs

Pesticide and PCB results are presented in Table 6. Pesticides were not detected at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS.

Aroclor 1254 was detected in the field duplicate surface soil sample collected from test excavation 3 along Transect 11 at a concentration of 1,100 μ g/kg, which exceeds the NJRDCSRS of 200 μ g/kg for PCBs. Aroclor 1254 was detected in the environmental sample of this field duplicate at a concentration of 130 μ g/kg.

Metals

The primary contaminants were detected above the NJRDCSRS screening criteria in four surface and four subsurface soil samples (and two field duplicates). Copper was not detected in surface or subsurface soils at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS. Nineteen chromium results were rejected during data validation; no remaining chromium results exceeded their respective screening criteria. Metals results are summarized in Table 7. Results of the pH and TOC analyses are also presented in

this table.

Surface Soil Results

<u>Lead</u> – The following samples contained lead at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 400 mg/kg for lead:

- T3TP1-SS1: Sample from test excavation 1 along Transect 3, lead was detected at 1,020 J mg/kg and 1,390 J mg/kg in its field duplicate (T25TP9-SS2).
- T4TP1-SS1: Sample from test excavation 1 along Transect 4, lead was detected at 1,380 J mg/kg.
- T9TP2-SS2: Sample collected from test excavation 2 along Transect 9, lead was detected at 5,080 J mg/kg.

<u>Arsenic</u> – The following samples contained arsenic at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 19 mg/kg for arsenic:

- T3TP1-SS1: Sample from test excavation 1 along Transect 3, arsenic was detected at 25 J mg/kg and 21.4 J mg/kg in its field duplicate (T25TP9-SS2).
- T9TP2-SS2: Sample collected from test excavation 2 along Transect 9, arsenic was detected at 78 J mg/kg.
- T11TP3-SS1: Sample from test excavation 3 along Transect 11, arsenic was detected at 80.2 J mg/kg and 24.4 J mg/kg in its field duplicate (T25TP9-SS6).

<u>Antimony</u> – The following samples contained antimony at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 31 mg/kg for antimony:

- T3TP1-SS1: Sample from test excavation 1 along Transect 3, antimony was detected at 35 J mg/kg and 53.3 J mg/kg in its field duplicate (T25TP9-SS2).
- T4TP1-SS1: Sample from test excavation 1 along Transect 4, antimony was detected at 80.5 J mg/kg.

No additional metals were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective NJRDCSRS screening criteria.

Subsurface Soil Results

<u>Lead</u> - The following samples contained lead at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 400 mg/kg for lead:

- T6TP1-SS2: Sample collected from 4 to 4.5 feet bgs from test excavation 1 along Transect 6, lead was detected at 614 J mg/kg.
- T8TP3-SS1: Sample collected from 2 to 2.5 feet bgs from test excavation 3 along Transect 8, lead was detected at 1,000 J mg/kg.
- T9TP2-SS1: Sample collected from 1 to 2 feet bgs from test excavation 2 along Transect 9, lead was detected at 1,650 J mg/kg.

<u>Arsenic</u> – The following samples contained arsenic at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 19 mg/kg for arsenic:

Section 3 Summary of Test Excavation Data

- T1TP2-SS2: Sample collected from 9.5 to 10 feet bgs from test excavation 2 along Transect 1, arsenic was detected at 67.4 J mg/kg.
- T9TP2-SS1: Sample collected from 1 to 2 feet bgs from test excavation 2 along Transect 9, arsenic was detected at 23.6 J mg/kg.

<u>Antimony</u> – The following sample contained antimony at a concentration exceeding the NJRDCSRS of 31 mg/kg for antimony:

■ T8TP3-SS1: Sample collected from 2 to 2.5 feet bgs from test excavation 3 along Transect 8, antimony was detected at a concentration of 36.5 mg/kg.

No additional metals were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective NJRDCSRS screening criteria.

Section 4 Summary

Metals identified at concentrations exceeding the NJRDCSRS included lead, arsenic, and antimony. Two other compounds were detected sporadically at concentrations exceeding their respective NJRDCSRS criteria: PCBs and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene.

Surface Soil

Inorganic contaminant concentrations exceeded screening criteria in surface soils along Transects 3, 4, 9, and 11 (Areas 1 and 4). The highest concentration of lead occurred at test excavation 2 along Transect 9 (5,080 J mg/kg). The highest concentration of arsenic occurred at test excavation 3 along Transect 11 (80.2 J mg/kg). The highest concentration of antimony was detected at test excavation 1 along Transect 4 (80.5 J mg/kg).

Aroclor 1254 was detected at a concentration of 1,100 μ g/kg at test excavation 3 along Transect 11. Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (360 J μ g/kg) was detected at test excavation 1 along Transect 5. Both detections exceed the NJRDCSRS.

Subsurface Soil

The occurrence of slag in subsurface materials was sporadic and was visually observed in 7 of the 26 test excavations located along the eastern end of the seawall in Areas 1 and 4:

- Transect 8, Test Excavation 3 in Area 4
- Transect 9, Test Excavations 1 and 2 in Areas 1 and 4
- Transect 10, Test Excavation 1 in Area 1
- Transect 11, Test Excavations 1, 2, and 3 in Area 4

The locations and depths of the slag encountered during test excavation activities are depicted on Figure 9.

Subsurface soil sampling confirmed that concentrations of site-related contaminants were below the screening criteria at these locations, with the exception of test excavation 3 along Transect 8 and test excavation 2 along Transect 9.

While the subsurface sample from test excavation 3 along Transect 8 exceeded the NJRDCSRS for lead (1,000 J mg/kg) and antimony (36.5 mg/kg), the sample was collected where slag was observed, only four feet from the starting point of the test excavation. This test excavation was ultimately extended 33 feet from its starting point, and slag was not observed beyond 19 feet from the starting point.

Likewise, the subsurface sample from test excavation 2 along Transect 9 that exceeded the NJRDCSRS for lead (1,650 J mg/kg) and arsenic (23.6 J mg/kg) was collected immediately below slag material. The test excavation was extended an additional 4 feet to the south of the sampling point. Slag was not visually observed at the excavation terminus.

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In addition, inorganic compounds exceeded the NJRDCSRS in two subsurface soil samples collected along Transects 1 and 6. Slag was not identified along either transect during test excavation activities. The sample from Transect 1 was collected south of observed fill materials in test excavation 2. The sample collected from Transect 6 was a bottom sample from test excavation 1; no fill material was observed at this location. Lead was detected at its highest concentration at test excavation 1 along Transect 6 (614 J mg/kg). Arsenic was detected at test excavation 2 along Transect 1 at a concentration of 67.4 J mg/kg.

In general, visual confirmation of the absence of slag materials was accomplished in subsurface soils along the seawall (Areas 1 and 4). Additionally, no slag was identified in test excavations advanced in Area 2.

Section 5 References

CDM. 2010a. Final Quality Assurance Project Plan for Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation: Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study, Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site. April.

_______ 2010b. Final Accident Prevention Plan: Slag Distribution Study, Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site. April.

______ 2010c. Final Accident Prevention Plan for Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation, Amendment 1, Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site. April 19.

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TABLES

TABLE 1
Test Excavation Data Summary
Test Excavation Summary
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Excavation	Excavation	Excavation		
Test Excavation	Area	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Date Completed	Materials Observed
Transect 1						
1	Area 2	25	2	10	4/22/2010	reworked native materials*
2	Area 2	27	2	10	4/22/2010	reworked native materials
. 3	Area 2	30	2	9	4/22/2010	Fill materials: large concrete pieces 4 ft south of starting location at 4 ft bgs, 10 ft south of starting point at 8 ft bgs
Transect 2	7 II Ca 2	1		 	+/ 22/ 2010	at o it ogs
1	Area 2	20	2	5	4/21/2010	Fill materials 0 to 2.5 ft bgs
2	Area 2	35.5	2	9.3	4/21/2010	Fill materials: brick/rock from 0 to 2 ft bgs, wood (piling) at 2.5 ft bgs. NOTE: Excavation broken in half due to a large brick/rock area encountered along the transect.
Transect 3	Aleaz		<u> </u>	2.0	4/21/2010	tiansect.
1	Area 1	36	2	9	4/26/2010	reworked native materials
Transect 4					<u></u>	
1	Area 1	30	2	10	4/26/2010	Fill materials: concrete/rebar 20 ft south of starting point at 5 ft bgs
2	Area 4	5	2	10	5/3/2010	reworked native materials
Tránsect 5		.	<u> </u>		1 1	
1	Area 1	25	2	10	4/29/2010	reworked native materials
Transect 6						
1	Area 1	30	2	10	4/27/2010	reworked native materials
2	Area 4	20	2	10	5/3/2010	reworked native materials
Transect 7						
1	Area 1	20	2	10	4/28/2010	reworked native materials
Transect 8	 				1.	the state of the s
1	Area 1	22	2	8	4/27/2010	reworked native materials
2	Area 4	20	2	12	5/4/2010	reworked native materials
- 3	Area 4	21	2	7	5/4/2010	Slag: 13.5 to 19 ft east of starting point at 2 ft bgs

TABLE 1
Test Excavation Data Summary
Test Excavation Summary
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

	<u> </u>			······································		
		Excavation	Excavation	Excavation		
Test Excavation	Area	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Date Completed	Materials Observed
Transect 9						
						Slag: 1 to 1.5 inch-diameter pieces 15 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs to terminus of test excavation (slag at terminus at 1 ft bgs was much smaller in
1	Area 1	21.5	2	10	4/28/2010	diameter)
2	Areas 1 / 4	20	2	10	4/28/2010	Slag: 2-inch layer from fence to 2' south of fence
Transect 10						
1	Area 1	43	2	10	4/30/2010	Slag : 2-inch pieces of tightly compacted slag observed 2 ft to 34 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs
Transect 11				<u> </u>	······································	
1	Area 4	20	2	10	4/29/2010	Slag: compacted fragments/chunks observed 2 ft to 16 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs
2	Area 4	20	2	10	5/4/2010	Slag: 1-inch chips to 1-ft blocks toward northwest corner of excavation from 3 to 5 ft bgs
3	Area 4	28	2	4	5/5/2010	Slag: 2-3-inch diameter chunks 5 ft bgs, 4 to 18 ft west of starting point
4	Area 4	5	2	7	5/5/2010	reworked native materials
5	Area 4	5	2	7	5/5/2010	reworked native materials
Transect 12						
1	Area 4	12	2	10	4/23/2010	reworked native materials
2	Area 1	16	2	10	4/23/2010	reworked native materials
3	Area 4	29	2	10	4/23/2010	reworked native materials

NOTES

^{*} reworked native materials - fine gravelly coarse sand beach deposits mixed with slag and occasional pieces of fill or debris ft - feet

bgs - below ground surface

TABLE 2
Test Excavation Data Summary
Sample Summary
Raritan Bay Siag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Tant E	Sample Depth	I			T	
Sample Name	Area	Test Excavation Number	(ft bgs)	Sample Matrix	Date	Time	A braig	Notes
QA/QC SAMPLES	Altea	TVUITOE1	(it ogs)	Danipie Maux	Date	Time	Analysis	INO(es
FB-042110	n/a	n/a	n/a	Analyte-free water	4/21/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium	Field Blank collected of analyte-free water
SOIL SAMPLES		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Transect 1								
T1TP1-SS1	Area 2	1	8.5-9	Soil - Subsurface	4/22/2010	8:45	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 27 ft south of starting point in excavation from excavation bottom just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T1TP2-SS2	Area 2	2	9.5-10	Soil - Subsurface	4/22/2010	11:10	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 25 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T1TP3-SS1	Area 2	3	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/22/2010	13:25	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2 ft-south of starting point adjacent to fill material.
T1TP3-SS2	Area 2	3	9.5-10	Soil - Subsurface	4/22/2010	14:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 5 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T25TP9-SS1	Area 2	3	9,5-10	Soil - Subsurface	4/22/2010	14:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of TITP3-SS2.
Transect 2					 -			
T2TP1-SS1	Area 2	1	4-4.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/21/2010	10:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavaient Chromium, Moisture	Collected 16.5 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T2TP2-SS2	Area 2	2	7.5-8	Soil - Subsurface	4/21/2010	11:40	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2 ft north of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T2TP2-S53	Area 2	2	6.5-7	Soil - Subsurface	4/21/2010	14:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 6 ft north of brick/rock area from bottom of excavation after its collapse.
T2TP2-SS4	Агеа 2	2	0-1	Soil - Surface	4/22/2010	15:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 5 ft south of the endpoint adjacent to fill material.
Transect 3								
T3TP1-SS1	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/26/2010	8:20	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 3 ft south of starting point adjacent to fill material.
T25TP9-SS2	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/26/2010	8:20	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of T3TP1-SS1.

TABLE 2 Test Excavation Data Summary Sample Summary Raritan Bay Stag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Test Excavation	Sample Depth		·			
Sample Name	Area	Number	(ft bgs)	Sample Matrix	Date	Time	Analysis	Notes
T3TP1-SS2	Area 1	1	4-4.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/26/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 20 ft south of starting point just below observed fill-native material interface.
T3TP1-SS3	Area 1	1	7.5-8	Soil - Subsurface	4/26/2010	9:30	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 33 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
Transect 4								
T4TP1-SS1	Area 1	11	0-2	Soîl - Surface	4/26/2010	11:30	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 21 ft south of starting point adjacent to fill material.
T4TP1-SS2	Area 1	. 1	8-8.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/26/2010	11:45	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Molsture	Collected 15 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T4TP2-SS1	Area 4	2	0-2	Soil - Surface	5/3/2010	10:40	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 3 ft south of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
T4TP2-SS2	Area 4	2	5-6	Soil - Subsurface	5/3/2010	10:45	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 4 ft south of starting point from sidewall just above water table. No visual observation of slag. MS/MSD collected here.
Transect 5				·				T
T5TP1-SS1	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/29/2010	14:50	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 4 It south of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
T5TP1-SS2	Area 1	1	6-7	Soil - Subsurface	4/29/2010	14:55	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 10 ft south of starting point from sidewall just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
Transect 6								
T6TP1-SS1	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/27/2010	10:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 13.5 ft south of starting point adjacent to fill material.
T6TP1-SS2	Area 1	1	4-4.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/27/2010	10:05	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 13 ft south of starting point where transition from fill material to native soil was observed. MS/MSD collected here.
T6TP2-SS1	Area 4	2	1-2	Soil - Subsurface	5/3/2010	13:45	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2 ft south of starting point - Representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).

TABLE 2
Test Excavation Data Summary
Sample Summary
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	Test Excavation	Sample Depth	1		T		I
Sample Name	Area	Number	(ft bgs)	Sample Matrix	Date	Time	Analysis	Notes
Daniple Ivanie	Alea	Ivanibei	(It Ogo)	Janipie Maux	Date	Time		Tvotes
							VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	
T25TP9-SS5	Area 4		1-2	Soil - Subsurface	r (2 (222	12.45	Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	D -U-4 CTCTVD CC1
1251179-353	Area 4	2	1-2	5011 - Subsurface	5/3/2010	13:45	Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of T6TP2-SS1.
1		}		}		1	}	
1			ľ	·				Collected 4 ft south of starting point. Bottom of
								excavation/water table at 10 ft bgs; due to
	1						VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	excavation collapse the sample was collected.
						į .	Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	from the slightly moist to very moist interval.
T6TP2-SS2	Area 4	2	4-5	Soil - Subsurface	5/3/2010	13:50	Chromium, Moisture	No visual observation of slag.
Transect 7								
}						1	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	}
						1	Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	Collected 5 ft south of starting point adjacent to
T7TP1-SS1	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/28/2010	15:00	Chromium, Moisture	fill material.
1	1	•						
1								Collected 10 ft south of starting point. Bottom
						ŀ	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	of excavation/water table at 10 ft bgs; due to excavation collapse the sample was collected
							Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	from the slightly moist to very moist interval.
T7TP1-SS2	Area 1	1	4-5	Soil - Subsurface	4/28/2010	15:15	Chromium, Moisture	No visual observation of slag.
					1, 20, 2020			
							VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	
T25TP9-SS3	Area 1	1	4-5	Soil - Subsurface	4/28/2010	15:15	Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of T7TP1-SS2.
Transect 8	7HCu 1	<u> </u>	1.0	DON - BUDSUITUCE	4/20/2010	15.15	Caronitan, Moistare	Deprese of 17 17 1 (c.s.)
	1		1	I				T
	1							
						į.		Collected 20 ft south of starting point. Bottom
	i					İ		of excavation/water table at 8 ft bgs; due to
	1						VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	excavation collapse the sample was collected
		-					Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	from the slightly moist to very moist interval on
T8TP1-SS1	Area 1	11	5-6	Soil - Subsurface	4/27/2010	14:45	Chromium, Moisture	the sidewall. No visual observation of slag.
							VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	
							Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	
T8TP2-SS1	Area 4	2	0-2	Soil - Surface	5/4/2010	8:15	Cluomium, Moisture	Collected adjacent to fill material.
						1	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	
1			·				Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	Sample collected from north sidewall. No
T8TP2-SS2	Area 4	2	7-9	Soil - Subsurface	5/4/2010	8:30	Chromium, Moisture	visual observation of slag.
	1						VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	
i	[İ					Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	Collected 4 ft east of starting point adjacent to
T8TP3-SS1	Area 4	3	2-2.5	Soil - Subsurface	5/4/2010	11:00	Chromium, Moisture	SLAG material.
							VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs,	
				.			Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent	Collected 1 It south of starting point below
T8TP3-SS2	Area 4	3	4-4.5	Soil - Subsurface	5/4/2010	11:15	Chromium, Moisture	SLAG materal.
10110002	12041	<u> </u>		Sabbarrace	2/ 4/ 5010	11.10	L. State Officery 2 Torontonic	

TABLE 2
Test Excavation Data Summary
Sample Summary
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Test Excavation	Sample Depth					
Sample Name	Area	Number	(ft bgs)	Sample Matrix	Date	Time	Analysis	Notes
Transect 9				·······				
T9TP1-551	Area 1	1	5-5.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/28/2010	10:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 21.5 ft south of starting point from interval immediately below SLAG material.
T9TP2-SS1	Area 4	2	1-2	Soil - Subsurface	4/28/2010	11:45	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC., pH, grain size	Collected 16 ft south of starting point from interval immediately below SLAG material.
T9TP2-SS2	Area 1	2	0.5 to 1.25	Soil - Surface	4/28/2010	12:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisturc	Collected 1 ft south of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
Transect 10	,	'						
T10TP1-SS1	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/30/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 21.5 ft south of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
T10TP1-SS2	Area 1	1	4-5	Soil - Subsurface	4/30/2010	9:30	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 34 ft south of starting point from interval immediately below SLAG material.
T25TP9-SS4	Area 1	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/30/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of TRITP1-581.
Transect 11				r				
T11TP1-SS1	Area 4	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/29/2010	10:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2 ft south of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
T11TP1-SS2	Area 4	1 _	5.5-6	Soil - Subsurface	4/29/2010	10:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 17 ft south of starting point from interval immediately below SLAG material.
T11TP2-5S1	Агеа 4	2	0-2	Soil - Sorface	5/4/2010	14:50	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2 ft south of starting point; representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/slag).
T11TP2-SS2 .	Area 4	2	5- 6	Soil - Subsurface	5/4/2010	15:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 4 ft south of starting point along north wall below SLAG material. MS/MSD collected here.
T11TP3-SS1	Area 4	3	0-2,5	Soil - Surface	5/5/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 4 ft west of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of slag).
T25TP9-SS6	Area 4	3	0-2.5	Soil - Surface	5/5/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Duplicate of T11TP3-SS1.

TABLE 2
Test Excavation Data Summary Sample Summary Raritan Bay Stag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

Sample Name	Area	Test Excavation Number	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Matrix	Date	Time	Analysis	Notes
T11TP3-SS2	Area 4	3	5.5-6	Soil - Subsurface	5/5/2010	9:10	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 9 ft west of starting point from interval immediately below SLAG material at bottom of excavation.
T11TP4-5S1	Area 4	4	0-2	Soil - Surface	5/5/2010	11:20	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 2 ft west of starting point - representative surface soil sample (no indication of fill/siag). MS/MSD collected here.
T11TP5-SS2	Area 4	5	7-7.5	Soil - Subsurface	5/5/2010	13:10	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 4 ft south of starting point from bottom of excavation. No visual observation of slag.
Transect 12								
T12TP1-SS1	Area 4	1	0-2	Soil - Surface	4/23/2010	9:00	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 3 ft west of starting point adjacent to fill material.
T12TP1-\$\$2	Area 4	1	9.5-10	Soil - Subsurface	4/23/2010	9:30	VOCs, TAL Metais, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 5 ft west of starting point from bottom of excavation just above water table. No visual observation of slag.
T12TP2-SS1	Area 1	2	6.5-7	Soil - Subsurface	4/23/2010	10:15	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Molsture, TOC, pH, grain size	Collected 4 ft south of starting point adjacent to where fill (concrete chunk) was identified (Note that Transect 12 was the attempt to identify the sea wall).
T12TP3-SS1	Area 4	3	6-6.5	Soil - Subsurface	4/23/2010	13:40	VOCs, TAL Metals, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs, Hexavalent Chromium, Moisture	Collected 2J, ft north of starting point from sidewall (post-collapse of excavation). No visual observation of slag. MS/MSD collected here.

QA/QC - quality assurance/quality control

n/a - not applicable

ft - feet

bgs - below ground surface VOCs - volatile organic compounds

SVOCs - semivolatile organic compounds

TAL - Target Analyte List PCBs - polycholorinated biphenyls

TOC - total organic carbon

M5/MSD - matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

TABLE 3
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Screening Criteria
Raritan Bay Siag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

CAS Number	Chemical Name	NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard (NJRDCSRS) ¹	Soil and Sediment Screening Criteria
Inorganic A	Analytes (mg/kg)		
7429-90-5	Aluminum	78,000	78,000
7440-36-0	Antimony	31	31
7440-38-2	Arsenic	19 a	19
7440-39-3	Barium	16,000	16,000
7440-41-7	Beryllium	16	16
7440-43-9	Cadmium	78	78
7440-70-2	Calcium	NL	NL
7440-47-3	Chromium	120,000 b, 2	120,000
18540-29-9	Chromium (hexavalent)	240 c, 2	240
7440-48-4	Cobalt	1,600 a	1,600
7440-50-8	Copper	3,100	3,100
57-12-5	Cyanide	1,600	1,600
7439-89-6	Iron	NL	NL
7439-92-1	Lead	400	400
7439-95-4	Magnesium	NL NL	NL
7439-96-5	Manganese	11,000	11,000
7439-97-6	Mercury	23	23
7440-02-0	Nickel	1,600	1,600
7440-09-7	Potassium	NL	NL
7782-49-2	Selenium	390	390
7440-22-4	Silver	390	390
7440-23-5	Sodium	NL	NL.
7440-28-0	Thallium	5	5
7440-62-2	Vanadium	78	78
7440-66-6	Zinc	23,000	23,000
Volatile Or	ganic Compounds (μg/kg)		
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	290,000	290,000
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,000	1,000
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2,000	2,000
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	NL	NL
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	8,000	8,000
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	11,000	11,000
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	NL	NL_
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	73,000	73,000
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	80	80
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	8	8
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5,300,000	5,300,000
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	900	900
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	2,000	2,000
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5,300,000	5,300,000

TABLE 3
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Screening Criteria
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

CAS Number	Chemical Name	NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard (NJRDCSRS) ¹	Soil and Sediment Screening Criteria
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5,000	5,000
78-93-3	2-Butanone	3,100,000	3,100,000
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	NL	NL NL
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	NL	NL_
67-64-1	Acetone	70,000,000	70,000,000
71-43-2	Benzene	2,000	2,000
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	NL NL	NL NL
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1,000	1,000
75-25-2	Bromoform	81,000	81,000
74-83-9	Bromomethane	25,000	25,000
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	7,800,000	7,800,000
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	600	600
123-91-1	1-4 Dioxane	NL NL	NL NL
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	510,000	510,000
75-00-3	Chloroethane	220,000	220,000
67-66-3	Chloroform	600	600
74-87-3	Chloromethane	4,000	4,000
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	230,000	230,000
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	NL NL	NL NL
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	NL 2.000	NL 0.000
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	3,000	3,000
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	490,000	490,000
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	7,800,000	7,800,000
98-82-8	Isopropyibenzene	NL 70,000,000	NL
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	78,000,000	78,000,000
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	110,000 NL	110,000
108-87-2 75-09-2	Methylcyclohexane Methylene Chloride	34,000	NL
100-42-5	Styrene	90,000	34,000 90,000
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	2,000	2,000
108-88-3	Toluene	6,300,000	6,300,000
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	300,000	300,000
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	300,000 NL	NL
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	7,000	7,000
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	23,000,000	23,000,000
75-03-4	Vinyl Chloride	700	700
1330-20-7	Xylenes (Total)	12,000,000 d	12,000,000
	ile Organic Compounds (µg/kg)	.2,000,000 4	12,000,000
92-52-4	1,1'-Biphenyl	3,100,000	3,100,000
95-94-3	1,2,4,5-Tetrachiorobenzene	NL NL	NL
108-60-1	2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane)	23,000	23,000

TABLE 3
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Screening Criteria
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

CAS Number	Chemical Name	NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard (NJRDCSRS) ¹	Soil and Sediment Screening Criteria
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	6,100,000	6,100,000
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	19,000	19,000
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	180,000	180,000
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	1,200,000	1,200,000
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	120,000	120,000
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	700	700
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	700	700
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	NL	NL
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	310,000	310,000
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	230,000	230,000
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	310,000	310,000
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	39,000	39,000
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	NL	NL
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	1,000	1,000
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	NL	NL
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	6,000	6,000
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NL	NL
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	NL	NL
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	NL	NL
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	NL	NL NL
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	31,000	31,000
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	NL	NL
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	NL NL	NL
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	3,400,000	3,400,000
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	NL	NL_
98-86-2	Acetophenone	2,000	2,000
120-12-7	Anthracene	17,000,000	17,000,000
1912-24-9	Atrazine	210,000	210,000
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	6,100,000	6,100,000
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	600	600
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	200	200
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	600	600
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	380,000,000	380,000,000
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6,000	6,000
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	NL	NL
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	400	400
117-81-7	bis-(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	, 35,000	35,000
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	1,200,000	1,200,000
105-60-2	Caprolactam	31,000,000	31,000,000
86-74-8	Carbazole	24,000	24,000
218-01-9	Chrysene	62,000	62,000

TABLE 3
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Screening Criteria
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

CAS Number	Chemical Name	NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard (NJRDCSRS) ¹	Soil and Sediment Screening Criteria
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	200	200
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	. NL	NL NL
84-66 - 2	Diethylphthalate	49,000,000	49,000,000
131-11-3	Dimethylphthalate	NL	NL
84-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	6,100,000	6,100,000
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	2,400,000	2,400,000
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	2,300,000	2,300,000
86-73-7	Fluorene	2,300,000	2,300,000
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	300	300
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	6,000	6,000
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	45,000	45,000
67-72-1	Hexachioroethane	35,000	35,000
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	600	600
78-59-1	Isophorone	510,000	510,000
91-20-3	Naphthalene	6,000	6,000
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	31,000	31,000
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	200	200
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	99,000	99,000
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	3,000	3,000
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	NL	<u>N</u> L
108-95-2	Phenol	18,000,000	18,000,000
129-00-0	Pyrene	1,700,000	1,700,000
	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (µg/kg)		
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	3,000	3,000
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	2,000	2,000
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	2,000	2,000
309-00-2	Aldrin	40	40
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	100	100
	alpha-Chlordane	200	200
	Aroclor-1016	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1221	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1232	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1242	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1248	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1254	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1260	200 e	200
	Aroclor-1262	200 е	200
	Aroclor-1268	200 e	200
319-85-7	beta-BHC	400	400
319-86-8	delta-BHC	400 f	400
60-57-1	Dieldrin	40	40

TABLE 3 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Screening Criteria Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

CAS Number	Chemical Name	NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard (NJRDCSRS) ¹	Soil and Sediment Screening Criteria
959-98-8	Endosulfan I	470,000	470,000
33213-65-9	Endosulfan II	470,000	470,000
1031-07-8	Endosulfan Sulfate	470,000	470,000
72-20-8	Endrin	23,000	23,000
7421-93-4	Endrin aldehyde	23,000 g	23,000
53494-70-5	Endrin ketone	23,000 g	23,000
58-89-9	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	400	400
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	200	200
76-44-8	Heptachlor	100	100
1024-57-3	Heptachlor epoxide	70	70
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	390,000	390,000
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	600	600

Source:

- 1 New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010
- 2 NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/. Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

µg/kg - microgram per kilogram

NL - not listed

- a based on natural background levels as noted in NJDEP criteria
- b value for trivalent chromium from NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (2)
- c value for hexavalent chromium from NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (2)
- d applied to m,p xylene and o-xylene
- e criteria for PCBs
- f criteria for beta-BHC
- g criteria for endrin

TABLE 4 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results — Volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T10TP1-SS1	T10TP1-SS2	T11TP1-SS1	T11TP1-SS2	T11TP2-S\$1	T11TP2-SS2	T11TP3-SS1	T11TP3-SS2	T11TP4-SS1	T11TP5-SS2
		CLP Number	B7PW7	B7PW8	B7PX5	B7PX6	MB7PX9	MB7PY0	MB7PY3	MB7PY4	MB7PY7	MB7PY8
		Location	T10-Test Pit1-Sample1	T10-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit1-Sample1	T11-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit2-Sample1	T11-Test Pit2-Sample2	T11-Test Pit3-Sample1	T11-Test Pit3-Sample2	T11-Test Pit4-Sample1	T11-Test Pit5-Sample
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04							
		Date	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	4/29/2010	4/29/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/5/2010	5/5/2010	5/5/2010
		Start Depth	0	4	0	5.5	0	5	0	5.5	. 0	7
		End Depth	2	5	2	6	2	6	2.5	6	2	7.5
		Depth Units	ft	ft	l #t	ft ft	ft	ft	ft	ft ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil		T								
OLATILE ORAGNIC COMPOUNDS												
1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	290000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 Ú	6 U
,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/kg	1000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 Ü	5,9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/kg	NL	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 Ú	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	2000	4.5 U	4.3 UJ	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,1-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	8000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 Ú
,1-Dichioroethene	μ <u>o</u> /kg	11000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5,7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	73000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2-Dibrorno-3-chloropropane	μg/kg	80	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2-Dibromoethane	μg/kg	8	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	900	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,2-Dichloropropane	μg/kg	2000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 Ü	5.8 U	6 U
,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
,4-Dioxane	μg/kg	NL	90 U	85 U	110 UJ	110 U	120 U	110 Ü	110 U	110 U	120 U	120 U
Butanone	μg/kg	3100000	9 U	8.5 U	11 U	11 U	12 Ü	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	12 U
-Hexanone	μg/kg	NL,	9 U	8.5 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 0	12 U	12 U
-Methyl-2-Pentanone	μg/kg	NL	9 U	8.5 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	12 U
cetone	μg/kg	70000000	9 U	8.5 U	11 U	11 U	12 Ü	11 U	11 U	11 U	34	12 U
Benzene	μg/kg	2000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5,9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
3romochloromethane	μg/kg	NL 1000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Bromodichloromethane Bromoform	μg/kg μg/kg	1000 81000	4.5 U 4.5 U	4,3 U 4,3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U 5,5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Bromomethane	μg/kg μg/kg	25000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U 5.7 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg μg/kg	7800000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5IU	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	
Carbon tetrachloride		600	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Chlorobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	510000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Chloroethane	μg/kg	220000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Chloroform	μg/kg μg/kg	600	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6IU	5.8 U	6 U
Chloromethane	μg/kg	4000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	230000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL	4.5 U	4.3 UJ	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	60
Cyclohexane	μg/kg	NL NL	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6IU	5.6(U	5.8 U	
Dibromochloromethane	μg/kg	3000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.50	5.9U	5.7 U	5.6U	5.6 U	5.8 U	60
Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/kg	490000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
thylbenzene	μg/kg	7800000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
sopropylbenzene	μg/kg	NL	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
n,p-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 Ú
Methyl Acetate	μg/kg	78000000	4.5 U	4.3 Ú	5.6 U	5.5 U	6.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
/ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	μg/kg	110000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
ethylcyclohexane	μg/kg	NL	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 Ú
tethylene chloride	μg/kg	34000	4.5 Ü	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	6.9 Ü	5,7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Styrene	μg/kg	90000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6U	5.8 U	6 U
etrachloroethene	µg/kg	2000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
oluene	μg/kg	6300000	4,5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	300000	4.5 Ü	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 Ü	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL,	4.5 U	4.3 UJ	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
Frichloroethene	μg/kg	7000	4.5 U	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
richlorofluoromethane	μg/kg	23000000	4.5 Ü	4.3 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.9 Ú	5,7 U	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U
/inyl Chloride	μg/kg	700	4,5 U	4.3 U	5.610	5.5 U	5.9 U	5,7 ∪	5.6 U	5.6 U	5.8 U	6 U

NOTES

"" in Location indicates Transect number
CLP - Contract Laboratory Program
RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria
and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.
http://www.stale.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010
µg/kg - microgram per kilogram
NL - nort listed
U - non-detect
J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 4
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results — Volatile Organic Compounds
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

			710701.001	7407774 0000					7,770,004		MOSTED DAY	T00TD0 000
		Sample Identification	T12TP1-SS1	T12TP1-SS2	T12TP2-SS1	T12TP3-\$\$1	T1TP1-SS1	T1TP2-SS2	T1TP3-SS1	T1TP3-SS2	125TP9-SS1	T25TP9-SS2
		CLP Number	B7PZ1	B7PZ2	B7PZ5	B7PZ6	B7PT5	B7PW0	B7PW3	B7PW4	B7PS8	B7PS9
		Location	T12-Test Pit1-Sample1	T12-Test Pit1-Sample2	T12-Test Pit2-Sample1	T12-Test Pit3-Sample1	T1-Test Pit1-Sample1	T1-Test Pit2-Sample2	T1-Test Pit3-Sample1	T1-Test Pit3-Sample2	T1-Test Pit3-Sample2	T3-Test Pit1-Sample1
		Area	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-04	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-01
		Date	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/26/2010
		Start Depth	0	9.5	6.5	6	8.5	9.5	0	9.5	9.5	0
		End Depth	2	10	7	6.5	9	10	2	10	10	2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	<u>ft</u>	ft	ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil						<u> </u>				
VOLATILE ORAGNIC COMPOUNDS											-1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	290000	6.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/kg	1000	5.8 U	5.7 Ü	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/kg	NL.	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 Ü	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 Ü	6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	2000	5.8 U	5.7 ⊔	5.5 U	5,5 U	6.3 U	6.1 UJ	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	8000	5.8 U	5.7 Ū	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	11000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	73000	5,8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	μg/kg	80	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dibromoethane	μg/kg	8	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 ∪	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μ g/k g	5300000	5.8 U	6.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 Ú	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	900	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6	5.6 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/kg	2000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 0	5.6 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μ g/kg	5300000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 0	5.6 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5,5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
1,4-Dioxane	μg/kg	NL	120 U	110 U	110 U	110 Ü	130 U	120 U	110 U	120 U	120 U	110 U
2-Butanone	μg/kg	3100000	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	13 U	12 U	11 U	12 U	12 U	11 U
2-Hexanone	μg/kg	NL	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	13 U	12 U	11 U	12 U	12 U	11 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	μg/kg	NL	12 U	11 U	11 U	1110	13 U	12 U	11 U	12 U	12 U	11 U
Acetone	μg/kg	70000000	12 Ü	11 U	11 U	11 U	33	12 U	11 U	76	38	11 U
Benzene	μg/kg	2000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 ⊔	6.1 U	5.5 U	6.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Bromochloromethane	μg/kg	. NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5,9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Bromodichloromethane	μg/kg	1000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6,3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Bromoform	μg/kg	81000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 Ü	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Bromomethane	μg/kg	25000	5.8 U	5,7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 ⊔	6 U	5.6 U
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg	7800000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6,3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/kg	600	5.8 U	5.7 Ū	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Chlorobenzene	μg/kg	510000	5.8 U	5,7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 Ü	6,1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Chloroethane	μg/kg	220000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6,3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Chloroform	μg/kg	600	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Chloromethane	µg/kg	4000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	230000	6.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	6.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 UJ	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Cyclohexane	μg/kg	NL NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Dibromochloromethane	μg/kg	3000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Olchlorodifluoromethane	μg/kg	490000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 Ú
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	7800000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
m,p-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Methyl Acetate	μg/kg	78000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	6.6 U	5.5 U	6,3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9U	6 U	5.6 U
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	μg/kg	110000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Methylcyclohexane	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Methylene chloride	μg/kg	34000	5.8 U	5.7 U	6.2	5.5 Ú	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.90	6U	5.6 U
o-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Styrene	μg/kg	90000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	2000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5.U	5.5U	6.3 U	6.1U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6U	5.6 U
Toluene	μg/kg μg/kg	6300000	5.8U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6lu	5,6 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		300000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U	6.1 U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U
trans-1,2-Dichloropropene	μg/kg		5.8U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5U		6.1 UJ	5.5 U	5.9 U	6U	5.6 U
Trichloroethene	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 7000	5.8U	5.7 U	5.5 U	5.5[U	6.3 U	6.1IUJ 6.1IU	5.5 U	5.9 U	6U	5.6 U
		2300000	5.8 U					6.1U	5.5 U	5.9 U	6U	5.6 U
Triphlaroflyaromathana												
Trichlorofluoromethane Virty! Chloride	μg/kg μg/kg	700	5.8 U	5.7 U 5.7 U	5.5 U 5.5 U	5.5 U 5.5 U	5.3 U 6.3 U	6.1 UJ	5.5 U	5.9 U	6 U	5.6 U

NOTES

**T* In Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria

and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

µg/kg - microgram per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDM

Final Test Excavation Data Summary Report

TABLE 4
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results — Volatile Organic Compounds
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T25TP9-SS3	T25TP9-SS4	T25TP9-SS5	T25TP9-SS6	T2TP1-SS1	T2TP2-SS2	T2TP2-SS3	T2TP2-SS4	T3TP1-SS1	T3TP1-SS2
		CLP Number	B7PT0	B7PT1	MB7PT2	MB7PT3	MB7PZ9	B7Q04	B7Q05	B7Q06	87Q07	B7Q08
		Location	T7-Test Plt1-Sample2	T10-Test Pit1-Sample1	T6-Test Pit2-Sample1	T11-Test Pit3-Sample1	T2-Test Pit1-Sample1	T2-Test Pit2-Sample2	T2-Test Pit2-Sample3	T2-Test Pit2-Sample4	T3-Test Pit1-Sample1	T3-Test Pit1-Sample2
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-01	Area-01
		Date	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	5/3/2010	5/5/2010	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/22/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010
		Start Depth	4	0	1	0	4	7.5	6.5	0	0	4
		End Depth	5	2	2	2.5	4.5	8	7	1	2	4.5
		Depth Units	<u> </u>	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil			<u> </u>							
VOLATILE ORAGNIC COMPOUNDS												
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	290000	5.5 ป	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 ⊔	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
1,1,2,2-Tetrachioroethane	μg/kg	1000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	6.7 U	6 U	6.3 Ü	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/kg	· NL	5.5	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	2000	5.5 U	5.7 UJ	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	8000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 Ü	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	11000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 ∪	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	73000	5.5 UJ	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 ∪	5.5 U	5,7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dibromo-3-chioropropane	μg/kg	80	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 Ü	5.5 Ú	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dibromoethane	μg/kg	8	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	900	5.5 U	5.7 Ü	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/kg	2000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5,7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 Ú	5.6 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,4-Dioxane	μg/kg	NL.	110 U	110 U	110 U	1100	110 U	110 U	120 U	110 U	110 U	110 U
2-Butanone	μg/kg	3100000	11 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	9.6 J	6.1 J	11 U	11.0	11 U
2-Hexanone	μg/kg	NL NL	11 0	11 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	110	1110	11 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	μg/kg	NL NL	11 U	11 U	110	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	110	11)U	11 U
Acetone	μg/kg	70000000	11 U	11 U	11 0	11 U	11 U	92	46	110	11 0	11 U
Benzene	μg/kg	2000	5.5 U	5,7 U	5.7 U	6.6 U	5.5 U	5,7 U	60	5,3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromochloromethane	μg/kg	NL,	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U		5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromodichloromethane	μg/kg	1000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U 6.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromoform	μg/kg	81000	5.5 Ū	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	60	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromomethane	μg/kg	25000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 Ü	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	60		5.6 U	5.6 U
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg μg/kg	7800000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U		6 U	5.3 U 6.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/kg	600	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U		5.7 U	6 U		5.6 U	5.6 UJ
Chlorobenzene	μg/kg	510000	5.5 U				5.5 U	5.7 U		5.3 U		
Chloroethane	μg/kg	220000		5.7 U	5.7 0	5.6 U	5.5 Ü	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	5.6 U
Chloroform		600	5.5 U 5.5 U	6.7 U	5.7 U 5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U		5.6 U
Chloromethane	μg/kg	4000		5.7 U		5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U		5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg		5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5,6 U
	μg/kg	230000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U		5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
cis-1,3-Dichtoropropene	μg/kg	NL NL	5.5 U	5.7 UJ	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
Cyclohexane	μg/kg	NL 2000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Dibromochloromethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/kg	3000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
	μg/kg	490000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5,6 U	6.5 U	5,7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	7800000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	NL 4000000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	6.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
m,p-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 Ü	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6U	5.6 U
Methyl Acetate	μg/kg	78000000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	μg/kg	110000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
Methylcyclohexane	μg/kg	NL.	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	6.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Methylene chloride	μg/kg	· 34000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 Ü	5.6 UJ
o-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Styrene	μg/kg	90000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.6 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	2000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 ∐	5.6 U	5.6 U
Toluena	μg/kg	6300000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 Ü	5.6 UJ	5.5 Ü	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	300000	5.5 U	5.7 Ū	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 Ú	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U_	5.6 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL	5.5 U	5.7 UJ	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 ÜJ
Trichloroethene	μg/kg	7000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 UJ	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	μg/kg	23000000	5.5 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 0	6 U	5.3 U	5.6 U	5.6 UJ
Vinyl Chloride	μg/kg	700	5.5 Ü	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.6 U	5.5 U	5.7 U	6 U	5.3 Ú	5.6 U	5.6 U
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1-				J17		1	1-

NOTES

T' in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria
and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.stale.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

µg/kg - microgram per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded qualify control criteria

CDM

Final Test Excavation Data Summary Report

TABLE 4 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results — Volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T3TP1-SS3	T4TP1-SS1	T4TP1-SS2	T4TP2-SS1	T4TP2-SS2	T5TP1-SS1	T5TP1-SS2	T6TP1-SS1	T6TP1-SS2	T6TP2-SS1
		CLP Number	B7Q09	B7Q15	B7Q16	MB7Q19	MB7Q20	B7Q23	B7Q24	B7Q31	B7Q32	MB7Q35
		Location	T3-Test Pit1-Sample3	T4-Test Pit1-Sample1	T4-Test Pit1-Sample2	T4-Test Pit2-Sample1	T4-Test Pit2-Sample2	T5-Test Pit1-Sample1	T5-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit1-Sample1	T6-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit2-Sample1
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04
		Date	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	4/29/2010	4/29/2010	4/27/2010	4/27/2010	5/3/2010
		Start Depth	7.5	0	8	0	5	0	6		4	1
		End Depth	8	2	8.5	2	6	2	7		4.5	2
		Depth Units	ft	- ft	ft	n n	ň	- n	i i		ft	ft
chemical name	result unit							<u> </u>				<u> </u>
VOLATILE ORAGNIC COMPOUNDS		7.00 1.01 1.00 0.110 0.011			L							
1,1,1-Trichioroethane	μg/kg	290000	5.8U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/kg	1000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5,6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,1,2-Trichioro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1.1.2-Trichlorcethane	μg/kg	2000	5.8 UJ	5.7 UJ	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 UJ	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1.1-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	8000	5.8 Ų	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5,8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,1-Dichloraethene	μg/kg	11000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5,4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2,4-Trichiorobenzene	μg/kg	73000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6IU	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 ÜJ	5.6 U
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	μg/kg	80	5.8 U	5.7 Ü	5.7 U	5,4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1.2-Dibromoethane	μg/kg	8	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6,1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/kg	900	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8U	5.6 U	5.8 U
1,2-Dichloropropane		2000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 Ú	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,3-Dichloropropane	μg/kg	5300000	5.8 U	5.7 U			6.1 U		6.2 U	5.8U	5.6 U	5.6 U
	μg/kg μα/ko	5000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U 5.7 U	5.4 U 5.4 U		5,6 U 5,6 U	6.2 U	5.8U	5.6 U	5.6 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg						6.1 U				110 U	110 U
1,4-Dioxane	μg/kg	NL 0400000	120 U	110 U	110 U	110 Ü	120 U	110 U	120 U	120 U	11 U	1100 1110
2-Butanone	μg/kg	3100000	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U	12 U	12 U 12 U	11 0	11 U
2-Hexanone	μg/kg	NL .	12.U	11 U	11 U	11 0	12 U	11 U	12 U		11 0	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	μg/kg	NL 7000000	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U	12 U	12 U	11 0	11 U
Acetone	μg/kg	70000000	12 U 5.8 U	11 U	11 U	10 J	12 U	11 U	12 U 6.2 U	12 U 5,8 U	5.6 U	11 U 5.6 U
Benzene	μg/kg	2000		5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U			5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromochloromethane	μg/kg	NL 4000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Bromodichloromethane	μg/kg	1000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6U	5.6U
Bromoform	μg/kg	81000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U		5.6 U	
Bromomethane	μg/kg	25000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U 5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg	7800000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U		5.6 U	5.6U
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/kg	600	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Chiorobenzene	μg/kg	510000	5.8 U	6.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U 5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Chloroethane	μg/kg	220000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	
Chloroform	μg/kg	600	5.8 U	5.7 U	6.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U 5.6 U
Chloromethane	μg/kg	4000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 Ü	5.6 U	6.2 U			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	230000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 Ü	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL NL	5.8 UJ	5.7 UJ	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 UJ	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Cyclohexane	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Dibromochloromethane	ug/kg	3000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Dichlorodifluoromethana	μg/kg	490000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5,4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 Ü	5.6	5.6 U
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	7800000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	NL	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
m,p-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 0	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6(U	5.6 U
Methyl Acetate	μg/kg	78000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5,7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5,8 U	5.6 U	5,6 U
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	μg/kg	110000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Methylcyclohexane	μg/kg	NL,	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Methylene chloride	μg/kg	34000	5.8 U	5.7 ∪	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5,6 U
o-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 Ü	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 Ü
Styrene	μg/kg	90000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	2000	5.8 U	5.7\U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 Ü	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Toluene	μg/kg	6300000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	300000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL NL	5.8 UJ	5.7 UJ	5.7 Ü	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 UJ	6.2 UJ	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
Trichloroethene	μg/kg	7000	5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	5.6 U	6.2 U	5.8 U	5.6 U	5.6 U
				l · ·	l			5.6 UJ	1 0.011	5.8 U	5,6 U	5.6 U
Trichlorefluoromethane	μg/kg	23000000	5.8 Ü 5.8 U	5.7 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	6.1 U	9.6[01	6.2 U 6.2 UJ	5.8 UJ	5.6 U	5.6 U

NOTES
'T' In Location indicates Transect number
CLP - Contract Laboratory Program
RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria
and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.
http://www.stale.nj.us/dep/srp/guidence/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010
µg/kg - microgram per kilogram
NL - not listed
U - non-detect
J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 4
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results — Volatile Organic Compounds
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T6TP2-SS2	T7TP1-SS1	T7TP1-SS2	T8TP1-SS1	T8TP2-SS1	T8TP2-SS2	T8TP3-SS1	T8TP3-SS2	T9TP1-SS1	T9TP2-SS1	T9TP2-SS2
		CLP Number	MB7Q36	B7Q43	B7Q44	B7Q51	MB7Q56	MB7Q56	MB7Q59	MB7Q60	B7Q63	B7Q67	B7Q68
		Location	T6-Test Pit2-Sample2	T7-Test Pit1-Sample1	T7-Test Pit1-Sample2	T8-Test Pit1-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample2	T8-Test Pit3-Sample1	T8-Test Pit3-Sample2	T9-Test Pit1-Sample1	T9-Test Pit2-Sample1	T9-Test Pit2-Sample2
		Area	Area-04	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-04	Area-01
		Date	5/3/2010	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	4/27/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	4/27/2010	4/28/2010	4/28/2010
			4	4/26/2010	4/20/2010	4/2/12010 5	0	7	2	J-412010	5	1	0
		Start Depth	•		· ·	_	-	9	2.5	4.5	1 -	2	1,25
		End Depth	5	2	5	6	2	ft	2.5	4.5	5.5	4	ft
		Depth Units RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	π	π	п	π	π	
chemical_name VOLATILE ORAGNIC COMPOUNDS	result_unit	T KBS-NJKUCSKS-SOII							L	L			
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	lua/ka	290000	5.3 U	E alu	5.7 U	5.4 U	E 3/11	5.910	5.5 U	5.5 Ú	5,3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
	μg/kg	1000		5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/kg		5.3 U	5.4 U		5.4 U	5.3 U			5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8IU	5.5 U
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/kg	NL NL	5.3 Ü	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U 5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 UJ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/kg	2000 8000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U		5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U		5.8 U	5.5 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/kg		5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5,4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U			5.3 U	5.8U	5,5 U
1,1-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	11000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5,7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	6.3 U		5.5 U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL.	5.3 U	5,4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 UJ
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/kg	73000	5.3 U	5.4 UJ	5.7 UJ	5.4 UJ	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 Ü	5.5 U	5.3 UJ	5.8 UJ	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chioropropane	μg/kg	80	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5,3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,2-Dibromoethane	μg/kg	8	5.3 U	5,4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	6.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	5.3 U	5.4 Ú	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/kg	900	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/kg	2000	5,3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 Ú	5.9 U	5.5 Ú	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/kg	5300000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzeлв	μg/kg	5000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5,5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
1,4-Dioxane	μg/kg	NL	110 U	120 U	110 U	110 U	110 U	120 Ü	110 U				
2-Butanone	μg/kg	3100000	11 U	12 Ú	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U				
2-Hexanone	μg/kg	NL	11 U	11 U	11 0	11 U	11 U	12 j U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	μg/kg	NL	11 U	12 U	11 U	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U				
Acetone	μg/kg	70000000	11 U	12 U	11	11 U	11 U	12 U	11 U				
Benzene	μg/kg	2000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Bromochloromethane	μg/kg	NL	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 ∪	5.3 U	5.9U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5(U
Bromodichloromethane	μg/kg	1000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5,4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Bromoform	μg/kg	81000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Bromomethane	μg/kg	25000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg	7800000	5,3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/kg	600	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 Ü	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5,5 U
Chlorobenzene	μg/kg	510000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 Ü	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Chloroethane	μg/kg	220000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Chloroform	μg/kg	600	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	6.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5,5 U
Chloromethane	μg/kg	4000	5.3 U	5.4 Ü	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	230000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 ∪	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 UJ
Cyclohexane	μg/kg	NL	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Dibromochloromethane	μg/kg	3000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Dichlorodifluoromethane	μg/kg	490000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	7800000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	NL	5,3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
m,p-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Methyl Acetate	μg/kg	78000000	5,3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	6.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	μg/kg	110000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Methylcyclohexane	μg/kg	NL	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Methylene chloride	μg/kg	34000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 Ü	5.8 U	6.5 U
o-Xylene	μg/kg	12000000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Styrene	μg/kg	90000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 Ú	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	2000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Toluene	μg/kg	6300000	5.3 Ŭ	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5,8 U	5.5 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/kg	300000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/kg	NL	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 UJ
Trichloroethene	μg/kg	7000	5.3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 Ü	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Trichlorofluoromethane	µg/kg	23000000	5,3 U	5.4 U	5.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
Vinyl Chloride	μg/kg	700	5.3 U	5.4 U	6.7 U	5.4 U	5.3 U	5.9 U	5.5 U	5.5 U	5.3 U	5.8 U	5.5 U
viriyi Gillorida	Trawa	1 100	9.010	1 3.70	1 0,710	0.40	1 0.010	0.5 0		1 0.010	9.010	1	

NOTES

T* in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Scii - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health 9ased Criteria and Scil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.
http://www.stale.nj.us/dep/srp/guldance/rs/. Last accessed May 26, 2010
µgfkg - microgram per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDM

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T10TP1-SS B7PW7 T10-Test Pit1-Sa Area-01 4/28/2010 0 2 ft	ample1	T10TP1-S B7PW& T10-Test Pit1-S Area-01 4/30/201 4 5	3 Sample2 I	T11TP1-S B7PX5 T11-Test Pit1-S Area-04 4/29/201 0 2 ft	Sample1	T11TP1-5 B7PX6 T11-Test Pit1-5 Area-0- 4/29/20' 5,5 6 ft	5 Sample2 4	T11TP2-S MB7PX T11-Test Pil2-S Area-04 5/4/201i 0 2	(9 Sample1 4
chemical name	บกits	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil										
chemical_name SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU			L		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
1,1'-Biphenyl	μg/kg	3100000	190 (4.1		190		190		200	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6100000	190 L 190 L		190 190		190 190		190 190		200 200	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg	19000	190 (190		190		190	-	200	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg	180000	190 L		190		190		190		200	
2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	1200000 120000	37 L 68 L		37 68		37 69	U	36 67		39 72	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg	700	37 L		44		37	,	36		39	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg	700	190 L		60		190		190		200	
2-Chloronaphthalene	μg/kg	NL.	37 L		4.4		37		36		39	
2-Chlorophenol 2-Methyinaphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 230000	190 t		190 190		190 190		190 190		200 200	1
2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000	3.7 t		3.7		2.1		3.6		3.9	
2-Methylphenol	μg/kg	310000	190		190	U	190		190		200	
2-Nitroaniline 2-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	39000 NL	370 U		9.2 190	J	370 190		360 190		390 200	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg μg/kg	1000	190 L		190		190		190		200	
3-Nitroaniline	μg/kg	NL NL	370 L		92	J	370		360	Ü	390	U
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	μg/kg	6000	160 L		160		160		150		170	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether 4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	190 L 190 L		190 190		190 190		190 190		200 200	
4-Chloroaniline	μg/kg	NL	190 L	j	190		190		190		200	U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	μg/kg	NL 24222	190 L		190		190		190		200	
4-Methylphenol 4-Nitroaniline	μg/kg ug/kg	31000 NL	190 L 370 L		190 370		190 370		190 360		200 390	1
4-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	370 L		43		370		360		390	
Acenaphthene	μg/kg	3400000	190 t	j	190		190		190		200	
Acenaphthene (SIM)	μg/kg	NL	3.7 L		3.7		3.7		3.6		3.9	
Acenaphthylene Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL. 17000000	190 U		190 3.7		190 3.7		190 3.6		200	
Acetophenone	μg/kg	2000	190 L		190		190		190		200	
Anthracene	μg/kg	17000000	190 L		190		190		190		200	.
Anthracene (SIM) Atrazine	μg/kg	3400000 210000	3.7 U		3.7 190		3.7 190	U II	3.6 190		2.3 200	
Benzaldehyde	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000	190 L		190		190		190		200	<u></u>
Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/kg	600	170 L	,	170	υ	170	Ü	170	U	180	
Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	3.7 L		3.7 37		3.7 37	Ü	3.6		18 39	
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	200 200	37 U		3,7		3.7	•	3.6		18	
Benzo(b) fluoranthene	μg/kg	600	170 U		170		170		170		180	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	4.1		3.2	J	2		3.6		22	
Benzo(g,h,i)perytene Benzo(g,h,i)perytene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	380000000 380000000	190 U	<u>'</u>	190 4	U	190 3.7		190 3.6		200 9.8	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	μg/kg	6000	190 U	, 	190	Ū	190		190		200	<u> </u>
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg	6000	1,9 J		1.7		3.7		3.6		12	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	μg/kg	NL 400	190 U		190 190		190 190		190 190		200 200	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	35000	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	μg/kg	23000	190 บ		190		190		190	Ú	200	U
Butylbenzylphthalate	μg/kg	1200000	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Caprolactam Carbazole	μg/kg μg/kg	31000000 24000	190 U		190 190		190 190		190 190		200 200	
Chlorophenols	μg/kg	NL NL	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Chrysene	μg/kg	62000	190 U		190		190		190		200	U
Chrysene (SIM) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	62000 200	3.7 U 37 U		3.7 37		3.7 37		3.6		17 39	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	200	3.7 U		3.7		3.7		3.6		4.7	
Dibenzofuran	μg/kg	NL,	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Diethylphthalate Dimethylphthalate	μg/kg	49000000 NL	190 U		190 18		190 190		190 190		200 200	
Di-N-Butylphthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6100000	190 U		18 8.5		190		170		180	
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	μg/kg	2400000	190 U		5.9	J	190	U	190	U	200	U
Fluoranthene Fluoranthene (SiM)	μg/kg ug/kg	2300000 2300000	190 U 2.7 J	'	190 1.9		190 2.1		190 3.6		32 29	
Fluorene (Silvi)	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000	2.7 J 190 U		1.9		190	•	190		29	4
Fluorene (SIM)	ug/kg	2300000	3.7 U		3.7		3.7		3.6		3.9	Ü
Hexachlorobenzene	μg/kg	300	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 45000	45 U		44 190		45 190		44 190		47 200	
Hexachloroethane	μg/kg	35000	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	μg/kg	600	170 U		170	U	170		170		180	υ
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) Isophorone	μg/kg μg/kg	600 510000	4.6 J 190 U		4.8 15		3.8		190		14 200	<u> </u>
Naphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	190 U		190		190		190		200	
Naphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	6000	3.7 U		1.8		3.6	J	3.6		3.9	U
Nitrobenzene	μg/kg	31000	190 U		190		190		190		200	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	μg/kg μg/kg	200 99000	77 U 190 U		16 190		78 190		76 190		81 200	
Pentachlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	3000	130 U		130		140		130		140	
Pentachlorophenol (SIM)	μg/kg	3000	7.5 R		7.4	R	7.5	R	7.4	R	7.9	
Phenanthrene	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	190 U 1.8 J	<u>'</u>	190 3.7		190		190 3.6		200 13	ľ
Phenanthrene (SIM)		INL	1.0[J		3.7	- 1			3.0	<u> </u>	13	igspace
Phenanthrene (SIM) Phenol		18000000	19011		190	U 1	1900	U T	198	υ	200	lu i
	μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	18000000 1700000 1700000	190 U		190 190		190 l		190 190		200 31	

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soll Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

[&]quot;T" in Location Indicates Transect number CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

hltp://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results — Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T11TP2-St MB7PY0 T11-Test Pit2-S Area-04 5/4/2010 6 6 ft	ample2	T11TP3-8 MB7PY T11-Test Pit3-1 Area-0-0 5/4/201 0 2.5	3 Sample1 I	T11TP3-SS MB7PY4 T11-Test Pit3-Sa Area-04 5/5/2010 5.5 6 ft		T11TP4-8 MB7PY T11-Test Pi4-4 Area-0 5/5/201 0 2 ft	7 Sample1 4	T11TP5-S MB7Py7 T11-Test Pit5-S Area-04 5/5/2010 7 7.5	78 Sample2 4
chemical name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil										
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU	NDS											1
1,1'-Biphenyl 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	3100000 NL	190 t		190 190		190 U		200 200		210 210	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg	6100000	190	<u> </u>	190	U	190 U	,	200	U	210	Ü
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	19000 180000	190 l		190 190		190 U		200 200		210 210	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	μg/kg	1200000	38 (37		37 U		38		40	
2,4-Dinitrophenol 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg	120000 700	70 l		68		68 U		70		74	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg μg/kg	700	190 (37 190	-	37 U 190 U		38 200		40 210	
2-Chloronaphthalene	μg/kg	NL.	38 (37		37 U		38		40	
2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylnaphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 230000	190 L		190 190		190 U		200 200		210 210	
2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000	3.8		3.7		3.7 U		3.8	Ü	4	
2-Methylphenol 2-Nitroaniline	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 39000	190 L 380 L		190 370	U	190 U 370 U		200 380		210 400	U
2-Nitrophenol	μg/kg	NL NL	190 L		190		190 U		200		210	Ü
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg	1000	190 L		190		190 U		200		21.0	Ü
3-Nitroaniline 4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6000	380 L 160 L		370 160		370 U 160 U		380 160		400 170	U U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL	190 L	J	190	U	190 U)	200	Ü	210	U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4-Chloroaniline	μg/kg	NL NL	190 L 190 L		190		190 U		200		210 210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	NL. NL	190 t		190 190		190 U		200 200		210 210	
4-Methylphenol	μg/kg	31000	190 L	{	190		190 U		200		210	U
4-Nitroaniline 4-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	380 t		370 370		370 U 370 U		380 380		400 400	U
Acenaphthene	μg/kg	3400000	190 L	J	190	U	190 U)	200	υ	210	U
Acenaphthene (SIM) Acenaphthylene	μg/kg	NL NL	3.8 L 190 L		3.7 190		3.7 U 190 U		3.8 200		210	U
Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	17000000	3.8 [1	3.7		3.7 U		3.8		4	U
	μg/kg	2000	190 U	1	190		190 U		200		210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	17000000 3400000	190 U		190 3.7		190 U		200° 3.8		210 4	
	μg/kg	210000	190 U		190		190 U		200		210	
	μg/kg	6100000	190 L		190		190 U		200		210	Ü
Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600 600	170 L 3.8 L		170 3.4		170 U 3.7 U		170 3.8		180 4	<u> </u>
Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/kg	200	38 C		37		37 U		38	Ū	40	
Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM) Benzo(b)fluoranthene	μg/kg μg/kg	200 600	3.8 L		7 170	i i	3.7 U 170 U		3.8 170		4 180	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	3.8 (, <u> </u>	6		1.8 J		3.8	Ü	4	Ü
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM)	μg/kg	380000000 380000000	190 U		190 5.4	U	190 U 3.7 U		200 3.8		210 4	
	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	190 L		190	Ü	3.7 U		200		210	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM)	μ g/kg	6000	3.8		3.7		1.1 J		3.8		4	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 400	190 U		190 190		190 U 190 U		200 200		210 210	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	μg/kg	35000	20 J		49	J	19 J		200	U	21	J
	μg/kg	23000 1200000	190 L		190 190		190 U		200 200		210 210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	31000000	190 L		190		190 U		200	U	210	
	μg/kg	24000	190 L		190		190 U		200		210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 62000	190 U		190 190		190 U		200		210 210	
Chrysene (SIM)	μg/kg	62000	3.8 U	j	4.5		3.7 U		3.8	U	4	
	μg/kg μg/kg	200 200	38 U		37 3.7		37 U 3.7 U		38 3.8		40	n)
	μg/kg	NL NL	190 U		190		190 U		200		210	
	μg/kg	49000000	190 U		190		190 U		200		210 210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6100000	190 U 170 U		190 170		190 U 170 U		200 170	-	180	
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	μg/kg	2400000	. 190 U		190	Ū	190 U		200	U	210	U
	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	190 U 2,4 J		190 4.6	U	190 U 2.5 J		200 3.8		210	U
	μg/kg	2300000	190 U		190	U	190 U		200		210	U
Fluorene (SIM)	μg/kg	2300000	3.8 U		3.7		3.7 U		3.8		4	
	μg/kg μg/kg	300 6000	190 U		190 44		190 U 44 U		200 46		210 48	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/kg	45000	190 U		190		190 U		200	1	210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	35000 600	190 U 170 U		190 170		190 U 170 U		200 170		210 180	
indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	3.8 U		5.4	U	3.7 U		3.8	υ	4	Ü
······································	μg/kg	510000 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	190 U		190 190		190 U 190 U		200 200		210 210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	3.8 U		3.7		3.7 U		3.8		4	
Nitrobenzene	μg/kg	31000	190 U	,	190	U	190 U		200	U	210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	200 99000	79 U 190 U		77 190		76 U 190 U		80 200		83 210	
Pentachlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	3000	140 U		130	U	130 U		140	U	140	U
	μg/kg	3000	7.6 R 190 U		7.5 190		7.4 R 190 U		7.7 200		8.1 210	
	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	190 U	' 	190		3.6 J		3.8		3.1	J
		18000000	190 U		190		190 U		200		210	U
	μg/kg μg/kg	1700000	190 U		190		190 U		200		210	

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

"T" in Location Indicates Transect number CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T12TP1-SS B7PZ1 T12-Test Pit1-Sa Area-04 4/23/2010 0 2 ft		T12TP1-SS2 B7PZ2 T12-Test Plt1-Sample2 Area-04 4/23/2010 9.5 10 ft	T12TP2-SS1 B7PZ5 T12-Test Pit2-Sample1 Area-01 4/23/2010 6.5 7 ft	T12TP3-SS1 B7PZ6 T12-Test Pil3-Sam Area-04 4/23/2010 6 6.5 ft	T1TP1-SS1 B7PT5 ple1 T1-Test Pit1-Sample1 Area-02 4/22/2010 8.5 9 f1
chemical name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil						
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU	NDS					l		
1,1'-Biphenyl 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	3100000 NL	200 U 200 U		190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg	6100000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	19000 180000	200 U 200 U		190 U 190 U	190 ป 190 ป	190 U	210 U 210 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	μg/kg	1200000	39 U		37 U	36 U	37 U	42 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	μg/kg	120000	71 U 39 U		69 U 37 U	67 U 36 U	68 U 37 U	77 U 42 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg μg/kg	700 700	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	μg/kg	NL	39 U		37 U	36 U	37 U	42 U
2-Chtorophenol 2-Methylnaphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 230000	200 U 200 U		190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	190 U	210 U 210 U
2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000	3.9 U		3.7 U	3.5 J	3.7 U	2 J
2-Methylphenol 2-Nitroaniline	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 39000	200 U 390 U		190 U 370 U	190 U 360 U	190 U 370 U	210 U 420 U
2-Nitrophenol	μg/kg	NL NL	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg	1000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
3-Nitroaniline 4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6000	390 U 160 U		370 U 160 U	360 U 150 U	370 U 160 U	420 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	μg/kg	NL	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4-Chloroaniline	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	200 U 200 U		190 U 190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 ປ	210 U
4-Methylphenol	μg/kg	31000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U 420 U
4-Nitroaniline 4-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	390 U 390 U		370 U 370 U	360 U	370 U 370 U	420 U
Acenaphthene	μg/kg	3400000	200 U		190 U	29 J	190 U	210 U
Acenaphthene (SIM) Acenaphthylene	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	3.9 U 200 U		3.7 U 190 U	30 190 U	3.7 U 190 U	210 U
Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg	17000000	3.9 U		3.7 U	3.6 U	3.7 U	4,2 U
Acetophenone Anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	2000 17000000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U
Anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	3400000	3.9 U		3.7 Ü	5.4	3.7 U	· 2.1 J
Atrazine	μg/kg	210000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U 210 U
Benzaldehyde Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 600	200 U 180 U	_	190 U 170 U	190 U 160 U	190 U 170 U	190 U
Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	3.9 U		3.7 U	_18 J	3.7 U	2.8 J
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	200 200	39 U 3.9 U		37 U 3.7 U	36 U 25 J	37 U 3.7 U	42 U 4.2 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	μg/kg	600	180 U		170 U	160 U	170 Ú	190 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SiM) Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/kg μg/kg	600 380000000	3.1 J 200 U	-	1.9 J 190 U	20 190 U	2,2 J 190 U	2.9 J 210 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM)	μg/kg	380000000	3.9 U		3.7 U	13	3.7 U	4.2 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	μg/kg	6000 6000	200 U 1.4 J		190 U 1.2 J	190 U 17	190 U 1.4 J	210 U 1.9 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM) Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	μg/kg μg/kg	NL BUUU	200 U		1.2 J 190 U	190 U	1.4 J	210 U
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	μg/kg	400	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U 210 U
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	μg/kg μg/kg	35000 23000	200 U 200 U		190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	650 190 U	210 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	μg/kg	1200000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Caprolactam Carbazole	μg/kg μg/kg	31000000 24000	200 U 200 U		190 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U
Chlorophenois	µg/kg µg/kg	NL	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Chrysene Chrysene (SIM)	μg/kg	62000	200 U		190 U	190 U 17 J	190 U 3.7 U	210 U 2.6 J
Chrysene (SIM) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	62000 200	1.9 J 39 U		3.7 U 37 U	17 J 36 U	3.7 U	42 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	200	3.9 U		3.7 U	6.7 J	3.7 ∪	4.2 U
Dibenzofuran Diethylphthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 49000000	200 U		190 U	23 J 190 U	190 U	210 U 210 U
Dimethylphthalate	μg/kg	NL	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Di-N-Butylphthalate Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 2400000	180 U 200 U		170 U 190 U	160 U 190 U	170 U 190 U	190 U 210 U
Fluoranthene	μg/kg	2300000	200 U		190 U	36 J	190 U	210 U
Fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg	2300000	2.3 J 200 U		3.7 U 190 U	36 190 U	3.7 U 190 U	16 210 U
Fluorene Fluorene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	3.9 U		3.7 U	21	3,7 U	3.9 J
Hexachlorobenzene	μg/kg	300	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 45000	47 U 200 U		45 U 190 U	44 U 190 U	44 U 190 U	51 U 210 U
Hexachloroethane	μg/kg	35000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600 600	180 ປ 3.9 ປ		170 U 3.7 U	160 U	170 U 3.7 U	190 U 4.2 U
Isaphorone	μg/kg	510000	200 ป		190 U	190 U	190 Ú	210 U
Naphthalene Naphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 6000	200 ป 3.9 ป		190 U 3.7 U	190 U 3.8	190 U 3,7 U	210 U 3 J
Nitrobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	31000	200 U		190 U	190 Ü	190 U	210 U
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	μg/kg	200	81 U		78 U	75 U	76 U	87 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine Pentachlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	99000 3000	200 U 140 U.	,	190 U 140 UJ	190 U 130 U	190 U 130 UJ	210 U 150 UJ
Pentachlorophenol (SIM)	μg/kg	3000	7.8 R		7.6 R	7.3 R	7.4 R	8.5 R
Phenanthrene Phenanthrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	200 U 3,9 U		190 U 3.7 U	26 J 28	190 U 3.7 U	210 U 3.3 J
Phenol	μg/kg μg/kg	18000000	200 U		190 U	190 U	190 U	210 U
Pyrene	μg/kg	1700000	200 U		190 U	43 J	190 U	210 U
Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	1700000	3.8 J		3.7 U	39	3.7 U	15

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP "T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soif Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results — Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T1TP2-SS2 B7PW0 T1-Test Pit2-Sar Area-02 4/22/2010 9.5 10 ft		T1TP3-SS* B7PW3 T1-Test Pit3-Sar Area-02 4/22/2010 0 2 ft	mple1	T1TP3-SS: B7PW4 T1-Test Pit3-San Area-02 4/22/2010 9.5 10 ft		T25TP9-S B7P9-S T1-Test Pit3-S Area-02 4/22/201 9.5 10	ample2	T25TP9-5 B7PS2 T3-Test Pit1-5 Area-0 4/26/20 0 2	9 Sample1
chemical name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, i							
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU		······································				<u>.</u>		i				
1,1'-Biphenyl 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	3100000 NL	210 U 210 U		190 U 190 U		200 U		200 200		190 190	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg	6100000	210 U		190 U	,	200 U		200	U	190	U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	19000 180000	210 U 210 U		190 U		200 U		200 200		190 190	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	μg/kg	1200000	40 U		37 U		39 U		40	Ü		r U
2,4-Dinitrophenol 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg μg/kg	120000 700	74 U 40 U		68 U 37 U		72 U 39 U		73 40		68 37	7 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg	700 NL	210 U		190 U		200 U		200		190	
2-Chloronaphthalene 2-Chlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	310000	40 U 210 U		37 U 190 U		39 U 200 U		40 200		3,7 190	
2-Methylnaphthalene 2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000 230000	210 U 4 U		190 U 3.7 U		200 U 3.9 U		200 4		190 4.9	
2-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	310000	210 U		190 U		200 U		200		190	
2-Nitroaniline 2-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	39000 NL	400 U		370 U 190 U		390 U 200 U		400 200		370 190	
3,3`-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg	1000	210 U		190 U	,	200 U		200	Ū	190	Ü
3-Nitroaniline 4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL. 6000	400 U 170 U		370 U 160 U		390 U 160 U		400 170		370 160	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	μg/kg	NL	210 U		190 ป		200 U		200	Ü	190	U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4-Chloroaniline	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	210 U 210 U	=	190 U 190 U		200 U		200 200		190 190	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	μg/kg	NL,	210 U		190 U		200 U		200	U	190	Ü
4-Methylphenol 4-Nitroaniline	μg/kg μg/kg	31000 NL	210 U 400 U		190 U 370 U		200 U 390 U		200 400		190 370	
4-Nitrophenol Acenaphthene	μg/kg	NL 3400000	400 U 210 U		370 U 190 U		390 U 200 U		400 200	U	370 190	U
Acenaphthene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL	4 U		3.7 U		3.9 U		4		4.7	
Acenaphthylene Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg	NL 17000000	210 U 4 U		190 U 3.7 U		200 U 3.9 U		200 4		190 6.1	U
Acetophenone	μg/kg μg/kg	2000	210 U		3.710 190 U		200 U		200		190	Ü
Anthracene Anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	17000000 3400000	210 U 4 U		190 U 3.7 U		200 U 3.9 U		200	U	190 7.5	
Atrazine	μg/kg μg/kg	210000	210 U		190 U		200 U		200	U	190	
Benzaldehyde Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 600	210 U 180 U		190 U 170 U		200 U 180 U		200 180	U U	190 35	
Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	7.4		3.7 U		4.1		4.7		44	
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene (SfM)	μg/kg μg/kg	200 200	40 U 9.1		37 U 3.7 U		39 U 8		40 6.7	U	35 55	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	μg/kg	600	180 U		170 U		180 U		180	Ü	36	J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM) Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/kg μg/kg	600 380000000	9.1 210 U		3.7 U 190 U		6.7 200 U		7.9 200		43	4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM)	μg/kg	380000000	5.3		3.7 U		6.3		7.3		35	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 6000	210 U 4.5	\dashv	190 U 3.7 U		200 U 4.3		200 4.5	<u> </u>	27 28	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	μg/kg	NL 400	210 U 210 U		190 U 190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200		190 190	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	35000	210 U	\dashv	610		200 U		200		190	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether Butylbenzylphthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	23000 1200000	210 U 210 U	=	190 U 190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200		190 190	
Caprolactam	μg/kg	3100000	210 U	\dashv	190 U		200 U		200		190	
Carbazole Chlorophenols	μg/kg μg/kg	24000 NL	210 U 210 U		190 U 190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200		190 190	
Chrysene	μg/kg	62000	210 U		190 U		200 U		200		39	J
Chrysene (SIM) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	62000 200	7 40 U	\dashv	3.7 U 37 U		4.2 39 U		4.7 40	U I	48 37	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	200	4 U		3.7 U		4.1 J		5.4	J	12	J
Dibenzofuran Diethylphthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	NL. 4900000	210 U 210 U		190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200		190 190	
Dimethylphthalate	μg/kg	NL	210 U	二	190 U		200 U		200	บ	190	U
Di-N-Butylphthalate Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 2400000	180 U 210 U	\dashv	170 U 190 U		180 U 200 U		180 200		170 190	
Fluoranthene	μg/kg	2300000	210 U	二	190 U		200 U		200		70	J
Fluoranthene (SIM) Fluorene	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	9.2 210 U	\dashv	3.7 Ū 190 U		5.7 200 U		6.4 200	u 	83 190	
Fluorene (SIM)	μg/kg	2300000	4 U	二	3.7 U		3.9 U	=	4	Ü	8.9	
Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/kg μg/kg	300 6000	210 U 49 U		190 U 44 U		200 U 47 U		200 48	U	190 45	U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane	μg/kg μg/kg	45000 35000	210 U 210 U	=	190 U 190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200		190 190	J
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	μg/kg	600	180 U		170 U		180 U		180		31	J
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SiM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600 510000	6.6 210 U	-	3.7 U 190 U		6.9 200 U		8.9 200	.	42 190	
Naphthalene	μg/kg	6000	210 U	二	190 U		200 U		200	U	190	U
Naphthalene (SIM) Nitrobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 31000	4 U 210 U		3.7 U 190 U		3.9 U 200 U		4 200		5.6 190	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	μg/kg	200	84 U		77 U		81 U		83	U I	77	U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine Pentachlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	99000 3000	210 U 150 U	\dashv	190 U		200 U 140 U	,	200 140		190 130	
Pentachlorophenol (SIM)	μg/kg	3000	8.2 R	$\equiv \pm$	7.4 R		7.9 R		8	R	7.5	R
Phenanthrene Phenanthrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	210 U 3.1 J	\dashv	190 U 3.7 U		200 U 3.4 J		200 3.4		57 71	
Phenol Pyrene	μg/kg	18000000 1700000	210 U 210 U	ightharpoons	190 U		200 U 200 U		200 200	υ	190 98	
	μg/kg											

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

Exceedences highlighted in blue.
RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

CDIM

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP "T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area	T25TP9-SS3 B7PT0 T7-Test Pit1-Sampl Area-01	T25TP9-1 B7PT' e2 T10-Test Pit1- Area-0	Sample1	T25TP9-SS5 MB7PT2 T6-Test Pit2-Sample1 Area-04	T25TP9-SS6 MB7PT3 T11-Test Pit3-San Area-04	MB7PZ9
		Date Start Depth	4/28/2010 4	4/30/20 0		5/3/2010 1	5/5/2010 0	4/21/2010 4
	.,	End Depth Depth Units	5 ft	2 ft		2 ft	2.5 ft	4.5 ft
chemical_name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil						
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU 1,1'-Biphenyl	NDS µg/kg	3100000	190 U	190	lu	190 U	190 U	190[U
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	μg/kg	NL	190 U	190	Ü	190 U	190 U	190 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 19000	190 U 190 U	190 190		190 U 190 U	190 U	190 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg	180000	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	1200000 120000	36 U 67 U	36		38 U 70 U	37 U 68 U	36 U 67 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg	700	36 U	36		38 U	37 U	36 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene 2-Chloronaphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	700 NL	190 U 36 U	190		190 U 38 U	190 U 37 U	190 U 36 U
2-Chlorophenol	μg/kg	310000	190 U	190	Ü	190 U	190 U	190 U
2-Methylnaphthalene 2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000 230000	190 U 3.6 U	190 3.6		190 U 6.2	190 U 3.7 U	190 U 3.6 U
2-Methylphenol	μg/kg μg/kg	310000	190 U	190	U :	190 U	190 U	190 U
2-Nitroaniline	μg/kg	39000	360 U	360	U	380 U	370 U	360 U
2-Nitrophenol 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 1000	190 U 190 U	190 190	U U	190 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U
3-Nitroaniline	μg/kg	NL	360 U	360	U	380 U	370 U	360 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 NL	150 U 190 U	150 190	U U	160 U 190 U	160 U 190 U	150 U 190 U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	μg/kg	NL	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
4-Chloroeniline 4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	190 U	190 190		190 U 190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U
4-Methylphenol	μg/kg	31000	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
4-Nitroaniline 4-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	360 U 360 U	360 360	U IJ	380 U 380 U	370 U 370 U	360 U
Acenaphthene	μg/kg μg/kg	3400000	190 U	190	Ų	190 U	190 U	190 U
Acenaphthene (SIM) Acenaphthylene	μg/kg	NL NL	3.6 U 190 U	3.6 190		2.7 J	3.7 U 190 U	3.6 U 190 U
Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	17000000	3.6 U	3.6		190 U 4.5	3.7 U	3.6 U
Acetophenone	μg/kg	2000	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
Anthracene Anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	17000000 3400000	190 U 3.6 U	190 3.6		190 U 4.5	190 U 3.7 U	190 U 3.6 U
Atrazine	μg/kg	210000	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
Benzaldehyde Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/kg μg/kg	6100000 600	190 U	190 170		190 U 19.J	190 U 170 U	190 U 160 U
Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	2.7 J	3.1	j	46 J	2.1 J	2.6 J
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	200	36 U 3.6 U	36	υ	21 J 52 J	37 U 3.8 U	36 U 3.6 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	μg/kg	600	160 U	170	U	170 U	170 U	160 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM) Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/kg μg/kg	600 380000000	4.1 190 U	6.7 190	ii -	43 190 U	6.5 190 U	3.6 J 190 U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM)	μg/kg	38000000	4.5	6.6	Ť	29 J	5.4	3.6 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	6000 6000	190 U 2.5 J	190 3.5		190 U 33 J	190 U 2.9 J	190 U 2.1 J
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	μg/kg	NL NL	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	μg/kg	400	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	μg/kg μg/kg	35000 23000	190 U 190 U	190 190		190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U
Butylbenzylphthalate Caprolactam	μg/kg	1200000	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
Carbazole	μg/kg μg/kg	31000000 24000	190 U 190 U	190 190		190 U 190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U
Chlorophenols	μg/kg	NL	190 U	190		190 U	190 U	190 U
Chrysene Chrysene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	62000 62000	190 U 2.9 J	190 3.7	<u> </u>	22 J 46 J	190 U 2.5 J	190 U 2,5 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg	200	36 U	36	U	38 U	37 U	36 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) Dibenzofuran	μg/kg μg/kg	200 NL	3.6 U 190 U	3.9 190	n 1	12 J 190 U	3.7 UJ 190 U	3.6 U 190 U
Diethylphthalate	μg/kg	49000000	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
Dimethylphthalate Di-N-Butylphthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6100000	190 U 160 U	190 170		190 U 170 U	190 U 170 U	190 U 160 U
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	μg/kg	2400000	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 Ü	190 U
Fluoranthene Fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	190 U 3.2 J	190 4.3	U	32 J 51	190 U 3.4 J	190 U 2.1 J
Fluorene	μg/kg	2300000	190 U	190	บ	190 U	190 U	190 U
Fluorene (SIM) Hexachlorobenzene	μg/kg	2300000 300	3.6 U 190 U	3.6		3.5 J 190 U	3,7 U 190 U	3.6 U 190 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	44 U	190 44		46 U	45 U	44 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane	μg/kg	45000 35000	190 U 190 U	190 190		190 U 190 U	190 U	190 U 190 U
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	μg/kg μg/kg	600	160 U	170		170 U	170 U	160 U
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	600	5.6 J	7.2		38 J	6.8	4.1
Isophorone Naphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	510000 6000	190 ປ 190 ປ	190 190		190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U
Naphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	6000	3.6 U	2	J	4.1 U	3.7 U	3.6 U
Nitrobenzene N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	μg/kg μg/kg	31000 200	190 U 75 U	190 76		190 U 79 U	190 U	190 U 76 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	μg/kg	99000	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
Pentachlorophenol Pentachlorophenol (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	3000 3000	130 U 7.3 R	130 7.4		140 U 7.7 R	130 U 7.5 R	130 UJ 7.4 R
Phenanthrene	μg/kg	NL	190 U	190	U	190 U	190 U	190 U
Phenanthrene (SIM) Phenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 18000000	2 J 190 U	2.3 190		28 J 190 U	2.6 J 190 U	3.6 U 190 U
Pyrene	μg/kg μg/kg	1700000	190 U	190		190 U 49 J	190 U	190 U
Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	1700000	5.6	7.8		65	5.5	4.4

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP "T" In Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

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Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

MERINALIZATION CONTINUES 180 150 1			Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T2TP2-SS2 B7Q04 T2-Test Pit2-San Area-02 4/21/2010 7.5 8 ft		T2TP2-S B7Q05 T2-Test Pit2-S Area-0; 4/21/20; 6.5 7 ft	ample3	T2TP2-S B7Q06 T2-Test Pit2-S Area-0: 4/22/20' 0 1 ft	i Sample4 2	T3TP1-S B7Q07 T3-Test Pit1-S Area-0 4/26/20 0 2 ft	r Sample1 1	T3TP1-8 B7Q0 T3-Test Pil1-4 Area-0 4/26/20 4 4.5	8 Sample2 11
EMBRYOLE ALL CONSIDER 1990 1900	chemical name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil						:				
1.5.5.5 Tender Introduction	SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOU	NDS						<u> </u>				,	
2.6.1 Freitroutered glob 1900 190												190 190	
25-00-complement 1994 199500 199	,4,5-Trichlorophenol		6100000	190 U		200	Ü	180	U	190	Ü	190) U
2.4. Distriction District D												190	
2-0-0-1												190	U U
22-5011 200 1 200		μg/kg					_		•				U
Zebronophrame 1979 No. 38 U 30 U 37 U 37 U 38 U 37 U 38 U 37 U 38 U 37 U 38 U	·											37 190	'U
Abbrightspringer Spring	<u>` </u>						_						U
Substity photomer (SNA) 1974 350000 3.8 U 2.7 U 1.0 U 1.0 U U U U U U U U U							_					190	
2-Methyphomory 1976 350000 1976 1 200 1 10												190 3.7	
25 Note protected 1969 1000 180 1 190 1	-Methylphenol	μg/kg		190 U							J	190	
13.3 Decisionandrine												370 190	
45.Delino-year-level per 248 2	,3`-Dichlarobenzidine			190 U				180				190	
ABDOTROPHEND									<u> </u>			370	
Accessor Activate												160 190	
Achtenprend Premylether 1979 NL 190 200 U 150 U	-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	μg/kg	NL	190 U		200	U	180	U	190	U	190	U
Abelitypelment												190 190	
AshRogolamora												190	
Abensphilmense		μg/kg		380 U								370	
Abenaphthysene (SM)												370 190	
Accesspheritysene (BM)	cenaphthene (SIM)		NL.	3.8 U		4	Ü	3.5	υ	3.7	U	3.7	Ü
Acadespherone 1909 2000 190 200 160 1 200 1 19									U			190 3.7	1
Anthracene (SiM)									U			190	
Altazzine sight 210000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 610000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 170 U 160 U 170 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 170 U 160 U 170 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 170 U 180 U 170 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 200 33 U 4 U 22 2 2 0 Benzalejaepinthracene sight 200 33 U 4 U 20 19 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 200 33 U 4 U 20 19 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 200 33 U 4 U 20 19 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 170 U 180 U 16 J 170 U Benzalejaepinthrace (SM) sight 600 170 U 180 U 180 U 180 U 180 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 3 J 2.7 J 22 23 Benzalejaepinthrace (SM) sight 600 3 J 2.7 J 22 2 23 Benzalejaepinthracene sight 380000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 190 U Benzalejaepinthracene sight 600 3 J 2.7 J 22 2 23 U 4 U 14 19 U 190												190	
Benzaldstyle		_										3.7 190	
Benzole particle present Benzole present B												190	
Benzoelpyrene Mg/Ng 200 38 U 40 U 18 U 37 U									J		U	170 4.3	Ú
Веласо/р\ Userathere Ug/Nq 600 170 U 180 U 181 U 170 U									J		U	37	U
Велехоф/Дириганене (SIM) уд/ку 600 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.3												7.1	
Benze(g.h.)perylene Juykg 380000000 39 20 200 190 200 190 200 190 200							_		J		<u>U</u>	170 8.7	U
Benze(Ni)tucranthere up/kg 6000 190 200 180 190	enzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/kg	380000000	190 U		200	U	180	Ü	190	U	190	
Benzo(A) Durranthene (SIM)									ii		11	6.6 190	
Baig(2-Ethythexyl) ether												5.2	<u> </u>
Bail Bail												190 190	
Bas-Chirorisopropyl ether μg/kg 23000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 200 U 200 U 190 U 200 U					-+							190	
Caprolactam µg/kg 31000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 22 L 190 U 200 U 191 U 25 C 22 L 22 L 190 U 200 U 191 U 25 C 22 L 22 L 190 U 200 U 3.8 U 40 U 3.5 U 3.7 U 3.7 U 3.7 U 3.7 U 3.7 U 3.8 U 40 U 3.5 U 3.7 U 3.8 U 40 U 3.6 U 40 U 3.9 U 3.8 U 40 U 3.6 U 40 U 3.9 U 3.8 U 40 U 3.6 U 40 U 3.0 U 40 U	is-Chloroisopropyl ether	μg/kg	23000	190 U		200	Ü	180	U			190	
Carbazole µg/kg 24000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 22 L 190 U 22 L 190 U 22 L 190 U 22 L 190 U 25 L 22 L 190 U 25 L 22 L 190 U 200 U 38 U 40 U 35 U 3 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 35 U 40 U 36 U 40 U 36 U 40 U 36 U 40 U 36 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U 40 U				1								190 190	
Chrysene μg/kg 62000 190 U 200 U 19 J 190 U Chrysene (SIM) μg/kg 62000 3.2 J 4 U 25 22 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene μg/kg 200 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 200 3.8 U 4 U 5.6 J 8.9 J Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Dibenzofuran μg/kg 49000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Dimetrylphthalate μg/kg 4900000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Di-N-Bulylphthalate μg/kg 610000 171 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Di-N-Bulylphthalate μg/kg 610000 171 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Di-N-Bulylphthalate μg/kg 2400000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Di-N-Bulylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U												190	
Chrysene (SIM) μg/kg 62000 3.2 J 4 U 2.5 2.2 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene μg/kg 200 3.8 U 40 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 200 3.8 U 40 U 5.5 J 8.9 J Dibenzofuran μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 49000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 170 U 180 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 170 U 180 U 180 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2400000 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2400000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J 22 J Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J 22 J Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 3.3 J 4 U 3.1 3.2 Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 3.3 J 4 U 3.1 3.2 Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 300 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 300 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 300 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 300 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 3.8 U 200 U 380 U 300 U 30					==							190 190	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene µg/kg 200 38 U 40 U 35 U 37 U Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) µg/kg 200 3.8 U 4 U 5.6 J 8.9 J Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) µg/kg 200 3.8 U 4 U 5.6 J 8.9 J Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) µg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate µg/kg 49000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Dimethylphthalate µg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Di-N-Bulylphthalate µg/kg 6100000 171 U 180 U 160 U 1710 U Di-N-Dclyl Phthalate µg/kg 2400000 190 U 200 U 160 U 1710 U Di-N-Dclyl Phthalate µg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J Fluoranthene µg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J Fluoranthene µg/kg 2300000 3.3 U 200 U 310 U 30 U Fluorene µg/kg 2300000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Hexachlorobenzene µg/kg 3300 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Hexachlorobutadlene µg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Hexachlorocotopanadlene µg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Hexachlorocotopanadlene µg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Hexachlorocotopanadlene µg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene µg/kg 600 4.1 4.1 4.1 17 25 Isophorone µg/kg 510000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene µg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene µg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene µg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene µg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene µg/kg 31000 7.7 N 8.1 R 7.7 K N-Nitrosodjhenylamine µg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.7 R Pentachlorophenol NI µg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.7 K Pentachlorophenol NI µg/kg NI NI 190									J		<u> </u>	5.7	U
Dibernzofuran μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 49000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2400000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 2300000 3.8 U 4 U 3.5 U 3.7 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 300 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 6000 46 U 48 U 42 U 45 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 45000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Diethylphthalate μg/kg 600 4.1 4.1 17 2.5 Diethylphylphthalate μg/kg 600 4.1 4.1 4.1 17 2.5 Diethylphylphylphylphylphylphylphylphylphylp	ibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg						35				37	
Diethylphthalate												3 190	U
Di-N-Bullylphthalate	iethylphthalate	μg/kg	49000000	190 U		200	U	180	Ū	190	U	190	U
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate												190 170	
Fluoranthene µg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 22 J 22 J 22 J Fluoranthene (SIM) µg/kg 2300000 3.3 J 4 U 31 32 32 32 33 33 34 U 31 32 33 32 33 33 33 33												190	
Fluorene Hg/kg 2300000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190	uoranthene	μg/kg							J		J	190	Ü
Fluorene (SIM)											U	5.8 190	U
Hexachlorobutadiene µg/kg 6000 46 U 48 U 42 U 45 U 45 U Hexachlorocyclopentadiene µg/kg 45000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U	luorene (SIM)	μg/kg	2300000	3.8 U		4	υ	3.5	Ū	3.7	U	3.7	U
Hexachlorocyclopentadlene μg/kg 45000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Hexachloroethane μg/kg 35000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene μg/kg 600 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Isophorone μg/kg 510000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene μg/kg 6000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Naphthalene (SIM) μg/kg 6000 3.8 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Nitrobenzene μg/kg 6000 3.8 U 4 U 1.7 J 3.4 J N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine μg/kg 200 79 U 83 U 73 U 77					\Box							190 44	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene Ig/kg 600 170 U 180 U 160 U 170 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) Ig/kg 600 4.1 4.1 17 25 Isophorone Ig/kg 510000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) Ig/kg 6000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) Ig/kg 6000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) Ig/kg 6000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene Ig/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) I	exachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/kg	45000	190 U		200	U	180	U	190	U	190	U
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SiM) Igg/kg 600 4.1 4.1 17 25 Isophorone					= =							190 170	
Sophorone							<u> </u>		- 		~ -	7.7	ľ
Naphthalene (SIM) μg/kg 6000 3.8 U 4 U 1.7 J 3.4 J Nitroberzene μg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine μg/kg 200 79 U 83 U 73 U 77 U N-Nitrosodiphenylamine μg/kg 99000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U Pentachlorophenol μg/kg 3000 140 UJ 140 UJ 130 UJ 130 UJ Pentachlorophenol (SIM) μg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.1 R 7.5 R Phenanthvene μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U	opharone	μg/kg										190	
Nitrobenzene μg/kg 31000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 180 U 190 U 180 U 190 U 180 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 190	·										J	190 1.9	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine μg/kg 99000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U 190 U 190 Pentachlorophenol μg/kg 3000 140 UJ 140 UJ 130 UJ 130 UJ 130 U 190 Pentachlorophenol (SIM) μg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.1 R 7.5 R Phenanthrene μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U	itrobenzene	μg/kg	31000	190 U		200	U	180	Ü	190		190	U
Pentachlorophenol μg/kg 3000 140 UJ 140 UJ 130 UJ 130 U Pentachlorophenol (SIM) μg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.1 R 7.5 R Phenanthrene μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U												76 190	
Pentachlorophenol (SIM) μg/kg 3000 7.7 R 8.1 R 7.1 R 7.5 R Phenanthrene μg/kg NL 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U					,					130	Ü	130	UJ
		μg/kg										7.4	
Phenanthrene (SIM) µg/kg NL 3.9 4 U 17 15			NL I	190 U 3.9				180 17	<u> </u>	190 15	U	190 3.1	J
Phenol µg/kg 18000000 190 U 200 U 180 U 190 U	henol	μg/kg	18000000	190 U		200	U	180		190	U	190	
Pyrene μg/kg 1700000 190 U 200 U 39 J 31 J Pyrene (SIM) μg/kg 1700000 7.4 3.4 J 49 38									J		J]	190 9.2	Ü

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP "T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5

Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date	T3TP1-SS3 B7Q09 T3-Test Pit1-Sam Area-01 4/26/2010	74TP B70 ple3 T4-Test Pit Are: 4/26/	215 1-Sample1 a-01	T4TP1-SS2 B7Q16 T4-Test Pit1-Sample2 Area-01 4/26/2010	T4TP2-SS1 MB7Q19 T4-Test Pit2-Sample1 Area-04 5/3/2010	T4TP2-SS2 MB7Q20 T4-Test Pf2-Sam Area-04 5/3/2010	
		Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	7.5 8 ft		} 2	8 8.5 ft	0 2 ft	5 6 ft	
chemical_name	units	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	POUNDS	··· ·	gagly		no.lt.	1 doctor	40011		
1,1'-Biphenyl 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	3100000 NL	200 U 200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U 210 U	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	μg/kg	6100000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	19000 180000	200 U		90 U	190 U 190 U	180 U	210 U 210 U	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	μg/kg	1200000	38 U		38 U	38 U	36 U	41 U	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	μg/kg	120000	71 U		70 U	69 U	66 U	75 U	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	μg/kg μg/kg	700 700	38 U 200 U		38 U 90 U	38 U 190 U	36 U 180 U	41 U 210 U	*****
2-Chloronaphthalene	μg/kg	NL .	38 U		38 U	38 U	36 U	41 U	
2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylnaphthalene	μg/kg μg/kg	310000 230000	200 U 200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg	230000	3.8 U		3.B U	3.8 U	3,6 U	4.1 U	
2-Methylphenol	μg/kg	310000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U 360 U	210 U 410 U	
2-Nitroaniline 2-Nitrophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	39000 NL	380 U 200 U		901U	380 U 190 U	180 U	210 U	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	μg/kg	1000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
3-Nitroaniline 4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	μg/kg	NL 6000	380 U 160 U		80 U	380 U 160 U	360 U	410 U 170 U	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	200 U		90 N	190 U	180 U	210 U	
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	μg/kg	NL	200 U	1	90 U	. 190 U	180 U	210 U	
4-Chloroaniline 4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	200 U 200 U		90 U	190 U	180 ป 180 ป	210 U	-
4-Methylphenol	μg/kg	31000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
4-Nitroaniline	μg/kg	. NL.	380 U		80 U 80 U	380 U 380 U	360 U	410 U 410 U	
4-Nitrophenol Acenaphthene	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 3400000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Acenaphthene (SIM)	μg/kg	NL	3.8 U		3.8 U	3.8 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	
Acenaphthylene Acenaphthylene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 17000000	200 U 3.8 U		90 U 3.8 U	190 U 3.8 U	180 U 3.6 U	210 U 4.1 U	
Acetophenone	μg/kg	2000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Anthracene	μg/kg	17000000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Anthracene (SIM) Atrazine	μg/kg μg/kg	3400000 210000	3.8 U 200 U		3.8 U 90 U	3.8 U 190 U	3.6 U 180 U	4.1 U 210 U	
Benzaldehyde	μg/kg	6100000	200 U	1	90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600 600	170 U 3,8 U		70 U	170 Ū 3,3 J	160 U 3,6 U	180 U 4.1 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/kg	200	38 U	_	38 U	38 U	36 U	41 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	200	3.8 U		19	6.9	3.6 U	4.1 U	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600	170 U		70 U 24 J	170 U 6.4	3.6 U	180 U 4.1 U	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/kg	380000000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM) Benzo(k)fluoranthene	μg/kg μg/kg	380000000 6000	3.8 U 200 U		12 90 U	5.7 190 U	3.6 U 180 U	4.1 U 210 U	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM)	μg/kg	6000	3.8 U		12	4.1	3.6 U	4.1 U	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	μg/kg	NL.	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	μg/kg μg/kg	400 35000	200 U 200 U		90 U 90 U	190 U 190 U	180 U 180 U	210 U 210 U	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	μg/kg	23000	200 U		90 V	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Butylbenzylphthalate Caprolactam	μg/kg μg/kg	1200000 31000000	200 U 200 U		90 U 90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U 210 U	
Carbazole	μg/kg	24000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Chlorophenols	μg/kg	NL 62000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Chrysene Chrysene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	62000 62000	200 U 3.8 U		90 U 17	190 U 3.9	180 U 3.6 U	210 U 4.1 U	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/kg	200	38 U		38 U	38 U	36 U	41 U	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) Dibenzofuran	μg/kg μg/kg	200 NL	3.8 U 200 U		5.4 J 90 U	3.8 U 190 U	3.6 UJ 180 U	4.1 UJ 210 U	1
Diethylphthalate	µg/kg	49000000	200 Ú	1	90 ป	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Dimethylphthalate Di-N-Butylphthalate	μg/kg	NL 6100000	200 U 170 U		90 U 70 U	190 U 170 U	180 U 160 U	210 U 180 U	
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	µg/kg µg/kg	2400000	200 U		70 U 90 U	170 U	180 U	210 U	
Fluoranthene	μg/kg	2300000	200 U		90 Ü	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Fluoranthene (SIM) Fluorene	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	3.8 U 200 U		23 J 90 U	4.1 190 U	3.6 U 180 U	4.1 U 210 U	
Fluorene (SIM)	μg/kg	2300000	3.8 U		I.8 U	3.8 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	
Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/kg μg/kg	300 6000	200 U 47 U		90 U 46 U	190 U 45 U	180 U 43 U	210 U 49 U	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/kg µg/kg	45000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 Ü	210 U	
Hexachloroethane	μg/kg	35000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	600 600	170 U 3.8 U		70 U 15	170 U 6.9	160 U 3.7 U	180 U 4.1 U	
Isophorone	μg/kg	510000	200 U	1	90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Naphthalene Naphthalene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	200 U 3.8 U		U 09 U 8.1	190 U 3.8 U	180 U 3.6 U	210 U 4.1 U	
Nitrobenzene	μg/kg μg/kg	31000	200 U		90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	μg/kg	200	80 U		79 U	78 U	75 U	85 U	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine Pentachlorophenol	μg/kg μg/kg	99000 3000	200 U 140 UJ		90 U 40 U	190 U 140 UJ	180 U 130 U	210 U	
Pentachlorophenol (SIM)	μg/kg	3000	7.8 R		.7 R	7.6 R	7.3 R	8.2 R	
Phenanthrene	μg/kg	NL NI	200 U	1	90 U	190 U	180 U	210 U	
Phenanthrene (SIM) Phenol	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 18000000	3.8 U 200 U		10 90 U	3.8 U 190 U	3.6 U 180 U	4.1 U 210 U	
Pyrene	μg/kg	1700000	200 U		21 J	190 Ù	180 U	210 U	
Pyrene (SIM)	μg/kg	1700000	3.8 U		33 J	6.7	3.6 U	4.1 U	

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

"T" in Location indicates Transect number CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results — Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

Area Date Start Depth End Depth	st Pit1-Sample1 Area-01 4/29/2010 0 2	T5-Test Pit1-Sample2 Area-01 4/29/2010 6 7	B7Q31 T6-Test Pit1-Sample1 Area-01 4/27/2010	B7Q32 T6-Test Pit1-Sample2 Area-01 4/27/2010 4 4.5	MB7Q35 T6-Test Pit2-Sample1 Area-04 5/3/2010 1 2
Depth Units	ft	ft		ft	n n
chemical_name units RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS]			
1,1'-Biphenyl µg/kg 3100000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 Ü	190 U
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene µg/kg NL	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol µg/kg 6100000 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol µg/kg 19000	190 U	210 U 210 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol µg/kg 180000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 1200000 2,4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 120000	37 U 68 U	41 U 75 U	39 U 71 U	37 U 68 U	37 U 69 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene μg/kg 700	37 U	41 Ü	39 U	37 U	37 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene µg/kg 700 2-Chloronaphthalene µg/kg NL	190 U 37 U	210 U 41 U	200 U 39 U	190 U 37 U	190 U 37 U
2-Chlorophenol µg/kg 310000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
2-Methylnaphthalene µg/kg 230000 2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM) µg/kg 230000	190 U 27 J	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 3 J	190 U 1.4 J	190 U 3.1 J
2-Methylphenol µg/kg 310000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
2-Nitroaniline μg/kg 39000 2-Nitrophenol μg/kg NL	370 U 190 U	410 U 210 U	390 U 200 U	370 U 190 U	370 U 190 U
2-Nitrophenol	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
3-Nitroaniline µg/kg NL	370 U	410 U	390 U	370 U	370 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol µg/kg 6000 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether µg/kg NL	160 U	170 U 210 U	160 U 200 U	160 U 190 U	160 U 190 U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol μg/kg NL	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
4-Chloroaniline μg/kg NL 4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether μg/kg NL	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U	200 U	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U
4-Methylphenol µg/kg 31000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
4-Nitroaniline µg/kg NL 4-Nitrophenol µg/kg NL	370 U 370 U	410 U 410 U	390 U	370 U 370 U	370 U 370 U
4-Nitrophenol µg/kg NL Acenaphthene µg/kg 3400000	370 U 190 U	210 U	390 U 200 U	190 U	190 U
Acenaphthene (SIM) μg/kg NL	7,3	4.1 U	3.9 U	1.9 J	3.7 U
Acenaphthylene μg/kg NL Acenaphthylene (SIM) μg/kg 17000000	190 Ü 8.1	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 3.9 U	190 U 3.7 U	190 U 4.1
Acetophenone µg/kg 2000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Anthracene µg/kg 17000000 Anthracene (SIM) µg/kg 3400000	18 J 30 J	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 3.9 U	190 U	190 U 3.2 J
Atrazine µg/kg 210000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Benzaldehyde μg/kg 6100000 Benzo(a)anthracene μg/kg 600	190 U	210 U 180 U	200 U 180 U	190 U 42 J	190 U 170 U
Benzo(a)anthracene μg/kg 600 Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 600	66 J 150 J	4.1 U	14	48	38 J
Benzo(a)pyrene μg/kg 200	62 J	41 U	39 U	40 J	19 J
Benzo(a)pyrene (SIM) µg/kg 200 Benzo(b)fluoranthene µg/kg 600	99 J	4.1 U 180 U	17 180 U	38 33 J	43 J 170 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM) µg/kg 600	230	4.1 U	15 J	51	51 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene µg/kg 380000000	47 J 340	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 11	32 J 18	190 U 26 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene µg/kg 6000	52 J	210 U	200 U	37 J	190 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM) μg/kg 6000	110 J 190 U	4.1 U 210 U	11 200 U	28 J 190 U	28 J 190 U
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether µg/kg 400	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate µg/kg 35000 Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether µg/kg 23000	190 U 190 U	210 U 210 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U	190 U
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether μg/kg 23000 Butylbenzylphthalate μg/kg 1200000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Caprolactam μg/kg 31000000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U 190 U
Carbazole μg/kg 24000 Chlorophenols μg/kg NL	190 U	210 U 210 U	200 U 200 U	190 U	190 U
Chrysene μg/kg 62000	65 J	210 U	200 U	41 J	190 U
Chrysene (SIM) μg/kg 62000 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene μg/kg 200	130 J 37 U	4.1 U 41 U	17 39 U	44 37 U	39 J 37 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 200	360 J	4.1 U	5.2 J	7.8 J	11 J
Dibenzofuran μg/kg NL Diethylphthalate μg/kg 49000000	190 Ü	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Dimethylphthalate μg/kg NL	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Di-N-Butylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 Di-N-Octyl Phthalate μg/kg 2400000	170 U 190 U	180 U 210 U	180 U 200 U	170 U 190 ນ	170 U 190 U
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate μg/kg 2400000	120 J	210 U	200 U	59 J	27 J
Fluoranthene (SIM) µg/kg 2300000	250	4.1 U	17	72	43
Fluorene μg/kg 2300000 Fluorene (SIM) μg/kg 2300000	190 U	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 3.9 U	190 U 3.7 U	190 U 1.9 J
Hexachlorobenzene µg/kg 300	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Hexachlorobutadiene µg/kg 6000 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene µg/kg 45000	44 U 190 U	49 U 210 U	47 U 200 U	45 U 190 U	45 U 190 U
Hexachloroethane μg/kg 35000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene µg/kg 600	49 J 490	180 U 4.1 U	180 U 14	38 J 50 J	170 U 35 J
Isophorone μg/kg 510000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 Ü
Naphthalene μg/kg 6000	46 J	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Naphthalene (SIM) μg/kg 6000 Nitrobenzene μg/kg 31000	95 J 190 U	4.1 U 210 U	3.9 200 U	1.8 J 190 U	3.7 U 190 U
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine μg/kg 200	76 U	85 U	81 U	77 U	78 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine µg/kg 99000 Pentachlorophenol µg/kg 3000	190 U	210 U	200 U 140 UJ	190 U 130 U	190 U 140 U
Pentachlorophenol (SIM) µg/kg 3000	7.4 R	8.3 R	7.8 R	7.5 R	7.5 R
Phenanthrene μg/kg NL Phenanthrene (SIM) μg/kg NL	81 J 170 J	210 U 4.1 U	200 U	26 J 31 J	190 U
Phenol μg/kg 18000000	190 U	210 U	200 U	190 U	190 U
Pyrene μg/kg 1700000 Pyrene (SIM) μg/kg 1700000	150 J 260	210 U 4.1 U	200 U 27	73 J 73	39 J 55

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

"T" in Location Indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

			Sample Identification CLP Number Location Area Date Start Depth End Depth Depth Units	T6TP2-S MB7Q3 T6-Test Pit2-S Area-0 5/3/201 4 5 ft	6 Sample2 4	T7TP1-S B7Q43 T7-Test Pit1-S Area-0 4/28/20' 0 2 ft	i iample1 i	T7TP1-SS2 B7Q44 T7-Test Pit1-Samp Area-01 4/28/2010 4 5 ft	T8TP1-S B7Q5* T8-Test Pit1-S Area-0 4/27/20 5 6	l Sample1 1	T8TP2-S: MB7Q5: T8-Test Pit2-S Area-04 5/4/2010 0 2 ft	5 ample1 I
							_					
	mical_name E ORGANIC COMPOU	units NDS	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil	i <u></u>				<u> </u>			l	
1.1'-Biphenyl		μg/kg	3100000	180		180		190 U	180		180	
1,2,4,5-Tetrach		μg/kg μg/kg	NL 6100000	180 180		180 180		190 U	180		180 180	
2,4,6-Trichloro	ohenol	μg/kg	19000	180	υ	180	Ü	190 U	180	U	180	
2,4-Dichlorophe 2,4-Dimethylph		μg/kg μg/kg	180000 1200000	180 35		180 36		190 U 38 U	180 36			U U
2,4-Dinitropher		μg/kg	120000	65		66		70 U	66			U
2,4-Dinitrotolue		μg/kg	700	35		36		38 U	36		35	
2,6-Dinitrotolue 2-Chloronaphth		μg/kg μg/kg	700 NL	180 35		180 36		190 U 38 U	180		180 35	U
2-Chloropheno		μg/kg	310000	180	U	180	Ü	190 U	180	U	180	U
2-Methylnaphth 2-Methylnaphth		μg/kg μg/kg	230000 230000	180 3.5	-	180 3.6		190 U	180 3.6		180 3.5	U
2-Methylpheno		μg/kg μg/kg	310000	180		180	U	190 U	180			U
2-Nitroaniline		μg/kg	39000	350		360		380 U	360			
2-Nitrophenol 3,3'-Dichlorobe	enzidine	μg/kg μg/kg	NL 1000	180 180		180 180		190 U	180			U
3-Nitroaniline		μg/kg	NL	350	Ŭ	360	Ü	380 U	360	Ü	350	U
4,6-Dinitro-2-M		μg/kg	6000	150		150		160 U	150		150	
4-Bromophenyl 4-Chloro-3-Met		μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	180 180		180 180		190 U	180		180 180	
4-Chloroaniline		μg/kg	NL.	180	U	180	U	190 U	180	Ų	180	U
4-Chlorophenyl		μg/kg wg/kg	NL 31000	180 180		180 180		190 U 190 U	180 180		180 180	
4-Methylphenol 4-Nitroaniline	·	μg/kg μg/kg	31000 NL	350		360		380 U	360		350	
4-Nitropheno!		μg/kg	NL 3433333	350		360		380 U	360		350	
Acenaphthene Acenaphthene	(SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	3400000 NL	180 3.5		180 3.6		190 U 3.8 U	180 3.6		180 3.5	
Acenaphthylen		μg/kg	NL	180		180		190 U	180		180	
Acenaphthylen	e (SIM)	μg/kg	17000000	3.5		3.6		2.7 J 190 U	3.6		0.0	Ü
Acetophenone Anthracene	·	μg/kg μg/kg	2000 17000000	180 180		180 180		190 U	180		180 180	
Anthracene (Sl	M)	μg/kg	3400000	3.5	Ū	3.6	U	3.6 J	3.6	U	3.5	U
Atrazine		μg/kg	210000 6100000	180 180		180 180		190 U	180 180		180 180	
Benzaldehyde Benzo(a)anthra	icene	μg/kg μg/kg	600	160		160		190 U 23 J	160		160	
Benzo(a)anthra	сепе (SIM)	μg/kg	600	3.5	Ü.	2.2		27 J	1.9		2.2	J
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene		μg/kg μg/kg	200 200	35		36 3.6		26 J 29 J	36		35 3.5	U
Benzo(b)fluorar		μg/kg	600	160		160		33 J	160		160	
Benzo(b)fluorar Benzo(g,h,i)per		μg/kg μg/kg	600 380000000	2.6 180		1.7 180		49 32 J	3.6 180		2.9 180	<u>J</u>
Benzo(g,h,i)per Benzo(g,h,i)per		μg/kg	380000000	3.9		3.6		23 J	3.6		3.6	Ŭ
Benzo(k)fluorar		μg/kg	6000	180		180		24 J	180		180	Ü
Benzo(k)fluorar Bis(2-Chloroeth		μg/kg μg/kg	6000 NL	1.5 180		180		22 J 190 U	3.6 180		1.6 180	<u>. </u>
Bis(2-Chloroeth		μg/kg	400	180		180		190 U	180		180	Ū
Bis(2-Ethylhexy Bis-Chloroisopr		μg/kg	35000 23000	180		180 180		190 U 190 U	180		37 180	J
Butylbenzylphth		μg/kg μg/kg	1200000	180 180		180		190 U	180		180	ŭ
Caprolactam		μg/kg	31000000	180		180		190 U	180		180	
Carbazole Chlorophenols		μg/kg μg/kg	24000 NL	180 180		180 180		190 U 190 U	180 180		180 180	
Chrysene		μg/kg	62000	180	Ū.	180	U	36 J	180	ΰ	180	U
Chrysene (SIM) Dibenzo(a,h)an		μg/kg	62000 200	3.5 35		2 36		40 38 U	36	J	2 35	
Dibenzo(a,n)an Dibenzo(a,h)an		μg/kg μg/kg	200	3.5		3.6		8.3 J	3,6		3.5	
Dibenzofuran		μg/kg	NL,	180	U	180		190 U	180		180	U
Diethylphthalate Dimethylphthala		μg/kg μg/kg	49000000 NL	180 180		180 180		190 U	180 180		180 180	<u> </u>
Di-N-Butylphtha		μg/kg	6100000	160		160		170 U	160		160	
Di-N-Octyl Phth	alate	μg/kg	2400000	180		180		190 U	180 180		180 180	
Fluoranthene Fluoranthene (S	GIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 2300000	180 1.9		180 2.2	J	38 J 43	2.3	J	4.6	-
Fluorene		μg/kg	2300000	180		180		190 U	180		180	
Fluorene (SIM) Hexachlorobena	zana	μg/kg μg/kg	2300000 300	3.5 180		3.6 180		3.8 U 190 U	3.6 180		3.5 180	
Hexachlorobuta	diene	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	43	Ü	43	Ü	46 U	43	Ü	42.	
Hexachlorocyck		μg/kg	45000	180		180		190 U	180		180 180	U
Hexachloroetha Indeno(1,2,3-Co		μg/kg μg/kg	35000 600	180 160		180 160		190 U 29 J	180 160		180	
Indeno(1,2,3-Co		μg/kg	600	4.3	Ŭ _	3.6	Ü	47 J	3.6	U	4.1	
Isophorone Naphthalene		μg/kg μg/kg	510000 6000	180 180		180 180		190 U	180 180		180 180	
Naphthalene (S	IM)	μg/kg μg/kg	6000	3.5		3.6		5.2	3.6		3.5	
Nitrobenzene		μg/kg	31000	180	U	180		190 U	180		180	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-I N-Nitrosodipher		μg/kg μg/kg	200 99000	74 180		74 180		79 U 190 U	75 180		73 180	
Pentachlorophe	nol	μg/kg μg/kg	3000	130	U	130	บ	140 U	130	U	130	U
Pentachlorophe Phenanthrene	nol (SIM)	μg/kg	3000 NL	7.1 180		7.2 180		7.6 R 190 U	7.3 180		7.1 180	
Phenanthrene (SIM)	μg/kg μg/kg	NL NL	180 3.5		3.6		190 U 23 J	3.6		6.8	
Phenol		μg/kg	18000000	180	Ü	180	U	190 U	180	U	180	U
Pyrene Pyrene (SIM)		μg/kg μg/kg	1700000 1700000	180 3.6	U	180 4	U	51 J 49	180 3.8	U. I	180 6.5	U

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to

meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

"T" in Location indicates Transect number CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soli Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

TABLE 5 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results – Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

Area Area-04 Area-04 Area-01 A	Pit2-Sample1 rea-04 88/2010 1 2 ft 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U 200 U	T9-Tesl Pil2-Sample2 Area-01 4/28/2010 0 1.25 ft 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U
Start Depth 7	200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	1.25 ft 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U
Depth Units Ft Ft Ft Ft Ft Ft Ft	200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	ft 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U
chemical_name units RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS 1,1*Biphenyl μg/kg 3100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 180 U 180 U 1,24,5-Trichlorobenzene μg/kg Ni. 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 6100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 19000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 120000 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2,4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2,4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 35 U 35 U 35 U 35 U 35 U 35 U 35 U	200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	190 U 190 U 190 U 190 U
SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS 1.1'-Blphenyl μg/kg 3100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 1.2.4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene μg/kg Ni. 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 180 U 2.4,5-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 6100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2.4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 19000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2.4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2.4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2.4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 120000 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dimitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U	200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	190 U 190 U 190 U
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene μg/kg Ni. 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 6100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 19000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 1200000 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2,4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U	200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	190 U 190 U 190 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 6100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 19000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 1200000 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2,4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2,4-Dinitrotoluene μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U	200 U 200 U 200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	190 U 190 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol μg/kg 19000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dichlorophenol μg/kg 180000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2,4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 1200000 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2,4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2,4-Dinitrotoluene μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 35 U	200 U 39 U 71 U 39 U	J
2.4-Dimethylphenol μg/kg 1200000 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U 2.4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2.4-Dinitrololuene μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 36 U 35 U	39 U 71 U 39 U	190 J U
2.4-Dinitrophenol μg/kg 120000 71 U 67 U 67 U 64 U 2,4-Dinitrololuene μg/kg 700 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U	71 U 39 U	36 U
		66 U
page 5 manufacture in page 1 100 1 10010 1 10010 1 10010 1	20010	36 U 190 U
2-Chloronaphthalene μg/kg NL 39 U 36 U 36 U 35 U	39 U	36 U
2-Chlorophenol μg/kg 310000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 2-Methylnaphthalene μg/kg 230000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U
2-Methylnaphthalene (SIM) µg/kg 230000 3.9 U 3.6 U 4.2	3.9 U	9.4
2-Methylpheriol μg/kg 310000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
2-Nitroaniline μg/kg 39000 390 U 360 U 360 U 350 U 2-Nitrophenol μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	390 U 200 U	360 U 190 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine μg/kg 1000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
3-Nitroaniline µg/kg NL 390 U 360 U 360 U 350 U 4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol µg/kg 6000 160 U 150 U 150 U 150 U	390 U 160 U	360 U 150 U
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 180 U 4-Chloroaniline μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
4-Methylphenol μg/kg 31000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 4-Nitroaniline μg/kg NL 390 U 360 U 360 U 350 U	200 U 390 U	190 U 360 U
4-Nitroaniline μg/kg NL 390 U 360 U 360 U 350 U 4-Nitrophenol μg/kg NL 390 U 360 U 360 U 350 U 350 U	390 U	360 U
Acenaphthene μg/kg 3400000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Acenaphthene (SIM) μg/kg NL 3.9 U 3.6 U 3.6 U 2.1 J Acenaphthylene μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	3.9 U 200 U	5.2 190 U
Acenaphthylene (SIM) μg/kg 17000000 3.2 J 3.6 U 3.6 U 3.5	3.9 U	5
Acetophenone μg/kg 2000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Anthracene μg/kg 17000000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U 190 U
Anthracene (SiM) μg/kg 3400000 4.1 3.6 U 5.1	3.9 U	11
Atrazine µg/kg 210000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 8enzaldehyde µg/kg 6100000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U
Benzo(a)anthracene μg/kg 600 33 J 160 U 170 U 30 J	180 U	49 J
Benzo(a)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 600 48 3 J 5.6 34 J	7.2 39 U	56 J 56 J
Benzo(a)pyrene (SiM) µg/kg 200 42 J 5 U 7.2 33 J	9.5	59 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene μg/kg 600 31 J 160 U 170 U 35 J Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM) μg/kg 600 50 4.3 8.7 48	180 U 8.5	63 J 92
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (SIM) µg/kg 600 50 4.3 8.7 48	200 U	63 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (SIM) μg/kg 380000000 22 J 4.2 U 5.4 19 J	7.4	80
Benzo(k)fluoranthene µg/kg 6000 30 J 190 U 190 U 24 J Benzo(k)fluoranthene (SIM) µg/kg 6000 27 J 2 J 4.7 24 J	200 U 5.3	41 J 45 J
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) either µg/kg 400 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate µg/kg 35000 200 U 190 U 25 J 180 U	200 U	190 U
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether μg/kg 23000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Butylbenzylphthalate μg/kg 1200000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Caprolactam μg/kg 31000000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 200 U	190 U
Caprolactam µg/kg 31000000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 190 U 180 U 190 U 190 U 180 U 190	200 U	190 U
Chlorophenols μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U 64 J
Chrysene μg/kg 62000 38 J 190 U 190 U 39 J Chrysene (SIM) μg/kg 62000 49 3 J 6.2 42	200 U 6.5	64 J 63 J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene μφ/kg 200 39 U 36 U 35 UJ	39 U	36 U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (SIM) μg/kg 200 11 J 3.6 UJ 3.6 UJ 7.8 J Dibenzofuran μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	4.4 J 200 U	15 J 190 U
Diethylphthalate μg/kg 49000000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Dimethylphthalate μg/kg NL 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Di-N-Butylphthalate μg/kg 6100000 180 U 160 U 170 U 160 U	200 U 180 U	190 U
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate μg/kg 2400000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Fluoranthene μg/kg 2300000 65 J 190 U 190 U 73 J	200 U	96 J 110
Fluoranthene (SIM) μg/kg 2300000 86 4.7 9.5 80	200 U	190 U
Fluorene (SIM) μg/kg 2300000 3.9 U 3.6 U 3.6 U 2.5 J	3.9 U	6.9 190 U
Hexachlorobenzene μg/kg 300 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Hexachlorobutadiene μg/kg 6000 47 U 44 U 44 U 42 U	200 U 47 U	190 U 44 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene µg/kg 45000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Hexachloroethane μg/kg 35000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene μg/kg 600 25 J 160 U 170 U 29 J	200 U 180 U	190 U 59 J
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene (SIM) μg/kg 600 31 J 4.3 U 7 46 J	8.3 J	110 J
Isophorone μg/kg 510000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Naphthalene μg/kg 6000 200 U 190 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 200 U	190 U 190 U
Naphthalene (SIM) μg/kg 6000 3.9 U 3.6 U 4.2	3.9 U	14
Nilrobenzene μg/kg 31000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U 81 U	190 U 75 U
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine μg/kg 200 81 U 76 U 72 U N-Nitrosodiphenylamine μg/kg 99000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U	200 U	190 U
Pentachlorophenol μg/kg 3000 140 U 130 U 130 U 130 U	140 U	130 U 7.3 R
Pentachlorophenol (SIM) μg/kg 3000 7.8 R 7.4 R 7.4 R 7 R Phenanthrene μg/kg NL 32 J 190 U 190 U 43 J	7.8 R 200 U	7.3 R 67 J
Phenanthrene (SiM) μg/kg NL 46 3.8 7.8 50	7.6	75
Phenol μg/kg 18000000 200 U 190 U 190 U 180 U Pyrene μg/kg 1700000 72 J 190 U 190 U 85 J	200 U 200 U	190 U 110 J
Pyrene (SIM) μg/kg 1700000 110 6.8 13 81	15	110

NOTES

SIM - SVOCs were analyzed by low level analysis and by SIM analysis to meet the project action criteria listed in the QAPP

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards, Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

CDM

[&]quot;T" in Location Indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results – Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T10TP1-SS1	T10TP1-SS2	T11TP1-SS1	T11TP1-SS2	T11TP2-SS1	T11TP2-SS2	T11TP3-SS1	T11TP3-SS2
		CLP Number	B7PW7	B7PW8	B7PX5	B7PX6	MB7PX9	MB7PY0	MB7PY3	MB7PY4
		Location	T10-Test Pit1-Sample1	T10-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit1-Sample1	T11-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit2-Sample1	T11-Test Pit2-Sample2	T11-Test Pit3-Sample1	T11-Test Pit3-Sample2
		Агеа	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04
		Date	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	4/29/2010	4/29/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/5/2010
		Start Depth	0	4	0	5.5	0	· 5	0	5.5
		End Depth	2	5	2	6	2	6	2.5	6
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil								
PESTICIDES										
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.6 R	3.6 R	3.6 R	3.6 R	3.9 R	3.8 R	3.6 R	3.7 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.6 Ü	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 UJ	3.8 UJ	3.8 NJ	3.7 UJ
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 U	3.8 U	14 NJ	3.7 U
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 Ū	1.9 U	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Alpha-Bhc	μg/kg	100	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 ป	1.9 U
Alpha-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1,9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Beta-Bhc	μ g /kg	400	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9U	1.9 U	2 ÚJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	120 U	120 U	120 U	120 U	130 U	130 U	120 U	120 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	1.9 Ū	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 U	3.8 U	3.4 J	3.7 ∪
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	1.9 R	1.9 R	1.9 R	1.9 R	2 R	1.9 R	1.9 R	1.9 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 ÜJ	3.8 UJ	3.9 J	3.7 UJ
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 UJ	3.8 UJ	1.8 J	3.7 UJ
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 U	3.8 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Endrin Aldehyde	μ g /kg	23000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.9 UJ	3.8 ÚJ	3.3 J	3.7 UJ
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.6 ป	3.9 UJ	3.8 UJ	3.6 UJ	_ 3.7 UJ
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 U.	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	5.5 J	1.9 UJ
Heptachior	μg/kg	100	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/kg	70	1.9 U	1.9 U	1,9 U	1.9 U	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	20 U	19 U	19 U	19 U
PCBs	,	·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,			,
Aroclor 1016	μ g/k g	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Arocior 1242	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	5	1.6 J	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	130	2.5
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 Ü	1.9 U	1.9 Ü
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	1.9 Ū	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

μg/kg - microgram per kilogram U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDM

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results — Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

	······	Sample Identification	T11TP4-SS1	T11TP5-SS2	T12TP1-SS1	T12TP1-SS2	T12TP2-SS1	T12TP3-SS1	T1TP1-SS1	T1TP2-SS2
		CLP Number	MB7PY7	MB7PY8	B7PZ1	B7PZ2	B7PZ5	B7PZ6	B7PT5	B7PW0
j		Location	T11-Test Pit4-Sample1	T11-Test Pit5-Sample2	T12-Test Pit1-Sample1	T12-Test Pit1-Sample2	T12-Test Pit2-Sample1	T12-Test Pit3-Sample1	T1-Test Pit1-Sample1	T1-Test Pit2-Sample2
		Area	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-04	Area-02	Area-02
		Date	5/5/2010	5/5/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010
		Start Depth	0	7	0	9.5	6.5	6	8.5	9.5
		End Depth	2	7.5	2	10	7	6.5	9	10
		Depth Units	ft ft							
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil								
PESTICIDES		·				·				
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.8 R	4 R	3.8 R	3.6 R	3.5 R	3.6 R	4.1 R	3.9 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.8 UJ	4 ÜJ	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	3.9 U
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.8 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 Ü	4.1 U	3.9 U
Aldrin	µg/kg	40	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	2.1 U	2.1 U
Alpha-Bhc	μg/kg	100	2 U	2 U	2 U.	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Alpha-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	130 U	130 U	130 U	120 U	120 U	120 U	140 U	130 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Dieldrin	µg/kg	40	3.8 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 UJ	4.1 U	3.9 U
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	2 R	2 R	2 R	1.9 R	1.8 R	1.9 R	2.1 R	2.1 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.8 UJ	4 UJ	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	3.9 บ
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.8 UJ	4 UJ	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	3.9 U
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3.8 U	4 R	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 UJ	4.1 U	3.9 Ü
Endrin Aldehyde	μg/kg	23000	3.8 UJ	4 UJ	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 Ú	3.6 U	4.1 U	3.9 U
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.8 UJ	4 UJ	3.8 U	3.6 U	3.5 U	3.6 U	4.1 U	3.9 U
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	2 Ü	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	2.1 U	2.1 U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8(U	1.9\U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	2 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	2.1 U	2.1 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/kg	70	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2.1 U
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	20 U	20 U	20 U	19 U	18 U	19 U	21 U	21 U
PCBs										
Aroclor 1016	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2,2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 Ü	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	45	1.9 Ü	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	2 Ü	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	2 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2.2 U	2.1 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

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Exceedances highlighted in blue.

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μg/kg - microgram per kilogram

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results — Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T1TP3-SS1	T1TP3-SS2	T25TP9-SS1	T25TP9-SS2	T25TP9-SS3	T25TP9-SS4	T25TP9-\$S5	T25TP9-SS6
		CLP Number	B7PW3	B7PW4	B7PS8	B7PS9	B7PT0	B7PT1	MB7PT2	MB7PT3
		Location	T1-Test Pit3-Sample1	T1-Test Pit3-Sample2	T1-Test Pit3-Sample2	T3-Test Pit1-Sample1	T7-Test Pit1-Sample2	T10-Test Pit1-Sample1	T6-Test Pit2-Sample1	T11-Test Pit3-Sample1
		Area	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04
		Date	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/26/2010	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	5/3/2010	5/5/2010
		Start Depth	0	9.5	9.5	0	4	0	1	0
1		End Depth	2	10	10	2	5	2	2	2.5
		Depth Units	πt	ft	ft	ft	- ft	- ft	ft	ft
chemical name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil								
PESTICIDES				<u> </u>	<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		'	
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.6 R	3.8 R	3.9 R	3.7 R	3.5 R	3.6 R	3.8 R	3.7 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 Ü	3.7 U	3,5 UJ	3.6 U	3.8 U	11 NJ
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 ∪	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	8.6 NJ	40 JN
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 UJ
Alpha-Bhc	µg/kg	100	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Alpha-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 Ų	. 2 Ü	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 UJ
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9U	1.9 U	1.9 UJ
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	120 U	130 U	130 U	120 U	120 UJ	120 U	130 U	120 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 UJ
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	1.5 J	9.7 NJ
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	1.9 R	2 R	2 R	1.9 R	1.8 R	1.9 R	1.9 R	1.9 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	2.2 J	12 J
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	3.8 U	5 J
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	3.8 U	6.4 NJ
Endrin Aldehyde	μg/kg	23000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 Ü	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	3.8 U	8.7 J
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.9 U	3.7 U	3.5 UJ	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 UJ
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	2 Ü	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	3.2 NJ	15 NJ
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	1.9 Ü	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	µg/kg	70	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.8 UJ	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 UJ
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	19 U	20 U	20 U	19 U	18 UJ	19 U	19 U	21 J
PCBs				<u></u>	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1
Aroclor 1016	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1254	µg/kg	200	1.9 Ü	2 U	2 U	54	3.3	7.1	3.6 J	1100
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	2 U	2 U_	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	19 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

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RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

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µg/kg - microgram per kilogram

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDM

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results – Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T2TP1-SS1	T2TP2-SS2	T2TP2-SS3	T2TP2-SS4	T3TP1-\$\$1	T3TP1-SS2	T3TP1-SS3	T4TP1-SS1
1		CLP Number	MB7PZ9	B7Q04	B7Q05	B7Q06	B7Q07	B7Q08	B7Q09	B7Q15
		Location	T2-Test Pit1-Sample1	T2-Test Pit2-Sample2	T2-Test Pit2-Sample3	T2-Test Pit2-Sample4	T3-Test Pit1-Sample1	T3-Test Pit1-Sample2	T3-Test Pit1-Sample3	T4-Test Pit1-Sample1
		Area	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01
		Date	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/22/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010
		Start Depth	4	7.5	6.5	0	0	4	7.5	0
		End Depth	4.5	8	7	1	2	4.5	8	2
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil								
PESTICIDES		-							-,	
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.5 R	3.7 R	3.9 R	3.4 R	3.6 R	3.6 R	3.8 R	3.7 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.5 U	3.7 ∪	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
4,4'-DDT	µg/kg	2000	3.5 Ü	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 Ü	1.9 U
Alpha-Bhc	μg/kg	100	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Alpha-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	1.8 ป	· 2[U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Chlorinated Camphene	µg/kg	600	120 U	130 U	130 U	120 U	120 U	120 U	130 U	130 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 Ü	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	1.8 R	2 R	2 R	1.8 R	1.9 R	1.9 R	2 R	1.9 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 Ú
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Endrin Aldehyde	μg/kg	23000	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 U	3.7 U
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.5 U	3.7 U	3.9 U	3.4 U	3.6 U	3.6 U	3.8 Ŭ	3.7 U
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1,9 U	2 Ü	1.9 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/kg	70	1.8 U	2 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	18 U	20 U	20 U	18 U	19 U	19 U	20 ∪	19 U
PCBs					,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>,</u>			
Arocior 1016	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 ป
Aroclar 1221	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 Ü
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U _	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	74	3.9	2 U	11
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	65	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	1.9 ป	1.9 U	2 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.9 U	2 U	1.9 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

μg/kg - microgram per kilogram

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDW

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results -- Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T4TP1-SS2	T4TP2-SS1	T4TP2-SS2	T5TP1-SS1	T5TP1-SS2	T6TP1-SS1	T6TP1-\$\$2	T6TP2-SS1
		CLP Number	B7Q16	MB7Q19	MB7Q20	B7Q23	B7Q24	B7Q31	B7Q32	MB7Q35
		Location	T4-Test Pit1-Sample2	T4-Test Pit2-Sample1	T4-Test Pit2-Sample2	T5-Test Pit1-Sample1	T5-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit1-Sample1	T6-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit2-Sample1
		Area	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04
		Date	4/26/2010	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	4/29/2010	4/29/2010	4/27/2010	4/27/2010	5/3/2010
1		Start Depth	8	0	5	0	6		4	1
		End Depth	8.5	2	6	2	7		4.5	2
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft		ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							· · · · · ·	
PESTICIDES						<u> </u>	'- ' .			
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.7 R	3.5 R	4 R	3.6 R	4 R	3.8 R	3.6 R	3.7 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 ∪
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 Ü	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Alpha-Bhc	μg/kg	100	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 Ü	2 Ü	1.9 UJ	1.9 U
Alpha-Chiordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 ∪	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	130 U	120 U	130 U	120 U	140 U	130 U	120 UJ	120 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 U
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	1.9 R	1.8 R	2.1 R	1.9 R	2.1 R	2 R	1.9 R	1.9 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 Ü	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ
Endrin	μg/kg	. 23000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 U
Endrin Aldehyde	μg/kg	23000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 Ü	3.6 U	4 U	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.7 U	3.5 U	4 U	3.6 U	4 ป	3.8 U	3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/kg	70	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Methaxychior	μg/kg	390000	19 U	18 U	21 U	19 U	21 U	20 U	19 UJ	19 U
PCBs										
Aroclor 1016	μ g /kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 Û	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U_	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U_	1.9 Ü	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	2.9	1.8 U	2.1 U	38	2.1 U	8.1	4.8	7 J
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	1.9 U	1.8 U	2.1 U	1.9 U	2.1 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guildance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010 µg/kg - microgram per kilogram .

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results – Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

	-	Sample Identification	T6TP2-SS2	T7TP1-SS1	T7TP1-SS2	T8TP1-SS1	T8TP2-SS1	T8TP2-\$S2	T8TP3-SS1	T8TP3-SS2
		CLP Number	MB7Q36	B7Q43	B7Q44	B7Q51	MB7Q55	MB7Q56	MB7Q59	MB7Q60
		Location	T6-Test Pit2-Sample2	T7-Test Pit1-Sample1	T7-Test Pit1-Sample2	T8-Test Pit1-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample2	T8-Test Pit3-Sample1	T8-Test Pit3-Sample2
		Area	Area-04	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04
		Date	5/3/2010	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	4/27/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010
		Start Depth	4	1/20/2010 n	1	5	0	7	2	3/4/2010
1		End Depth	5	2	5	6	2	, ,	2.5	4.5
		Depth Units	ft	fr fr	ft ft	l fi	ft	9	£.5	ft.5
chemical name	result unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil		14		16				
PESTICIDES	roodit_dint	. 120 Horkbooke com					<u> </u>			
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.5 R	3.5 R	3.7 UJ	3.5 R	3.5 R	7.3 JN	3.6 R	3.6 R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.5 UJ	3.5 U	3.7 UJ	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	9.1 J	3.6 UJ	3.6 UJ
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.5 U	3.5 U	24 NJ	3.5 U	3.5 U	20 J	3.6 U	3,6 U
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.8 ÚJ	1.8 Ü	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Alpha-Bhc	µg/kg	100	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Alpha-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 UJ	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	1.8 UJ	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	120 U	120 U	130 UJ	120 U	120 U	130 U	120 U	120 U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.8 UJ	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.5 U	3.5 U	13 J	3.5 U	3.5 U	3.9 U	3.6 U	3.6 U
Endosuifan I	μg/kg	470000	1.8 R	1.8 R	9.1 NJ	1.8 R	1.8 R	2 R	1.9 R	1.9 R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.5 UJ	3.5 U	7.6 NJ	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	3.9 U	3.6 UJ	3.6 UJ
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.5 UJ	3.5 U	3.7 UJ	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	3.9 U	3.6 UJ	3.6 UJ
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3.5 U	3.5 U	3.7 UJ	3.5 U	3.5 R	3.9 JN	3.6 U	3.6 R
Endrin Aldehyde	µg/kg	23000	3.5 UJ	3.5 U	6.3 J	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	3.9 UJ	3.6 UJ	3.6 UJ
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.5 UJ	3.5 U	3.7 UJ	3.5 U	3.5 UJ	3.9 UJ	3.6 UJ	3.6 UJ
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Gamma-Chiordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 UJ	1.8 U	24 JN	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μ g /kg	70	1.8 UJ	1.8 U	1.9 UJ	1.8 U	1.8 UJ	2 UJ	1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	18 U	18 U	19 UJ	18 U	18 U	20 U	19 U	19 U
PCBs										
Aroclor 1016	µg/kg	200	1.8 Ü	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	170	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 0	1.9 U	1.9 U
Aroclor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 U	1.9 U	1.8 U	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U
Arocior 1268	μg/kg	200	1.8 U	1.8 ∪	1.9 U	1.8 ⊔	1.8 U	2 U	1.9 U	1.9 U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

μg/kg - microgram per kilogram

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 6
Test Excavation Data Summary
Soil Sample Results – Pesticides and PCBs
Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site
Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T9TP1-5	SS1	T9TP2	-\$\$1	T9TP2	2-SS2
		CLP Number	B7Q6	3	B7C	167	B70	268
		Location	T9-Test Pit1-	Sample1	T9-Test Pit2	2-Sample1	T9-Test Pit	2-Sample2
		Area	Aréa-0)1	Area	-04	Area	i-01
		Date	4/27/20	10	4/28/2	2010	4/28/:	2010
		Start Depth	5		1)
		End Depth	5.5		2		1.2	25
		Depth Units	. ft		fi		l f	t
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil					<u> </u>	
PESTICIDES		·					<u> </u>	
4,4'-DDD	μg/kg	3000	3.4 F	₹	3.8	R	3.6	R
4,4'-DDE	μg/kg	2000	3.4 L	J	3.8	U	3.6	U
4,4'-DDT	μg/kg	2000	3.4 L	J	3.8	ŭ	3.6	U
Aldrin	μg/kg	40	1.8 L	J	2	U	1.8	U
Alpha-Bhc	μg/kg	100	1.8 L		2	U	1.8	U
Alpha-Chiordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 L	J	2	U	1.8	Ú
Beta-Bhc	μg/kg	400	1.8 L		2	Ū	1.8	U
Chlorinated Camphene	μg/kg	600	120 L	J	130	U	120	U
Delta-BHC	μg/kg	400	1.8 L	J	2	U .	1.8	U
Dieldrin	μg/kg	40	3.4 L	<u> </u>	3.8	U	2.8	J
Endosulfan I	μg/kg	470000	1.8 F	₹	2	R	1.8	R
Endosulfan II	μg/kg	470000	3.4 L	J	3.8	U	3.6	U
Endosulfan Sulfate	μg/kg	470000	3.4 L	J	3.8	U	3.6	U
Endrin	μg/kg	23000	3,4 L	J	3.8	U	1 2	J
Endrin Aldehyde	μg/kg	23000	3.4 L	J	3.8	U	3.6	U
Endrin Ketone	μg/kg	23000	3.4 L	J	3.8	U	3.6	U
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	μg/kg	400	1.8 L	J	2	Ū	1.8	U
Gamma-Chlordane	μg/kg	200	1.8 L	J	2	Ü	3.7	J
Heptachlor	μg/kg	100	1.8 (. ز	2	U	1.8	i U
Heptachlor Epoxide	μg/kg	70	1.8 \	J	2	U	1.8	U
Methoxychlor	μg/kg	390000	18 (J	20	Ü	18	U
PCBs								<u> </u>
Aroclor 1016	μg/kg	200	1.8 [J	2	U	1.9	U
Aroclor 1221	μg/kg	200	1.8	J	2	U	1.9	U U
Aroclor 1232	μg/kg	200	1.8 (J	2	Ų	1.9	U
Aroclor 1242	μg/kg	200	1.8 (J	2	U	1.9	U
Aroclor 1248	μg/kg	200	1.8 (J	2	U	1.9	U
Aroclor 1254	μg/kg	200	6.5		3.1		58	3
Aroctor 1260	μg/kg	200	1.8	J	2	Ū	1.9	u
Arodor 1262	μg/kg	200	1.8 (Ū	2	U	1.9	U
Aroclor 1268	μg/kg	200	1.8 (j	2	U	1.9	U

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

µg/kg - microgram per kilogram

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 7 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T10TP1-SS1	T10TP1-SS2	T11TP1-SS1	T11TP1-SS2	T11TP2-SS1	T11TP2-SS2	T11TP3-SS1
		CLP Number	B7PW7	B7PW8	B7PX5	B7PX6	MB7PX9	MB7PY0	мв7РҮ3
		Location	T10-Test Pit1-Sample1	T10-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit1-Sample1	T11-Test Pit1-Sample2	T11-Test Pit2-Sample1	T11-Test Pit2-Sample2	T11-Test Pit3-Sample1
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04
		Date	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	4/29/2010	4/29/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010
		Start Depth	. 0	4	0	5.5	n	5	0
		End Depth	2	5	2	6	2	6	2.5
		Depth Units	– ft	fr	- ft	ft	ft ft	ft	ft
chemical name	result unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							
METALS				<u> </u>	<u></u>				
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	1550	1350	1920	1100	1020	1200	1860
Antimony	mg/kg	31	0.81 J	0.77	0.38 R	0.15 R	0.78	0.13	7.2 J
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	4 J	4.9	4.3 J	4.3 J	3.7	8.3	80.2 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	7.7 J	11.8 J	7.4	4.7	6.7 J	5.9 J	9.5 J
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.47 U	0.16 J	0.14 J	0.075 J	0.58 U	0.59 U	0.58 U
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.043	0,082	0.029	0.029	0.039	0.092	0.1
Calcium	mg/kg	NL.	469 U	509 U	544 U	531 U	577 U	587 Ú	580 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	5.3	6.2	7.6	5.7	5.8	11.7	5.3
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	1:1	1.1	1.1
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.8	0.84	0.68 J	0.53 J	0.45	0.75	0.9 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	14.4	7.8	3.1 J	1.5 J	7.6	7.5	325 R
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.4 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.5 U	1.5 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL	8500 J	13600 J	14800	10800	9250 J	17600 J	14600 J
Lead	mg/kg	400	17.3 J	35.1 J	7.9 J	5 J	18.5 J	8.2 J	28.1 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	469 U	509 U	544 U	531 U	577 U	587 ป	580 U
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	20.3	12.2	26.1	12	9.7	13.6	23.6 J
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.028 U	0.026 U	0.08	0.027 U	0.029 U	0.029 U	0.029 U
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	0.8 J	0.75 J	4.4 U	4.2 U	4.6 U	4.7 U	4.6 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL.	101 J	111 J	125 J	93.2 J	92.9 J	130 J	105 J
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.16	0.075	0.19 J	0.14 J	0.12	0.21	0.3
Silver	mg/kg	390	0.94 U	1 U	0.095 J	0.094 J	1.2 U	1.2 U	1.2 U
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	469 U	509 U	544 U	531 U	577 U	587 U	580 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.036	0.059	0.067 U	0.074 U	0.031	0.094	0.029
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	10.1	15.2	12.2	13	9.9	19.6	10.8
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	8.4	11	8.9	7.1	9.7	9.4	16.2
WET CHEMISTRY									
ρΉ	su	NL				3.11			
Solids, Percent	%	NL	88.7	90.6	87.3	88.3	94.5	88.6	87.3
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL				2106 J			

[&]quot;T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

SU - Standard Units

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009. http://www.stete.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/.
 Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDW

TABLE 7

Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

	·	Sample Identification	T11TP3-SS2	T11TP4-SS1	T11TP5-SS2	T12TP1-SS1	T12TP1-SS2	T12TP2-SS1	T12TP3-SS1
		CLP Number	MB7PY4	MB7PY7	MB7PY8	B7PZ1	87PZ2	B7PZ5	B7PZ6
		Location	T11-Test Pit3-Sample2	T11-Test Pit4-Sample1	T11-Test Pit5-Sample2	T12-Test Pit1-Sample1	T12-Test Pit1-Sample2	T12-Test Pit2-Sample1	T12-Test Pit3-Sample1
		Area	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-04
ĺ		Date	5/5/2010	5/5/2010	5/5/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010	4/23/2010
		Start Depth	5.5	0	7	0	9.5	6.5	6
		End Depth	6	2	7.5	2	10	7	6.5
		Depth Units	ft						
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							
METALS									
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	998	418	1220	713 J	2570 J	882 J	2100 J
Antimony	mg/kg	31	0.19	0.04	0.099	2 J	1.2 J	4 J	0.098 J
Arsenic	mg/kg	19.	2.8	2.8	4	2.7 J	9.9 J	4 J	1.4 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	6.6 J	1.4 J	7.2 J	9.4 J	6.1 J	3.3 J	13.7 J
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.52 U	0,53 U	0.56 U	0.51 U	0.52 U	0.5 U	0.6 U
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.046	0.043	0.063	0.052 J	0.079 J	0.035 J	0.034 J
Calcium	mg/kg	NL	523 U	529 U	558 U	506 U	523 U	496 U	559 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	4.8	4.1	10.9	6.1 R	16.7 R	3.6 R	3.8 R
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.1)	1.2		1.1 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.86	0.58	0.82	10.8 J	1.1 J	0.13 J	0.71 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	6.3	3.6	8.9	4.3	11.1	8.2	4.4
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.4 U	1.6 U	1.4 U	1.4 U	1.4 U	1.3 U	1.4 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL	12500 J	11800 J	11400 J	7740 J	48300 J	19400 J	17100 J
Lead	mg/kg	400	4.6 J	2.3 J	6.1 J	72.5 J	29.5 J	107 J	5.3 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	523 U	529 U	558 U	506 U	523 Ú	496 U	559 U
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	14	4.1	10.1	19.7 J	62.1 J	68.7 J	34.3 J
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.028 U	0.031 U	0.028 U	0.027 U	0.028 U	0.028 U	0.028 U
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	4.2 U	4.2 U	4.5 U	4 U	4.2 U	4 U	4.5 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL	58.2 J	31 J	91.5 J	506 U	523 U	496 U	559 U
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.021	0.12 U	0.17	0.1 J	0.36 J	0.039 J	0,06 J
Silver	mg/kg	390	_1 U	,1.1 U	1.1 U	1U	1 0	0.99 U	1.1 U
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	523 U	529 U	558 U	506 U	523 U	496 U	559 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.029	0.012	0.062	0.067 UJ	0.07 UJ	0.066 UJ	0.067 UJ
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	10.7	8	18	11.9 R	57.4 R	6.3 R	8.3 R
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	10.3	7.9	9.6	41.3	28.3	12.5	11.7
WET CHEMISTRY									
pH	su	NL NL		3.66			3.96	5.26	
Solids, Percent	%	NL	90	85.9		90.1	83.6	90.8	90.2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL_		1413 J			1487 J	1441 J	

"T" in Location indicates Transect number

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Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

* - NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/. Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

TABLE 7 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

T		Sample Identification	T1TP1-SS1	T1TP2-SS2	T1TP3-SS1	T1TP3-SS2	T25TP9-SS1	T25TP9-SS2	T25TP9-SS3
		CLP Number	B7PT5	B7PW0	B7PW3	B7PW4	B7PS8	B7PS9	B7PT0
		Location	T1-Test Pit1-Sample1	T1-Test Pit2-Sample2	T1-Test Pit3-Sample1	T1-Test Pit3-Sample2	1	plicate of T3-Test Pit1-Samp	
		Area	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-01	Area-01
		Date	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	4/26/2010	4/28/2010
		Start Depth	8.5	9.5	7/22/2010	9.5	9.5	0	4
		End Depth	9	10	2	10	10	2	5
		Depth Units	ft	#	ft	f f	fr fr	i fi	ft
chemical name	result unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil		1.	12	11	 		
METALS						·	<u> </u>		
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	530 J	1790 J	1420 J	5120 J	3640 J	2070 J	1960
Antimony	mg/kg	31	0.18 UJ	9 J	0.22 J	0.32 J	0.43 J	53.3 J	0.33 R
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	1.1 J	67.4 J	1.2 J	6.5 J	6.3 J	21.4 J	2.2 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	3.6 J	19.2 J	12.7 J	35.7 J	34.1 J	144 J	9.9
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.06 J	0.16 J	0.089 J	0.89	0.43 J	0.2 J	0.12 J
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.025 UJ	0.14 J	0.1 J	0.16 J	0.11 J	0.37 J	0.094
Calcium	mg/kg	NL	428 U	516 U	469 U	888	892	542	524 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	1.8 R	5.9 R	4.4 R	12.9 R	10.8 R	10.5 R	5
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.3 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.15 J	0.81 J	0.68 J	2.7 J	2.6 J	1.6 J	0.84 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	1.3 J	5.8	2.6	14.9	11.9	40.1	17.5
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.5 U	1.5 U	1.4 U	1.6 U	1.5 U	1.4 Ü	1.4 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL	1940 J	4840 J	4890 J	11700 J	14100 J	12200 J	7810 J
Lead	mg/kg	400	4.7 J	296 J	23.2 J	20.2 J	19.7 J	1390 J	12.9 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	428 U	516 U	469 U	1150	760	533 U	524 U
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	4.3 J	12.9 J	5.8 J	54 J	36.7 J	37.4 J	19.2
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.032 U	0.031 U	0.028 U	0.03 U	0.038	0.027 U	0.028 UJ
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	3.4 ⊔	4 U	3.8 U	13.4	7.3	4.6	4.2 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL	428 U	516 U	469 U	931	668	533 U	120 J
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.047 J	0.26 J	0.18 J	0.4 J	0.49 J	0.51 J	0.16 J
Silver	mg/kg	390	0.86 U	1 U	0.94 Ü	1 U	0.15 J	1.1 U	0.082 J
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	428 U	516 U	469 U	512 U	514 Li	533 U	524 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.075 UJ	0.071 UJ	0.067 UJ	0.09 J	0.093 J	0.091 J	0.065 UJ
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	3,8 R	11 R	8.5 R	29.7 R	20 R	19 R	10.7
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	4.6 J	16.4	6.9	58	39.9	26.6	10.2
WET CHEMISTRY									
pH	su	NL NL							
Solids, Percent	%	NI.	79.3	81.5	87.5	82.5	82.5	84.2	92.7
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL							

[&]quot;T" in Location Indicates Transect number

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Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/. Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CDM

TABLE 7 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T25TP9-SS4	T25TP9-SS5	T25TP9-SS6	T2TP1-SS1	T2TP2-SS2	T2TP2-SS3	T2TP2-SS4
		CLP Number	B7PT1	MB7PT2	MB7PT3	MB7PZ9	B7Q04	B7Q05	B7Q06
		Location	blicate of T10-Test Pit1-Sam	plicate of T6-Test Pit2-Samp	licate of T11-Test Pit3-Samp	T2-Test Pit1-Sample1	T2-Test Pit2-Sample2	T2-Test Pit2-Sample3	T2-Test Pit2-Sample4
		Area	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02	Area-02
Į.		Date	4/30/2010	5/3/2010	5/5/2010	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/21/2010	4/22/2010
		Start Depth	0	1	0	4	7.5	6.5	0
l		End Depth	2	2	2.5	4.5	8	7	1
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							
METALS									
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	1630	2040 J	1420	713 J	4220 J	4000 J	1170 J
Antimony	mg/kg	31	2.8 J	1 1 1	2.3 J	2.5 J	0.15 J	0.85 J	15.4 J
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	7.3 J	3.8	24.4 J	1.8 J	4.8 J	3.2 J	7.8 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	14.5 J	9 J	12.5 J	5.6 J	17.6 J	14 J	8.6 J
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.16 J	0.18 J	0.59 U	0.51 U	0.43 U	0.49 U	0.16 J
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.054	0.074	0.078	0.11 J	0.065 J	0.04 J	0.071 J
Calcium	mg/kg	NL	533 U	501 U	586 U	506 U	426 U	491 U	523 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	6.7	6.9	5.9	3.3 R	11.2 R	9.7 R	5.3 R
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.1 UJ	1.1	1.2	1.3 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.93	0.65	1.3 J	0.37 J	1.8 J	0.62 J	0.4 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	12.3	10	43.5 R	4.3	5.5	5	13.9
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.5 U	1.4 U	1.6 U	1.3 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.3 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL	9430 J	11600 J	8150 J	7740 J	8510 J	6800 J	9580 J
Lead	mg/kg	400	22.4 J	33 J	15.4 J	24.1 J	8.1 J	26.3 J	266 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	533 U	501 U	586 U	506 U	426 U	491 U	523 U
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	18.6	31.5 J	15.3 J	19.7 J	14 J	14.7 J	19.1 J
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.02 J	0.023 J	0.03 U	0.028 U	0.028 U	0.03 U	0.026 U
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	0.63 J	1.7 J	4.7 U	4 U	3.4 U	3.9 ∪	4.2 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL,	114 J	119 J	84.5 J	506 U	426 U	491 U	523 U
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.21	0.15	0.13	0.072 J	0.19 J	0.16 J	0.14 J
Silver	mg/kg	390	1.1 U	1 U	1.2 U	1 U	0.85 U	0.98 U	0.098 J
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	533 U	501 U	589 U	506 U	426 U	491 U	523 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.073	0.035	0.034	0.067 UJ	0.069 UJ	0.073 ÜJ	0.063 UJ
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	13.7	12.6	11.3	5.8 R	25.4 R	23.1 R	8.5 R
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	9.2	13.7	8.3	41.3	12.1	10.5	20.2
WET CHEMISTRY									
pH	su	NL							
Solids, Percent	%	NL,	89.5	89.1	85.4	78.4	81.6	82.6	93.7
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL							

[&]quot;T" in Location indicates Transect number

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Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

- NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scd/.
 Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

TABLE 7

Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T3TP1-SS1	T3TP1-SS2	T3TP1-SS3	T4TP1-SS1	T4TP1-SS2	T4TP2-SS1	T4TP2-SS2
		CLP Number	B7Q07	B7Q08	B7Q09	B7Q15	B7Q16	MB7Q19	MB7Q20
		Location	T3-Test Pit1-Sample1	T3-Test Pit1-Sample2	T3-Test Pit1-Sample3	T4-Test Pit1-Sample1	T4-Test Pit1-Sample2	T4-Test Pit2-Sample1	T4-Test Pit2-Sample2
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04
\		Date	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	5/3/2010	5/3/2010
		Start Depth	0	4	7.5	0	8	0	5
		End Depth	2	4.5	8	2	8.5	2	6
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft ft	ft
chemical_name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil							
METALS	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	2460 J	966 J	487 J	1530 J	948 J	490	370
Antimony	mg/kg	31	35 J	2.8 J	0.16 UJ	80.5 J	0.95 J	0.11	0.034
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	25 J	3.4 J	1.2 J	7 J	1.8 J	4	0.55
Barium	mg/kg	16000	54.9 J	7.5 J	3.3 J	13 J	8.6 J	8.5 J	3.9 J
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.25 J	0.093 J	0.081 J	0.12 J	0.096 J	0.11 J	0.61 ↓
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.47 J	0.065 J	0.03 J	0.14 J	0.056 J	0.03	0.017
Calcium	mg/kg	, NL	573	526 ∪	535 U	535 U	514 U	510 U	605 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	13.4 R	6.3 R	4.1 R	6.8 R	4.9 R	3	2.6
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1	1.2
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	1.6 J	0.42 J	0.21 J	0.96 J	0.5 J	0.36	0.059
Соррег	mg/kg	3100	58.2	18.5	4.6	27.9	6.5	3.7	3 U
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.4 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.4 U	1.4 Ü	1.4 U	1.5 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL.	15800 J	6630 J	4430 J	8320 J	6510 J	9140 J	3500 J
Lead	mg/kg	400	1020 J	63.9 J	4.2 J	1380 J	27.7 J	2.9 J	2.4 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	537 U	526 U	535 U	535 U	514 U	510 U	605 ป
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	89.8 J	8.3 J	4.7 J	33.6 J	13.9 J	33.4	2.9
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.028 U	0.028 U	0.03 U	0.029 U	0.027 U	0.018 J	0.03 U
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	8.6	4.2 U	4.3 U	4.3 U	4.1 U	0.45 J	4.8 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL	537 U	526 U	535 U	535 U	514 U	73.9 J	50.9 J
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.76 J	0.15 J	0.059 J	0.18 J	0.12 J	0.15	0.12 U
Silver	mg/kg	390	1.1 U	1.1 U	1.1 U	1.1 U	10	10	1.2 U
Sodium	mg/kg	NL NL	537 U	526 U	535 U	535 U	514 U	510 U	605 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.076 J	0.066 UJ	0.071 UJ	0.069 UJ	0.067 UJ	0.022	0.021
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	18.7 R	11.5 R	8.7 R	11.8 R	9.8 R	6.9	4.1
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	44.2	7.1	6.3 J	22.3	12.5	40.5	7.3 U
WET CHEMISTRY		<u> </u>			1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
рН	su	NL.		3.9			1		3.62
Solids, Percent	%	NL.	85.9	85.7	83.5	81.8	88	91.1	81.7
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL NL		3301 J			 	 	1819 J

[&]quot;T" in Location indicates Transect number

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Exceedances highlighted in blue.

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http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

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http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

* - NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guldance/scc/. Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

TABLE 7 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T5TP1-SS1	T5TP1-SS2	T6TP1-SS1	T6TP1-SS2	T6TP2-SS1	T6TP2-SS2	T7TP1-SS1
		CLP Number	B7Q23	B7Q24	B7Q31	B7Q32	MB7Q35	MB7Q36	B7Q43
		Location	T5-Test Pit1-Sample1	T5-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit1-Sample1	T6-Test Pit1-Sample2	T6-Test Pit2-Sample1	T6-Test Pit2-Sample2	T7-Test Pit1-Sample1
		Area	Area-01	· '	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01
		Date	4/29/2010	Area-01 4/29/2010	4/27/2010	4/27/2010	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	4/28/2010
		l l			4/2/12010	4/2//2010	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	4/20/2010
		Start Depth	0	6		4.5	1	4	2
		End Depth	2	/		4.5	2	5	4
chemical name	result unit	Depth Units RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil	ft	·ft		ft	ft	ft	π
WETALS	Tesur_umt	TOO-NOTED CONG-SOII		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	2470	295	969	855	1280 J	514	725
Antimony	mg/kg	31	2.2 R	0.16 R	6.8 R	28.6 R	2.7 J	0.066	0.15 R
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	5.2.K	0.49 J	5.3 J	3,9 J	3.6	3.1	2.6 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	31.3	0.49 3	11.1	10.5	7.5 J	2.4 J	2.3
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.2 J	0,058 J	0,073 J	0.081 J	0.56 U	0.52 U	0.045 J
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.17	0.023 U	0.12	0.28	0.061	0.026	0.021 U
Calcium	mg/kg	NL NL	729	532 U	538 U	590 U	560U	517 U	500 U
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	7.3	3.3	5.8	6.7	6.2	7.4	2.7
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.1 UJ	1.3 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1	1.1	1.1 UJ
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.93 J	0.19 J	0.63 J	1.1 J	0.75	0.4	0.15 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	28.1	1.6 J	17	11.7 J	7.9	3.3	2.5 UJ
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1,4 U	1.6 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1,4 U	1.4 U	1.3 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL NL	9760	2210	7580	5470	8980 J	10300 J	17400
Lead	mg/kg	400	115 J	3.113	227 J	614 J	70 J	4.4 J	3.6 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL NL	546 U	532 Ü	538 U	590 U	560 U	517 U	500 U
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	34.8	4.4	21.6	15.6	16.8 J	7.9	5.1
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.072	0.042	0.059	0.076	0.03	0.027 U	0.032
Nickel	mg/kg	1600	4.4 U	4.3 U	4.3 U	4.7 U	4.5 U	4.1 U	4 U
Potassium	mg/kg	NL NL	311 J	40.1 J	113J	96.4 J	131 J	517 J	160 J
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.32 J	0.038 J	0.25 J	0.26 J	0.14	0.1 U	0.045 J
Silver	mg/kg	390	0.18 J	1.1 U	1.1 U	1.2 U	1.1 U	1 U	0.15 J
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	546 U	532 U	538 U	590 U	560 U	517 U	500 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.065 Ü	0.069 U	0.068	0.071 U	0.057	0.025	0.062 U
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	13.9	4.6	29	12.6	12	16	3.4
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	101	5.5 J	13	14	9.6	8.4	6.7
WET CHEMISTRY				·! <u>-</u>		.1	<u></u>		<u> </u>
pH	su	NL		T			Υ''	T	T' I
Solids, Percent	- %	NL NL	93.1	79.8	87.3	89	89.3	90.3	94.6
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL							T

[&]quot;T" in Location indicates Transect number

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards, Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

* - NJDEP Soi! Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/, Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

NL - not listed

U - non-detect

J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

SU - Standard Units

TABLE 7 Test Excavation Data Summary Soil Sample Results - Metals and Wet Chemistry Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site Old Bridge and Sayreville, NJ

		Sample Identification	T7TP1-SS2	T8TP1-SS1	T8TP2-SS1	T8TP2-SS2	T8TP3-SS1	T8TP3-SS2	T9TP1-SS1	T9TP2-SS1	T9TP2-SS2
		CLP Number	B7Q44	B7Q51	MB7Q55	MB7Q56	MB7Q59	MB7Q60	B7Q63	B7Q67	B7Q68
		Location	T7-Test Pit1-Sample2	T8-Test Pit1-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample1	T8-Test Pit2-Sample2	T8-Test Pit3-Sample1	T8-Test Pit3-Sample2	T9-Test Pit1-Sample1	T9-Test Pit2-Sample1	T9-Test Plt2-Samole2
		Area	Area-01	Area-01	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-04	Area-01	Area-04	Area-01
		Date	4/28/2010	4/27/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	5/4/2010	4/27/2010	4/28/2010	4/28/2010
		Start Depth	4	5	0	7	2	4	5	1	0
		End Depth	5	6	2	9	2.5	4.5	5.5	2	1.25
		Depth Units	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft.	ft	ft
chemical name	result_unit	RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
METALS					······································	·	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
Aluminum	mg/kg	78000	2370	1070	507	704	3530	3560	1520	4400	5470
Antimony	mg/kg	31	0.33 R	5.2 R	0.11	0.81	36.5	2.9	0.88 R	43.1 R	151 R
Arsenic	mg/kg	19	2 J	7.7 J	1.9	6.2	13.7	5	3.9 J	23.6 J	78 J
Barium	mg/kg	16000	10.1	11.8	10 J	24.8 J	40.6 J	35.8 J	23.6	52.9	138
Beryllium	mg/kg	16	0.39 J	0.12 J	0.51 U	0.54 U	0.58 U	0.46 U	0.14 J	0.33 J	0.44 J
Cadmium	mg/kg	78	0.086	0.33	0.046	0.03	0.097	0.14	0.26	1.8	5.5
Calcium	mg/kg	NL	527 U	625	510 U	542 U	576 U	459 U	1100	2170	6260
Chromium	mg/kg	120000*	5	3.4	4.5	9.8	12.6	10.8	6.9	7.8	66.3
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	mg/kg	240*	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	1,1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2 UJ	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ
Cobalt	mg/kg	1600	0.65 J	5.5 J	0.53	0.49	1	3.6	0.69 J	3.9 J	6.4 J
Copper	mg/kg	3100	16.4	17.8	3.8	10	8.8	11.4	5 J	159	188
Cyanide	mg/kg	1600	1.3 U	1.3 ∪	1,4 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.4 U	1.5 U	1.3 U	1.4 U
Iron	mg/kg	NL NL	22800 J	7420	8970 J	17000 J	13800 J	16600 J	19000	18300	23700
Lead	mg/kg	400	14.3 J	244 J	3.9 J	102 J	1000 J	61 J	70.7 J	1650 J	5080 J
Magnesium	mg/kg	NL	527 U	163 J	510 U	542 U	576 U	713	298 J	2490	3800
Manganese	mg/kg	11000	16.7	32.4	45.6	8.1	23.1	91.3	31.1	503	1140
Mercury	mg/kg	23	0.035	0.038	0.027 U	0.027 U	0.029 U	0.027 U	0.038	0.13	0.23 J
Nickei	mg/kg	1600	4.2 U	2.5 J	4.1\U	4.1 U	4.6 U	3.7 U	1.3 J	19.9	31.2
Potassium	mg/kg	NL	106 J	105 J	44.2 J	126 J	175 J	261 J	258 J	717	838
Selenium	mg/kg	390	0.14 J	0.17 J	0.045	0.13	0.32	0.11	0.19 J	0.17 J	0.43 J
Silver	mg/kg	390	0.19 J	0.13 J	1 U	1.1 U	1.2 U	0.92 U	0.2 J	0.29 J	0.61 J
Sodium	mg/kg	NL	527 U	478 U	510 U	542 U	576 U	459 U	556 U	529 ป	577 U
Thallium	mg/kg	5	0.065 U	0.063 U	0.04	0.032	0.079	0.079	0.091	0.12	0.27 J
Vanadium	mg/kg	78	10.9	11.7	12.1	22.9	24.1	18.6	16	10.7	30
Zinc	mg/kg	23000	13.3	25.8	6.1 U	19.8	11.3	18.8	45.7	95.8	285
WET CHEMISTRY											
pH	su	NL								7.21	
Solids, Percent	%	NL	91	94	87.5	89.2	90.3	90.6	84.1	91.3	88.4
Total Organic Carbon	mg/kg	NL					L			4828 J	

[&]quot;T" in Location indicates Transect number

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

SU - Standard Units

Exceedances highlighted in blue.

RBS-NJRDCSRS-Soil - NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based

Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/, Last accessed May 25, 2010

 NJDEP Residential Direct Contact Health Based Criteria and Soil Remediation Standards. Revised November 4, 2009.

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/srp/guidance/rs/. Last accessed May 25, 2010

NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria (mg/kg), http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/scc/.
 Revised 12 May 1999. Last accessed June 25, 2010.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram NL - not listed

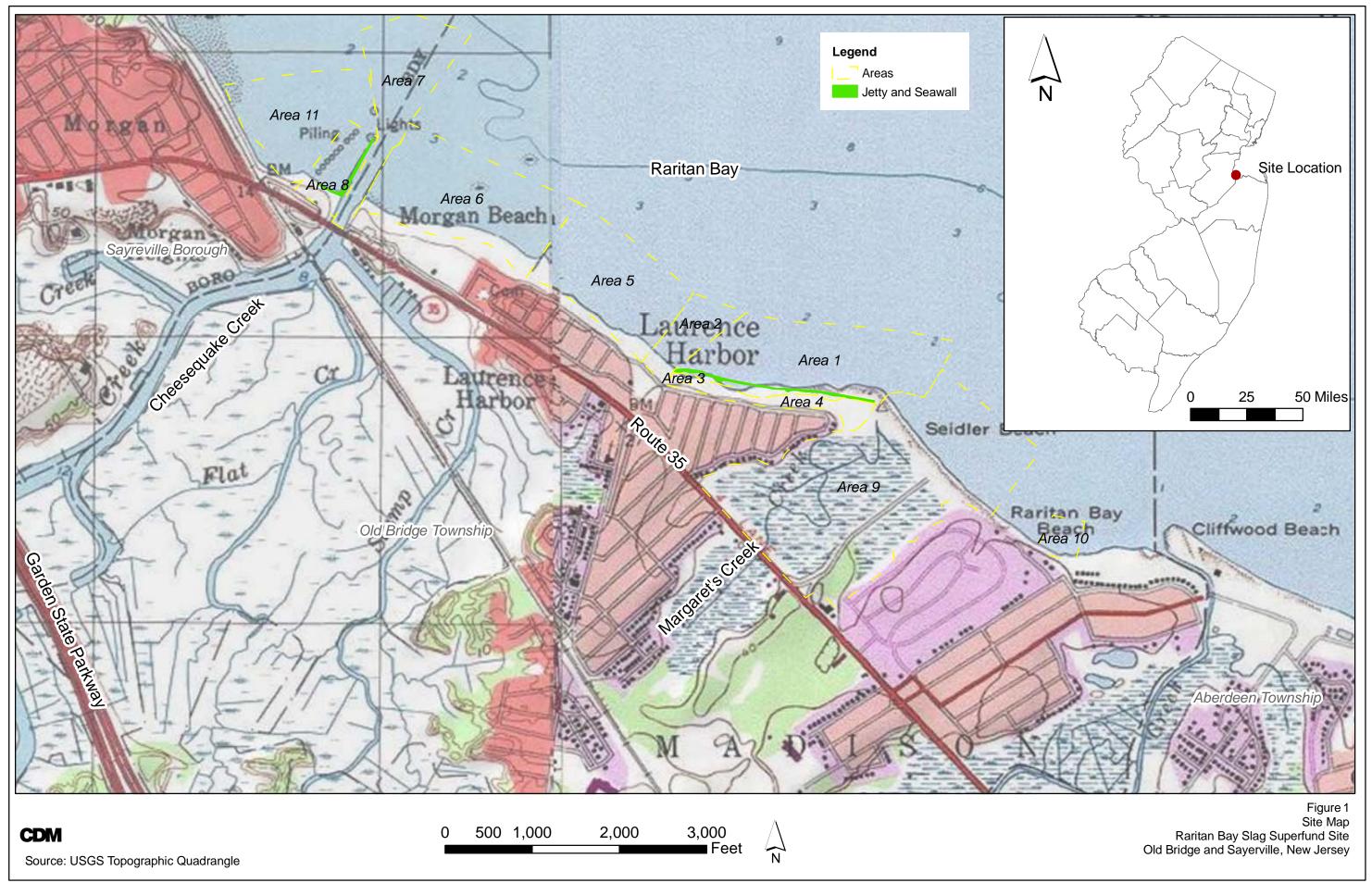
U - non-detect

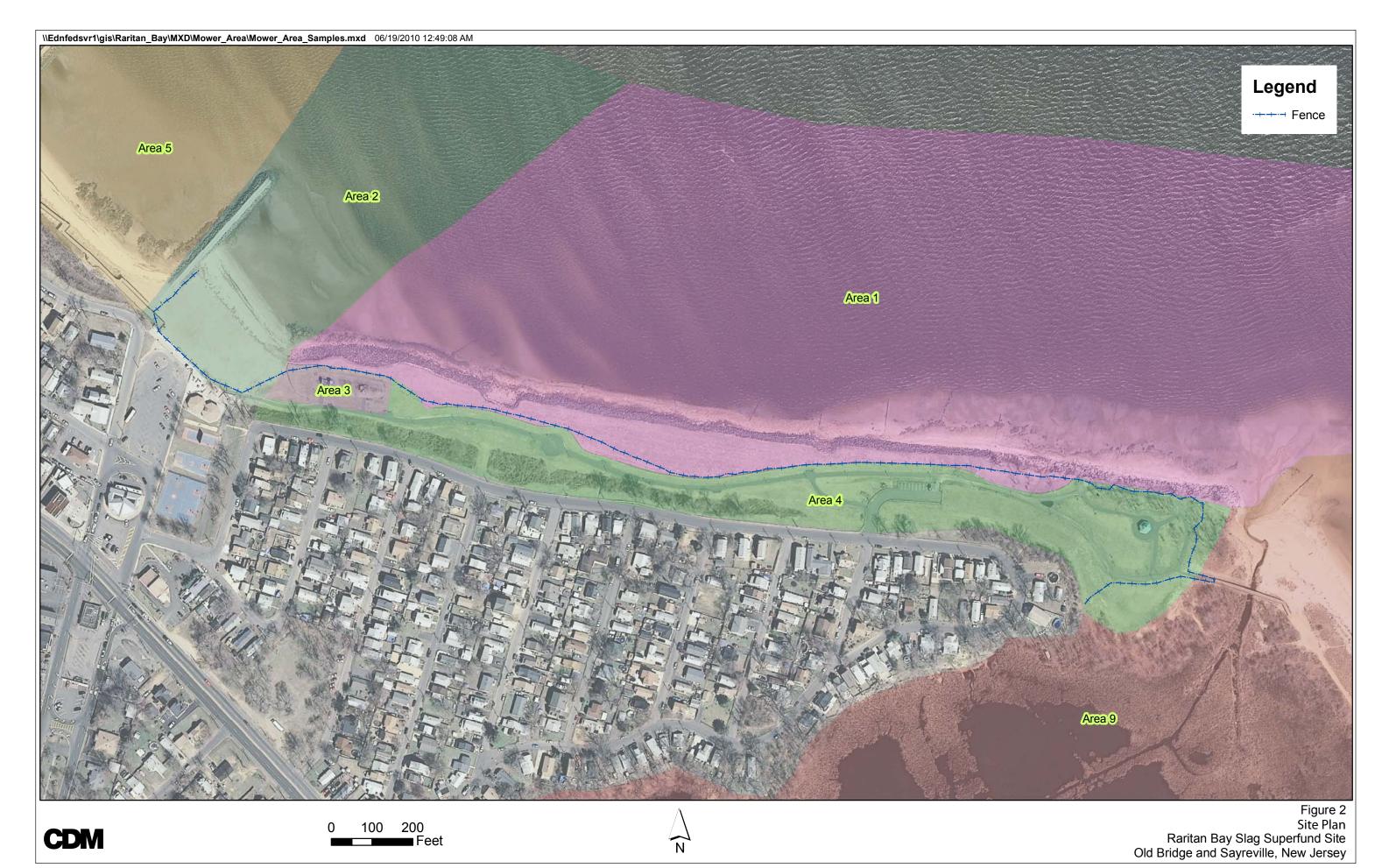
J - estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

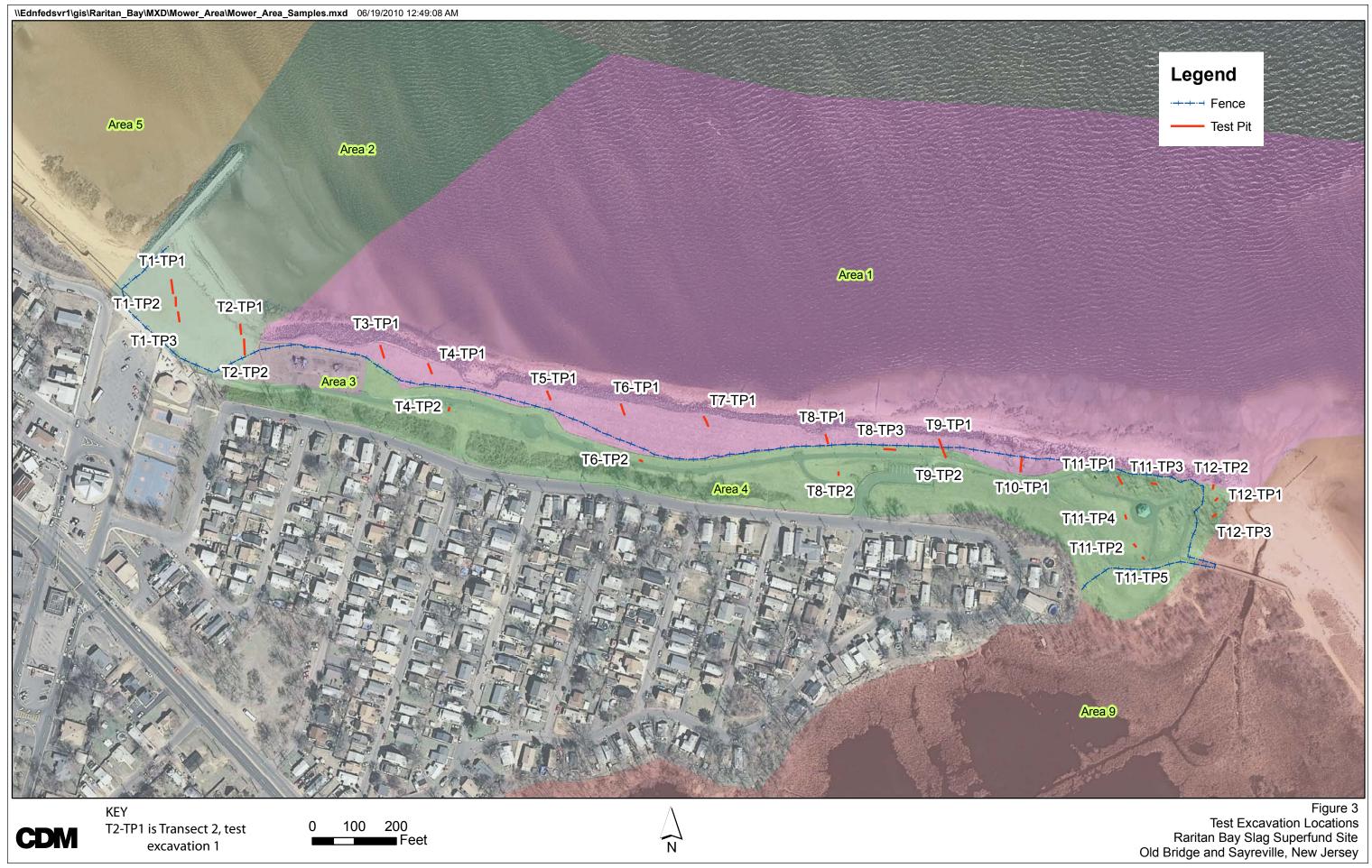
R - data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

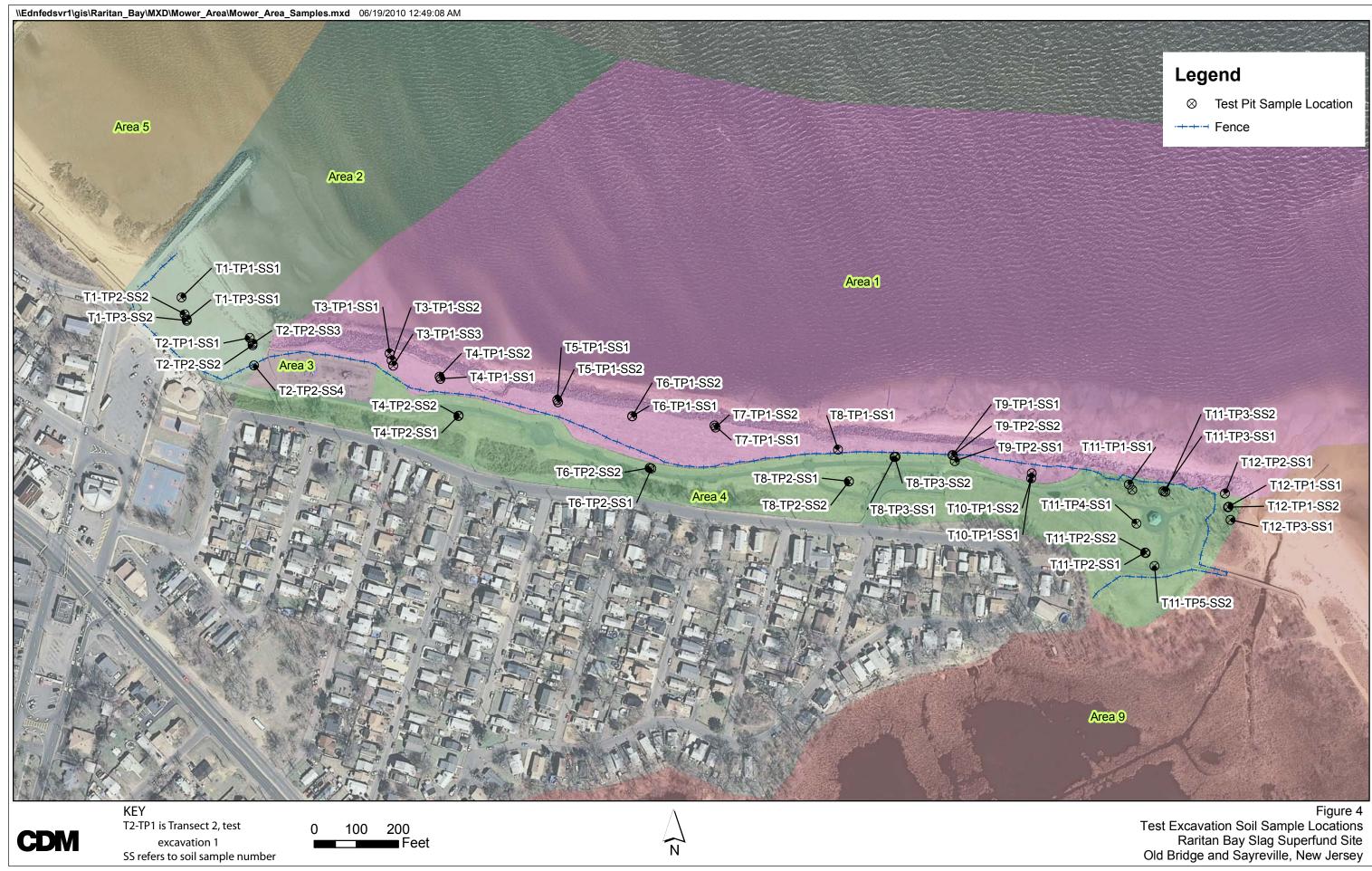
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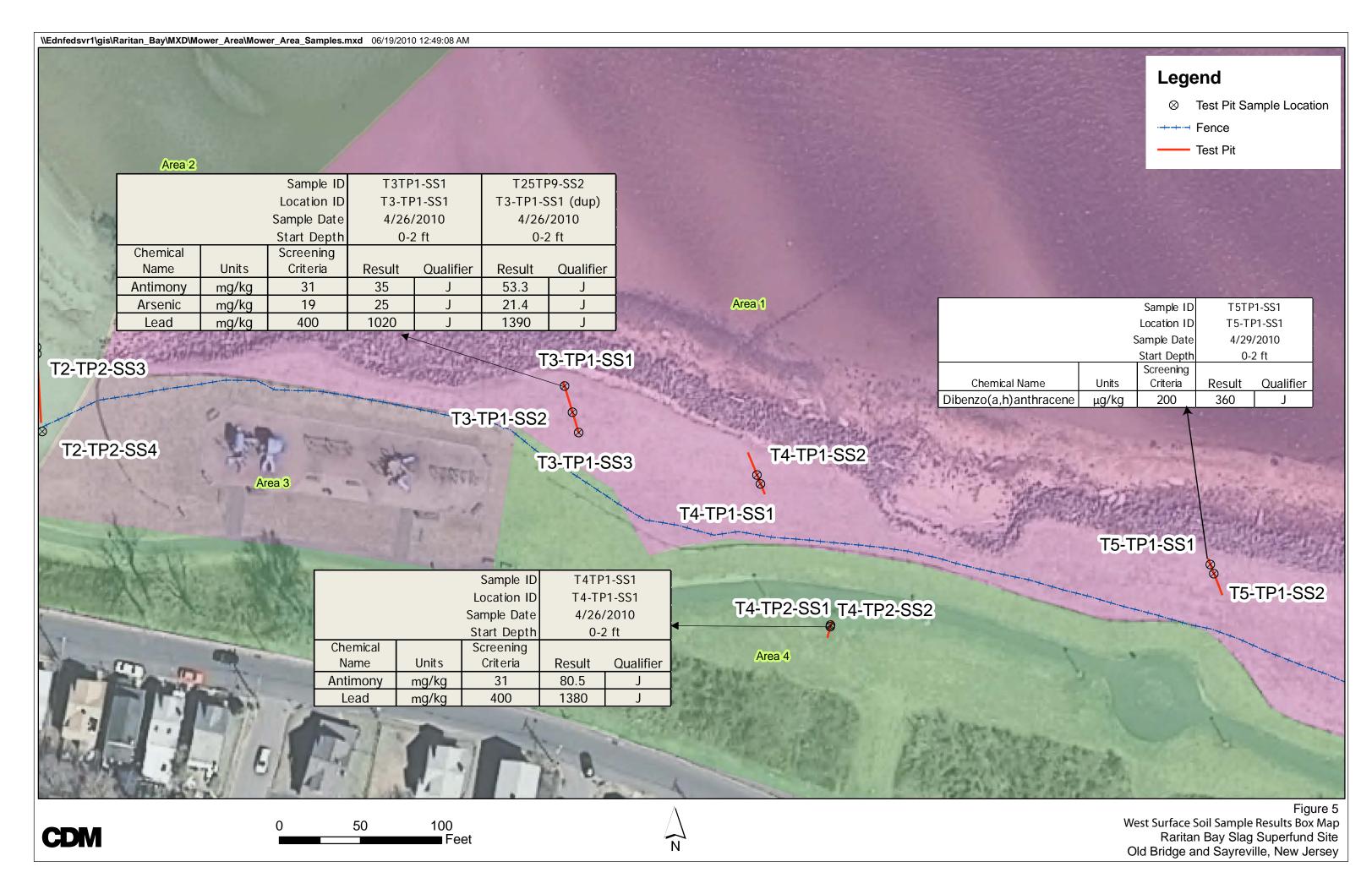
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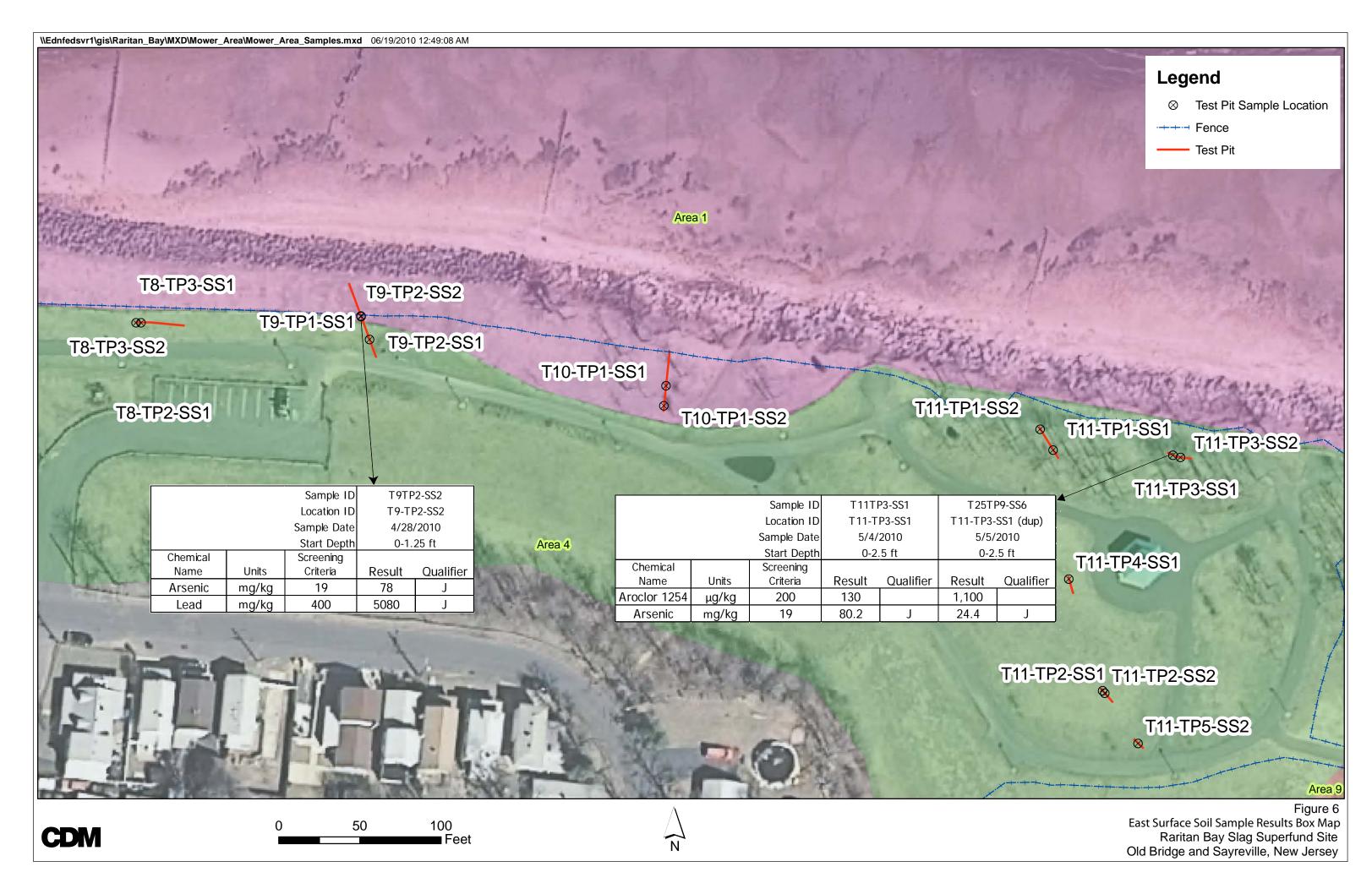


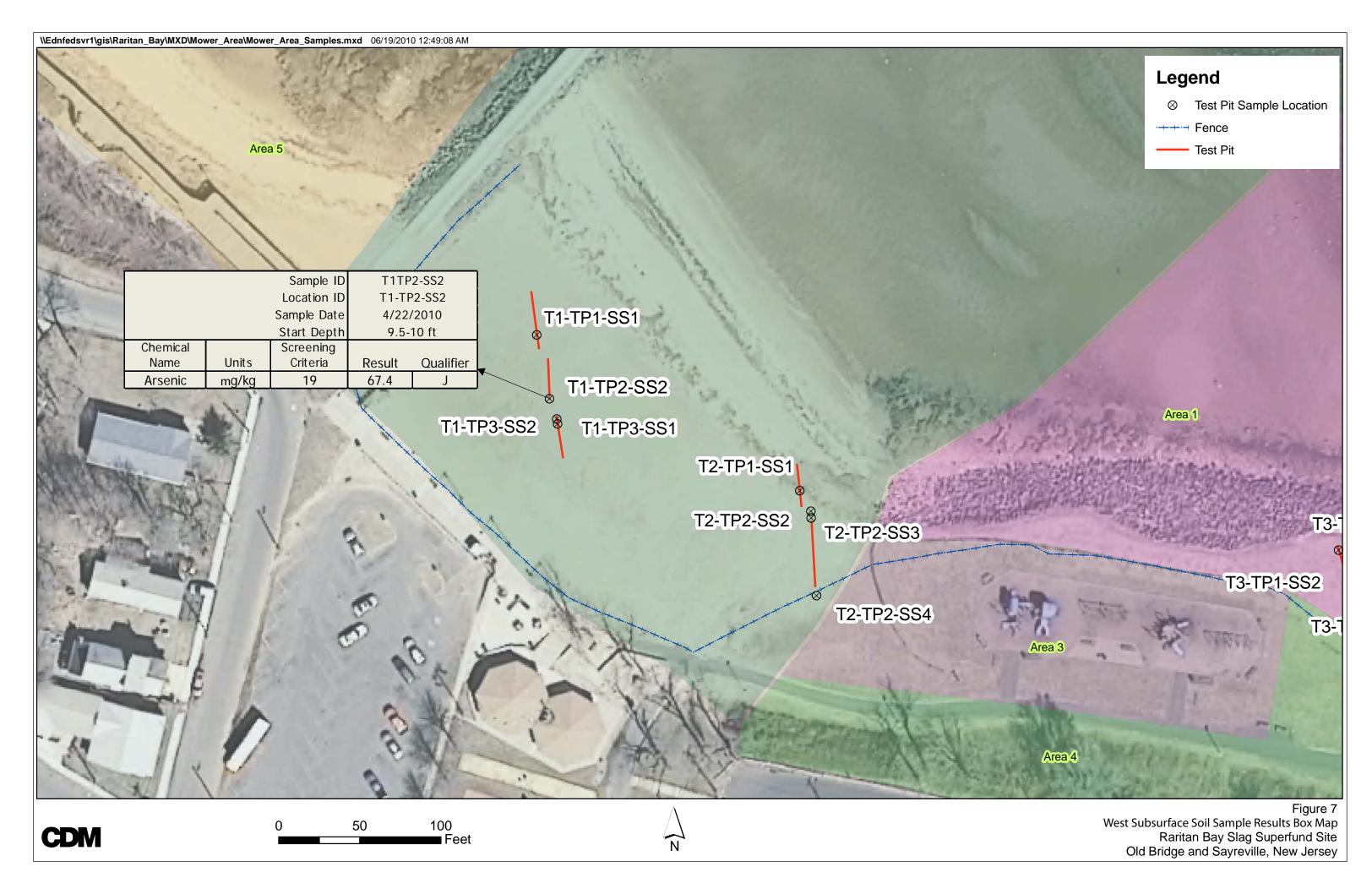


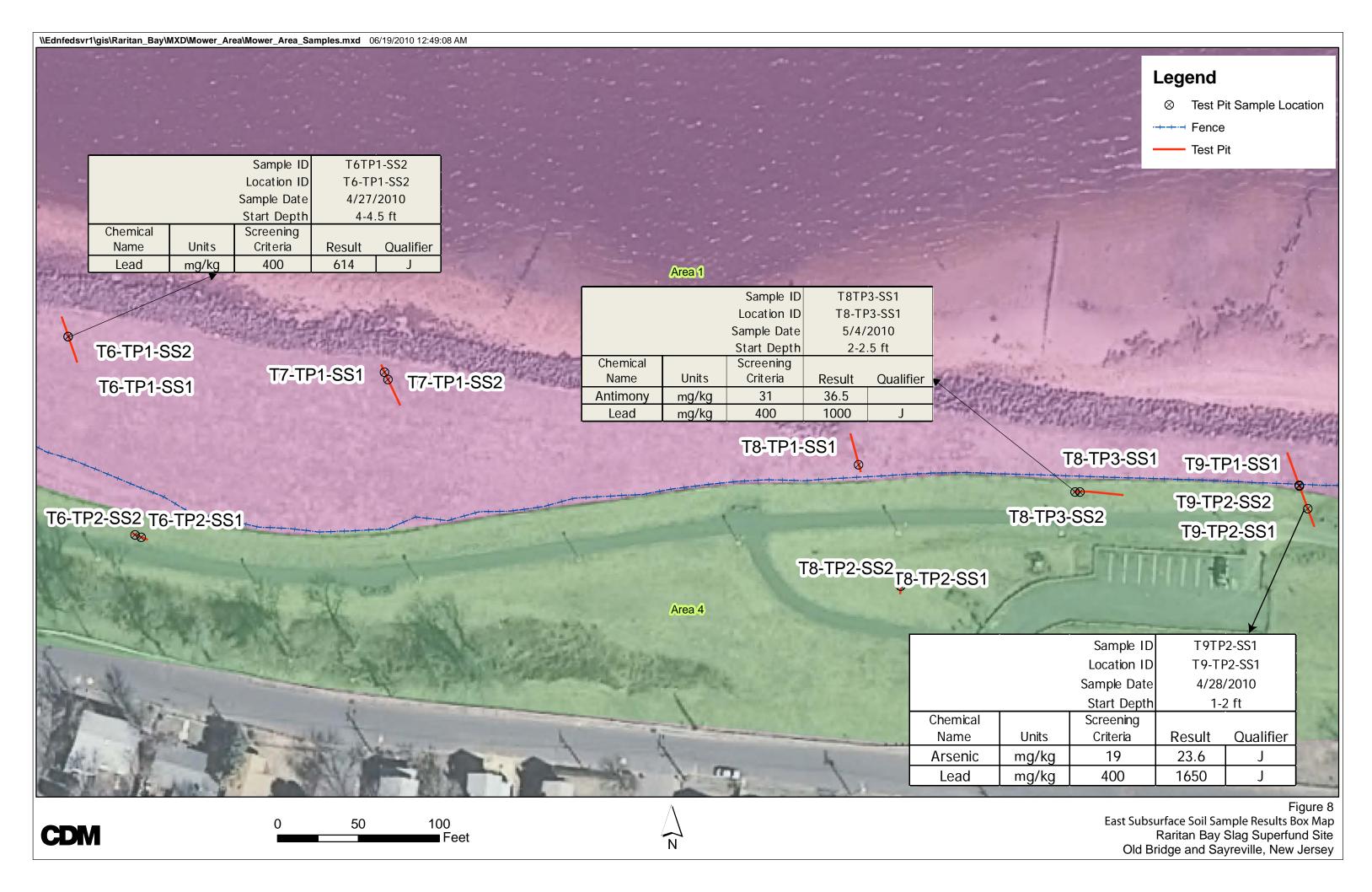


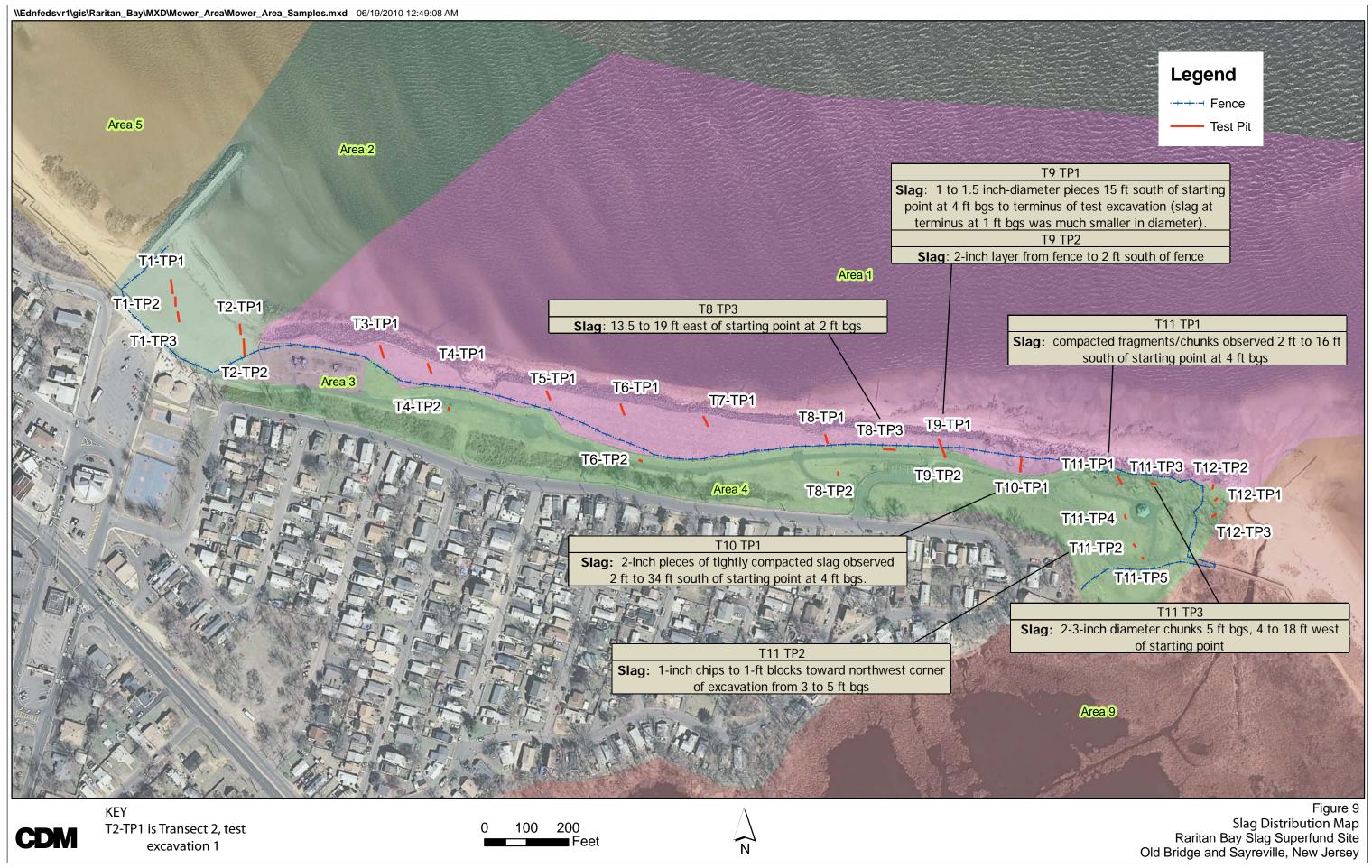












Attachment 1

Field Change Notices

RARITAN BAY SLAG SITE FIELD CHANGE REQUEST (FCR) FORM

USACE Contract No.: W912DQ-08-D-0018

REQUEST NO: 1			DATE:	4/19/10							
FCR TITLE: Particu	late monitoring acti	on level change		1000000							
DESCRIPTION: The particulate monitoring action level has been revised from 1 mg/m³ to											
0.1 mg/m³ because of	0.1 mg/m³ because of the proximity to the residential community. Trenching and sampling										
activities will be suspe	ended if the air conc	entrations of parti	iculate mat	ter exceed 0.1 mg/m³ for							
more than 5 minutes.	e.										
REASON FOR DEVIA	TION: Consultat	ion with EPA and	USACE de	etermined the need for a							
more conservative app	proach to particulate	e monitoring.									
RECOMMENDED MO	DDIFICATION: <u>T</u>	he particulate mat	tter action l	evel will be changed from							
$1 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ to } 0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3$	in multiple places	on Worksheet #17	b, pages 53	and 54 of the final QAPP.							
IMPACT ON PROJEC	T OBJECTIVES: r	none									
Dated Signatures:	Solv (Q) Field Teaper	Cender (F/L)	9/10								
	Choe	oraxt_	- 41	/19/10							
	CDM Task (Order Manager (TO	OM)	()							
Distribution:											
EPA Remedial Project	Manager	USACE	PM								
CDM TOM		Regiona	l Quality A	Assurance Coordinator							
Field Team		Project I	∃ile								

RARITAN BAY SLAG SITE FIELD CHANGE REQUEST (FCR) FORM

USACE Contract No.: W912DQ-08-D-0018

REQUEST NO: 2	DATE: _	4/19/10
FCR TITLE: Addition of surface soil samples		
DESCRIPTION:The collection of surface soil samples w	rill be add	ed to the text of the Sample
Collection Methods paragraph on Worksheet # 17b, page 5	2. The sur	face soil sample is
considered to be one of the 4 samples planned for each test	pit, so the	total number of samples
remains 120.		
REASON FOR DEVIATION: <u>Test excavations are schedu</u>	ıle to occu	r in Site Areas 1, 2, and 4 in
April 2010. Historical surface soil sampling in these areas is	limited. S	Surface soil sampling is
being added to the test excavation sampling to facilitate ear	ly collection	on of surface soils in the test
excavation areas. Surface soil sample data will be used to so	upplemen	t the existing surface soil
data for use in the RI and human health and ecological risk	assessme	nts.
RECOMMENDED MODIFICATION: The paragraph wil	l be amen	ded as follows: "One
surface soil sample will be collected from each of the 12 tes	t excavatio	on transects. Sample
locations will be alternated between Area 1 and Area 4 to p	rovide saı	mple coverage for both of
these areas. One surface soil sample will be collected in Are	ea 2. The s	ample collection method
will be as follows: At the beginning of each test excavation	n, a decon	taminated backhoe bucket
will remove soil to a depth of 2 feet. Soil samples will be co	llected fro	m the sidewall of the
excavation from the surface to a depth of 2 feet below the s	<u>urface. Sa</u>	mples will be collected
using a dedicated trowel. Sample collection procedures wil	I be the sa	me as those used to collect
subsurface soil samples. Sample analyses will be the same	e as those :	for subsurface soil samples
(QAPP Worksheet 18). Sample logging, screening (PID), ha	ndling, pa	ckaging, shipping, and
documentations procedures will be the same as the proced	<u>ures descr</u>	ibed in the QAPP for
subsurface soil samples.		
•		
IMPACT ON PROJECT OBJECTIVES: none		
Dated Signatures: Meld Team Leader (FTL)	<u>Tenn</u> u	ut

RARITAN BAY SLAG SITE FIELD CHANGE REQUEST (FCR) FORM

USACE Contract No.: W912DQ-08-D-0018

CDM Task Order Manager (TOM)

Distribution:

EPA Remedial Project Manager

CDM TOM

Field Team

USACE PM

Regional Quality Assurance Coordinator

Project File

Attachment 2

Test Excavation Logs

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T1-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER 74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/22/10 **COMPLETED** 4/22/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 25' L x 2' W x 9' D ____ GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 8.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Light brownish tan fine to medium SAND, medium gravel, broken angular granite fragments, broken red brick fragments, 2-3 whole cinderblocks, wood fragments, moist Test Pit Length: 25 feet Test Pit Width: 2 SW feet Test Pit Depth: 9 feet (SW) Light brownish tan medium SAND, trace silt, (wood piling observed at 2.5' bgs at 2' south of starting point) 2.5 SW (SW-SM) Light brown to dark brownish gray fine to medium SAND, very moist with some gray silt, moist SW-SM (CL) Dark gray CLAY with fine to medium sand striations, moist CL 5.0 (CL) Dark gray silty CLAY with trace fine to medium sand striations CL GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV (CL) Dark gray silty CLAY with trace fine to medium sand striations, wet at 8.25' bgs CL ∇ GRAB(100 / T1-TP1-SS1 (27 feet south of starting point) Bottom of test pit at 9.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T1-TP-2 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** <u>74541-6</u>402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/22/10 **COMPLETED** 4/22/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 27' L x 2' W x 10' D GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 CLAYEY GRAVEL, (SW) Light brownish tan fine to medium SAND, medium gravel, broken angular granite fragments, broken red brick fragments, dry Test Pit Length: 27 feet Test Pit Width: 2 SW feet Test Pit Depth: 9 feet (SW-SM) Brownish gray fine to medium SAND with gray silt, moist 2.5 SW-SM (SM) Dark gray silty SAND, some fine to medium SAND striations and some very dark gray to black organic material striations with the consistency of dried, broken asphalt 5.0 SM (SM) Dark gray silty SAND, trace darker gray clay banding, very moist SM

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN BAY TEST PIT LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV

GRAB(100 /

1

T1-TP2-SS2

R2-0003901

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T1-TP-3 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/22/10 **COMPLETED** 4/22/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 30' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ✓ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Light brown to tan fine to medium SAND, brick fragments and fine to medium gravel, dry GRAB 100 A T1-TP3-SS1 1 Test Pit Length: 30 SW feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 (SW) Light brownish tan fine to medium sand, fine to medium gravel angular granite fragments, feet trace gray silt, dry (Large concrete chunks encountered at 5.5' bgs depth) 2.5 SW 5.0 (SM) Dark gray silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, moist to very moist (large concrete chunks at 8' bgs and 10' south of starting point) SM 7.5 (SM) Dark gray silty SAND to sandy CLAY, moist to wet SM GRAB(100) T1-TP3-SS2, 2 Duplicate T25-TP9-SS1 Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL

CDM CDM 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T2-TP-1 PAGE 1 OF 1

	-	ax: 2	12-785-6114										
CLIEN	T <u>U.S.</u>	Army (Corps of Engineers				PROJECT NAME Raritan B	ay Slag Superfund	Site				
PROJE	CT NUM	BER _	74541-6402				PROJECT LOCATION Old I	Bridge, New Jerse	у				
DATE	STARTE	D 4/2	21/10	COMP	LETED	4/21/10	GROUND ELEVATION	TES	ST PIT SIZE 20' L x 2' W x 5 D				
EXCA	VATION (CONTR	RACTOR CEMCO)			GROUND WATER LEVELS:						
EXCA	VATION I	/IETH	DD Backhoe				$\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION $\underline{5.00~\mathrm{ft}}$						
LOGG	ED BY _	Гопуа	Bennett	CHEC	KED B	Y John Dougherty	AT END OF EXCAVATION						
NOTES	60's s	unny, d	cool				AFTER EXCAVATION						
O DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG		MATERIAI	L DESCRIPTION					
			Test Pit Length: 20	sw	a . a	(SW) Light to d fragments, moi		SAND with mediu	m gravel, trace broken asphalt				
_			feet Test Pit Width: 2	SW	0 0	(SW) Light to d	ark brown medium to coarse	SAND with fine gr	avel, moist				
-			feet	SW	ρ ο	(SW) Light to d	ark brown medium to coarse	SAND with fine gr	avel, moist				
2.5			Test Pit Depth: 5 feet	SW	SW Sw	(SW) Light to d fragments, moi	ight to dark brown medium to coarse SAND with medium gravel, trace red brick nts, moist						
2.5 SW						(SW) Dark brow gravel, moist	(SW) Dark brownish gray medium SAND , some sand covered clay clumps, trace medium						
	GRAB	100	T2-TP1-SS1	sw	o . o .	4.5		-	ne broken concrete fragments				
5.0				SW	p	(SW) Light brow	wn medium SAND with mediu	um gravel and woo	d fragments				
				•		· <u>*</u>	Bottom of	test pit at 5.0 feet.					

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T2-TP-2 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER 74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/21/10 **COMPLETED** 4/21/10 **GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE** 35.5' L x 2' W x 9.3' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 9.30 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 60's sunny, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Top soil, grass, roots (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND with fine to medium gravel, broken concrete and brick GRAB(100 / T2-TP2-SS4 fragments 1 Test Pit Length: SW 35.5 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 9.3 (SW) Light brownish gray fine to medium SAND with fine to medium gravel, concrete feet fragments, some sandy silty clumps, moist 2.5 SW 3.0 (SW) Light grayish brown fine to medium SAND with fine to medium gravel, moist SW (SW) Light grayish brown fine to medium SAND with fine to medium gravel, moist SW 5.0 (SW-SC) Light brown fine to medium SAND with medium gravel and dark gray clay clump, GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV SW-T2-TP2-SS3 GRAB 100

GRAB 100

3

T2-TP2-SS2

SW-SC

Bottom of test pit at 9.3 feet.

(SW-SC) Light grayish brown SAND, dark gray clumps of clay, trace gravel, wet at 9.3' bgs

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T3-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/26/10 **COMPLETED** 4/26/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 36' L x 2' W x 9' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ✓ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 9.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) U.S.C.S. **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Top soil, grass, roots GRAB(100 / T3-TP1-SS1, (SW) Light brownish tan fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, brick and concrete Duplicate fragments, dry T25-TP9-SS2 Test Pit Length: 36 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 9 feet 2.5 SW GRAB 100 / T3-TP1-SS2 5.0 GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV (SW) Tan fine to medium SAND, fine to medium cobbles with light gray fine to medium silty SAND, moist SW GRAB 100 A T3-TP1-SS3 3 (SW-SC) Light gray silty SAND with gray clay banding, moist SW-SC Bottom of test pit at 9.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T4-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER 74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/26/10 **COMPLETED** 4/26/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 30' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 OL (OL) Top soil, grass, roots 0.3 (SW) Light gray to dark brown fine to medium SAND, medium cobbles and brick fragments, dry GGRAB 100 T4-TP1-SS1 Test Pit Length: 30 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 SW feet 2.5 (SW-SC) Light brown fine to medium SAND with gray clay banding, trace silt, moist 5.0 SW-GRAB 100 A T4-TP1-SS2 Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T4-TP-2 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey DATE STARTED 5/3/10 COMPLETED 5/3/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 5' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO GROUND WATER LEVELS: $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---**NOTES** 70s rainy, humid GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Topsoil : | : ||0.3 (SM) Dark brown fine to medium silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, slightly moist to moist GGRAB 100 T4-TP2-SS1 Test Pit Length: 5 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet 2.5 SM 5.0 GRAB 100 T4-TP2-SS2 (SM) Dark brown fine to medium silty SAND with dark gray silty sand banding throughout, moist GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV SM

R2-0003907

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T5-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/29/10 **COMPLETED** 4/29/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 25' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) U.S.C.S. **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 OL) Top soil, grass, roots (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, some fine to medium gravel, dry to moist GRAB 100 T5-TP1-SS1 1 Test Pit Length: 25 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet 2.5 SW 5.0 RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV GRAB 100 T5-TP1-SS2 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, some fine to medium gravel, dark gray sandy clay banding, wet SW Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet. GENERAL BH / TP / WELL

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T6-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/27/10 **COMPLETED** 4/27/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 30' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, brick framents, dry to moist GGRAB 100 T6-TP1-SS1 Test Pit Length: 30 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet 2.5 SW GRAB 100 / T6-TP1-SS2 5.0 (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, brick fragments, dry to moist SW Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T6-TP-2 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey DATE STARTED 5/3/10 COMPLETED 5/3/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 20' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO GROUND WATER LEVELS: $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---**NOTES** 70s rainy, humid AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Topsoil OL | | | | | | | | | | | (SM) Dark brown fine to medium silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, moist to slightly moist GRAB 100 T6-TP2-SS1, Duplicate T25-TP9-SS5 2.5 Test Pit Length: 20 feet SM Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet GRAB 100 T6-TP2-SS2 5.0 (SM) Dark brown fine to medium silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, moist to wet SM

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T7-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/28/10 **COMPLETED** 4/28/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 20' L x 2' W x 10' D ____ GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Top soil, grass, roots OL 0.3 (SW-SC) Reddish brown clayey SAND, brick fragments, dry GGRAB 100 T7-TP1-SS1 SW-Test Pit Length: 20 SC feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet (SM) Light brown to dark brown fine to medium silty SAND with fine to medium gravel, moist Test Pit Depth: 10 feet 2.5 SM GRAB 100 T7-TP1-SS2 5.0 (SM) Light brown to dark brown fine to medium silty SAND with fine to medium gravel with light gray clay and silty sand banding, moist to wet GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV SM Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T8-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/27/10 **COMPLETED** 4/27/10 GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE 22' L x 2' W x 8' D **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO $\sqrt{2}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION <u>8.00 ft</u> EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, brick and concrete fragments, dry to moist Test Pit Length: 22 feet Test Pit Width: 2 SW feet Test Pit Depth: 8 feet (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, brick and concrete fragments, dry to moist 2.5 SW 5.0 GRAB 100 T8-TP1-SS1 (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND with light gray silty sand, trace to some red brick fragments, moist SW 7.5

Bottom of test pit at 8.0 feet.

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TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T8-TP-2 PAGE 1 OF 1

			one: 212-785-9123 12-785-6114									
CLIEN	IT <u>U. S.</u>	Army (Corps of Engineers			PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site						
PROJ	ECT NUM	BER	74541-6402			PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey						
DATE	STARTE	D _5/4	4/10 (СОМР	LETED	ED <u>5/4/10</u> GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE <u>20' L x 2'W x 12' D</u>						
EXCA	VATION (CONTI	RACTOR CEMCO			GROUND WATER LEVELS:						
EXCA	VATION I	METH	OD Backhoe			AT TIME OF EXCAVATION $\underline{11.80 \ \mathrm{ft}}$						
LOGG	ED BY	Tonya	Bennett (CHECI	KED B	BY _John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION						
NOTE	S _60s sı	unny, c	cool			AFTER EXCAVATION						
					T							
O DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION						
				SM		(SM) Topsoil and dark brown silty SAND, trace very fine gravel, moist						
-	G GRAB	100	T8-TP2-SS1	SM	1:1:1:1:	(SM) Brown to light orange/brown silty SAND moist						
			Test Pit Length: 20	′L		∷[0.8 ∵ (SW) Light orangish brown to tan very fine to fine SAND, moist						
			feet		0. 0	;						
-			Test Pit Width: 2 feet	sw	0 . 0							
			Test Pit Depth: 12		a	√ :						
			feet		.ه ن م	: 2.2 (ML) Dark gray to black clayey SILT, moist						
2.5						(ME) But gray to block oldyby GE1, most						
L _				ML								
-						□ 3.5 □ (SM) Brown to light brown silty SAND, moist						
				SM								
				Oivi								
-					<u> </u>	: 4.5 (SW) Yellow to tan very fine to medium SAND, moist, trace fine to medium gravel						
5.0					00							
				SW	0 0							
					2	. 5.8						
01/8						(SW) Light gray very fine to fine SAND, moist						
5					0 0							
<u> </u>				sw		· 1 • 1						
- 1	GMDAD	100	T0 TD0 000	-	å . o	; !						
7.5	GGRAB 2	100	T8-TP2-SS2	1		: 7.5						
Z					a	(SW) Dark gray very fine to fine SAND, moist, trace medium gravel						
				SW	a o	: 8.2						
					a	(SW) Trace brown very fine to medium SAND, moist, trace gravel						
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GENERAL BH 7 TP / WELL RARITAN BAY TEST PIT LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GPT 7/8/10 REV					o o.							
<u> </u>					ن ن ن	s: 12.0 ⁼⁼						

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TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T8-TP-3 PAGE 1 OF 1

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С	LIEN	T <u>U.S.</u>	Army (Corps of Engineers					PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site					
PI	ROJE	CT NUM	BER	74541-6402					PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey					
D.	ATE:	STARTE	D 5/4	1/10	СОМР	LETEC	5 /4/1	0	GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE _21' L x 2' W x 7' D					
				RACTOR CEMCO										
				DD Backhoe					AT TIME OF EXCAVATION test pit terminated above water table					
					CUECI	(ED B	V John	Doughorty						
			-	Bennett (CHEC	(ED B	1	Dougherty						
IN	OTES	60s su	iririy, C	:001					AFTER EXCAVATION					
	(£)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG			MATERIAL DESCRIPTION					
					OL		0.3		and dark brown silty SAND, moist					
ŀ	4			Test Pit Length: 21 feet		ه م		(SW) Light b	prown and tan very fine to fine SAND, moist, trace fine gravel					
				Test Pit Width: 2	0)4/	0 0								
	1			feet	SW	a								
-	4			Test Pit Depth: 7 feet		ρ δ.								
				। ८८।		p	. 1.8	(SW) Brown	to gray brown very fine SAND, trace silt, moist, trace fine gravel					
r	GRAB 100 T8-TP3-SS				SW	٠	2.3	(SW) SLAG	(13.5 to 19 feet east of starting point at 2 feet bgs)					
_2	2.5							(CL) Black s	ilty CLAY, moist					
					CL									
r	†				0_									
							3.5							
						o . o	,	(SW) Orang gravel	ish brown/tan very fine to medium SAND, trace silt, moist, trace fine to medium					
-	+	GRAB	100 /	T8-TP3-SS2	1	ه م		graver						
		2			ή	a .o.	•							
						ρ								
-5	5.0					b o								
Ţ.					SW	ء ن	1							
DT 7/8/10 REV	1													
8/10	4					0 0	-							
1/2														
S.GD	+													
ة 2						0 00	7.0							
.s									Bottom of test pit at 7.0 feet.					
5														
S.GP														
99														
<u>-</u>														
ST														
TI														
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GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.G														
ÆLL														
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AL B														
NER.														
E L														

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T9-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** <u>74541-6</u>402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/28/10 **COMPLETED** 4/28/10 GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE 21.5' L x 2' W x 10' D GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO ✓ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silty sand, fine to medium gravel, brick fragments, dry to moist Test Pit Length: 21.5 feet Test Pit Width: 2 SW feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silty sand, fine to medium gravel, brick fragments, dry to moist. SLAG (1 to 1.5 inch-diameter pieces 15 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs to terminus of test excavation (slag at terminus at 1 ft bgs and much smaller in diameter) 2.5 SW (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silty sand, fine to medium gravel, brick fragments, dry to moist. SLAG content decreased as trench was vertically and horizontally extended 5.0 GRAB 100 A T9-TP1-SS1 RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 SW 7.5

SM

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL

(SM) Light brown fine to medium silty SAND, moist to wet

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

R2-0003915

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T9-TP-2 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER 74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/28/10 **COMPLETED** 4/28/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 20' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ✓ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Top soil, grass, roots (CL) Reddish brown sandy CLAY, moist, SLAG (2-inch layer from fence to 2' south of fence) GRAB 100 A T9-TP2-SS2 CL GRAB 100 A T9-TP2-SS1 (CL) Reddish brown sandy CLAY with fine to medium brown SAND, moist 2.5 Test Pit Length: 20 feet Test Pit Width: 2 CL feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, fine to medium gravel, moist 5.0 SW (SM) Light brown to light gray silty SAND, moist to wet SM Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV

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TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T10-TP-1 PAGE 1 OF 1

	F	ax: 2	12-785-6114										
CLIEN	IT <u>U. S.</u>	Army	Corps of Engineers					PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey					
PROJ	ECT NUM	BER .	74541-6402										
DATE	STARTE	D _4/3	30/10	COMP	LETEC	4/30/	10						
EXCA	VATION (CONTI	RACTOR CEMCO)				GROUND WATER LEVELS:					
EXCA	VATION I	METH	OD Backhoe					$\overline{igspace}$ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION $\underline{10.00~\mathrm{ft}}$					
LOGG	ED BY	Tonya	Bennett	CHEC	KED B	Y John	Dougherty	AT END OF EXCAVATION					
NOTE	S _50's m	nild, co	ool					AFTER EXCAVATION					
O DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG			MATERIAL DESCRIPTION					
				OL		0.3		I, grass, roots					
	G GRAB	100	T10-TP1-SS1, Duplicate T25-TP1-SS4 Test Pit Length: 43	SM		2.0	(SM) Dark b	rown fine to medium silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, moist					
-			feet			2.0	(SM) Dark b	rown fine to medium silty SAND, fine to medium gravel, moist. SLAG (2-inch pieces					
2.5			Test Pit Width: 2				of tightly con	npacted slag observed 2 ft to 34 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs).					
			feet Test Pit Depth: 10)									
Feet Fit Deptit. 10 SM													
-													
						4.0							
_	GRAB 2	100	T10-TP1-SS2	1	0.0		(SW) Dark b	rown fine to medium SAND, trace silt and fine to medium gravel, moist					
-					0 0								
5.0				sw		,							
					ρ δ								
<u> </u>					b o	:							
<u>-</u>					ō	6.0	(0)10 =						
7.5				SW	0 0			rown fine to medium SAND, trace silt and fine to medium gravel with dark gray idy clay, moist					
<u>-</u>					0 0 .	8.0	(SW) Dark h	rown fine to medium SAND, trace silt and fine to medium gravel with dark gray					
				SW	o o			dy clay, moist					
<u> </u>													
10.0						10.0 💆		Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.					
GENERAL BH / IP / WELL RAKI AN BAY TEST PIT LOGS. GPU GINI S ID US.C													

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T11-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/29/10 **COMPLETED** 4/29/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 20' L x 2' W x 10' D **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **☐** AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (SW) Top soil, grass, roots, dark brown fine to medium SAND, dry GRAB 100 T11-TP1-SS1 1 Test Pit Length: 20 SW feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, fine to medium gravel, dry to moist feet 2.5 SW (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, dry. SLAG (4" to 6" diameter compacted fragments and chunks observed 2 ft to 16 ft south of starting point at 4 ft bgs) 5.0 SW GRAB 100 A T11-TP1-SS2 2 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt. SLAG was not observed after 16' south of starting point, moist to wet 7.5 SW

RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

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TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T11-TP-2 PAGE 1 OF 1

		F	ax: 21	2-785-6114										
- (CLIEN	IT <u>U.S.</u>	Army (Corps of Engineers				PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site						
- 1														
			_						GROUND ELEVATION TEST PIT SIZE _20'L x 2' W X 10' D					
				RACTOR CEMCO										
- 1				Backhoe					☐ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft					
- 1			-	Bennett C	CHECK	KED B	Y <u>John</u>	Dougherty						
Ľ	NOTE	S 60s su	ınny, c	ool					AFTER EXCAVATION					
	O.O (#)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG			MATERIAL DESCRIPTION					
					OL	: :		(OL) Topsoil						
ŀ	_	G GRAB	100		0_		0.8							
L	_			Test Pit Length: 20		0.0		(SW) Brown	o tan silty SAND, trace fine to medium gravel					
				feet	SW	0 0								
+	-			Test Pit Width: 2 feet		à	1.8							
	_			Test Pit Depth: 10		0 6	1.0	(SW) Orange	tan very fine to medium SAND					
				feet		b								
H	2.5				SW		:							
	_													
						ه ه								
┢	_						3.5	(SM) Gray to	brown silty SAND, SLAG (1-inch chips to 1-foot blocks toward northwest corner of					
								excavation from	om 3 to 5 ft bgs)					
ı	_				SM									
ŀ	_				Oivi									
	5.0						5.0							
r	5.0	GRAB	100	T11-TP2-SS2			0.0	(CL) Gray to	plack silty CLAY					
- ⊡	_	2												
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GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV									Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.					
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1/TP														
H B														
ERA														
GE														

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T11-TP-3 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey DATE STARTED 5/5/10 COMPLETED 5/5/10 GROUND ELEVATION _____ TEST PIT SIZE 28' L x 2' W x 6' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe AT TIME OF EXCAVATION _--- test pit terminated above water table LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 60s sunny, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) U.S.C.S. **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Topsoil, roots OL GGRAB 100 T11-TP3-SS1, Duplicate (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, fine to medium gravel, dry 1 T25-TP9-SS6 Test Pit Length: 28 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet 2.0 Test Pit Depth: 6 (SW) SAA, moist feet 2.5 SW (SW) SAA with SLAG (2 to 3-inch diameter chunks 5 feet bgs and 4 to 18 feet west of starting point) 5.0 SW GRAB 100 T11-TP3-SS2 GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 2 Bottom of test pit at 6.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T11-TP-4 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 5/15/10 **COMPLETED** 5/15/10 GROUND ELEVATION _____ TEST PIT SIZE _5' L x 2' W x 7' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe AT TIME OF EXCAVATION _--- test pit terminated above water table LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 60s sunny, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) U.S.C.S. **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Topsoil OL 0.3 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silty sand, fine to medium gravel, moist G GRAB 100 T11-TP4-SS1 1 Test Pit Length: 5 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 7 feet 2.5 SW 5.0 Bottom of test pit at 7.0 feet.

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T11-TP-5 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site PROJECT NUMBER _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey DATE STARTED 5/5/10 COMPLETED 5/5/10 GROUND ELEVATION _____ TEST PIT SIZE $\underline{5' L x 2' W x 7' D}$ GROUND WATER LEVELS: EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe AT TIME OF EXCAVATION _--- test pit terminated above water table LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---NOTES 60s sunny, cool AFTER EXCAVATION _---SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) U.S.C.S. REMARKS MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 (OL) Topsoil OL 0.3 (SW) Dark brown fine to medium SAND, trace silty sand, fine to medium gravel, moist Test Pit Length: 5 feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 7 feet 2.5 SW 5.0 GENERAL BH / TP / WELL_RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ_GINT STD_US.GDT_7/8/10_REV GRAB 100 A T11-TP5-SS2 Bottom of test pit at 7.0 feet.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T12-TP-1 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123 Fax: 212-785-6114 CLIENT U. S. Army Corps of Engineers PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site **PROJECT NUMBER** _74541-6402 PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jersey **DATE STARTED** 4/23/10 **COMPLETED** 4/23/10 **GROUND ELEVATION** TEST PIT SIZE 12' L x 2' W x 10' D EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR CEMCO **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ✓ AT TIME OF EXCAVATION 10.00 ft EXCAVATION METHOD Backhoe LOGGED BY Tonya Bennett CHECKED BY John Dougherty AT END OF EXCAVATION _---AFTER EXCAVATION _---NOTES 50's mild, cool SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER % GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY U.S.C.S. DEPTH (ft) **REMARKS** MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0.0 OL) Top soil, grass, roots (SW) Light brown fine to medium SAND with some silt, some brick fragments, broken concrete GRAB 100 A T12-TP1-SS1 fragments, dry Test Pit Length: 12 SW feet Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 (SM) Light brownish red fine to medium silty SAND, moist feet 2.5 SM (SM) Light brownish red fine to medium silty SAND with black clay banding, moist 5.0 SM (SM) Light brownish red to light gray fine to medium silty SAND with fine to medium SAND, SM (SW) Light gray medium SAND with some silty and fine to medium gravel, moist SW GRAB 100 A T12-TP1-SS2 2

RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL

Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.

CDM CDM 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T12-TP-2 PAGE 1 OF 1

			12-785-6114										
CLIEN'	T U.S.	Army (Corps of Engineers				PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site						
		_	23/10										
			RACTOR CEMCO										
			DD Backhoe										
			_										
		-	Bennett (SHEGR	(ED BI	John Dougherty							
NOTES	50's m	ilia, co	OI	1			AFTER EXCAVATION						
O DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG		MATERIAL DESCRIPTION						
				OL			pil, grass, roots						
			Test Pit Length: 16 feet	-		0.5 (SW) Light	brown fine to medium SAND, broken brick fragments, dry						
			Test Pit Width: 2		o o .	(OVV) Light	biowithine to mediam orang, bioken blick fragments, dry						
			feet	SW	o . o ·								
			Test Pit Depth: 10 feet		a o .								
					0 0.	2.0							
					b o:	(SW) Light	brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt, moist						
2.5					0								
				CVA	ö ö .								
_ 1				SW	å o								
					00								
	1				0 0	4.0							
- 1							brown fine to medium silty SAND with light gray medium silty SAND, moist						
5.0													
- 0.0				SM									
						6.0							
_						(SM) Light	nt brownish red fine to medium silty SAND with dark gray to light gray fine silty SAND						
-	GRAB	100	T12-TP2-SS1			striations, n	ations, moist (Concrete chunks observed at 7' bgs at 2' west of starting point)						
	1	(100)	112-11 2-331	1									
_				SM									
7.5													
						8.0							
_ 1					0. 0.	(SW) Light	gray medium SAND with some silty and fine gravel, moist to wet						
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					b a								
10.0					ه ه	10.0 ▽							
				•	•4	<u>*</u>	Bottom of test pit at 10.0 feet.						

CDM 125 Maiden Lane, 5th Floor New York, NY 10038 Telephone: 212-785-9123

GENERAL BH / TP / WELL RARITAN_BAY_TEST_PIT_LOGS.GPJ GINT STD US.GDT 7/8/10 REV.

TEST PIT NUMBER TP-T12-TP-3 PAGE 1 OF 1

	F	ax: 2	12-785-6114											
CLIEN	T U.S.	Army (Corps of Engineers					PROJECT NAME Raritan Bay Slag Superfu	ınd Site					
PROJE	ECT NUM	BER	74541-6402					PROJECT LOCATION Old Bridge, New Jer	rsey					
DATE	STARTE	D 4/2	23/10	СОМРІ	LETED	4/23/10)	GROUND ELEVATION T	EST PIT SIZE <u>29' L x 2' W x 10' D</u>					
			RACTOR CEMCO					GROUND WATER LEVELS:						
			OD Backhoe											
			Bennett											
	50's m	-						AFTER EXCAVATION						
O DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	REMARKS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG			MATERIAL DESCRIPTIO	N					
				OL		0.3	OL) Top soil	grass, roots						
			Test Pit Length: 29 feet	9	a . a	(SW) Light br	own fine to medium SAND, brick fragments, se	ome gravel, dry					
			Test Pit Width: 2 feet Test Pit Depth: 10 feet	SW	ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο	2.0								
2.5				SW	a	(f	SW) Light br	own fine to medium SAND with some silt, dry to tree	to moist, live tree roots observed					
5.0				SM			(SM) Light br noist	ownish red fine to medium silty SAND with sor	ne light gray medium silty sand,				
1	GRAB	100	T12-TP3-SS1	/			SM) Light gr	ay and brownish red silty SAND, trace fine grav	vel, moist to very moist					
7.5	1			SM		8.0	O. 10 D							
10.0				SM			SM) Brownis noist	h red silty SAND with fine to medium gravel ar	nd light gray fine to medium sand,					
10.0			<u></u>	-				Bottom of test pit at 10.0 fe	eet.					

Attachment 3

Non-Hazardous Bills of Lading

MIDDLESEX COUNTY UTILITIES AUTHORITY

Solid Waste Division

Administrative Office - 53 Edgeboro Road East Brunswick, NJ 08816 (732) 246-4313 Fax (732) 246-8846

MIDDLESEX COUNTY LANDFILL FACILITY I.D. NO. 1204A INVOICE / RECEIPT DOCUMENT NUMBER

92614009

CUSTOMER COPY

BIII To: CEMC085822 CEMCO INC PO BOX 212

1,000

Hauler: CEMC085822 CEMCO INC PO BOX 212

HAINESPORT NJ

NJ 08036

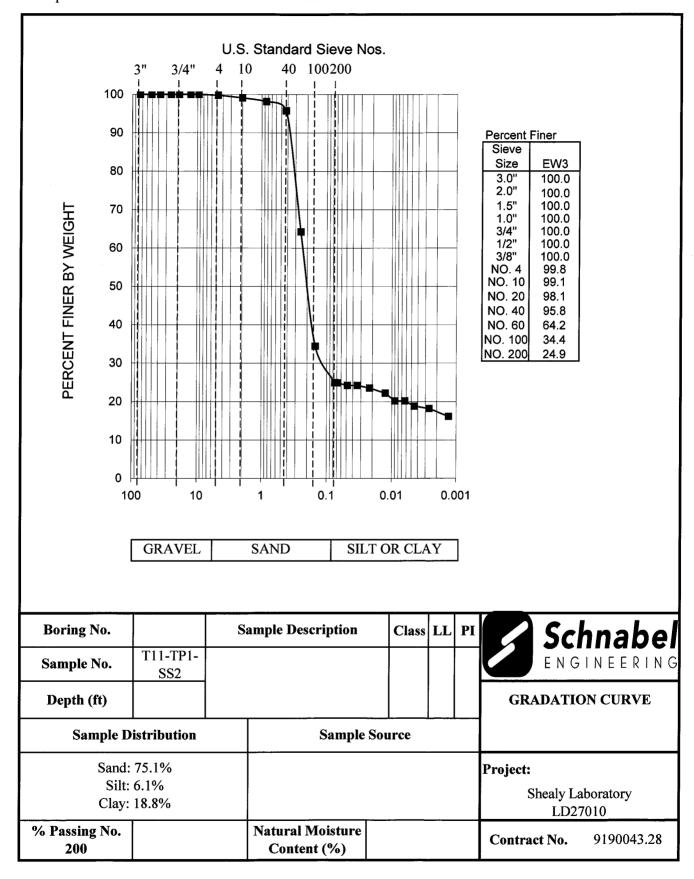
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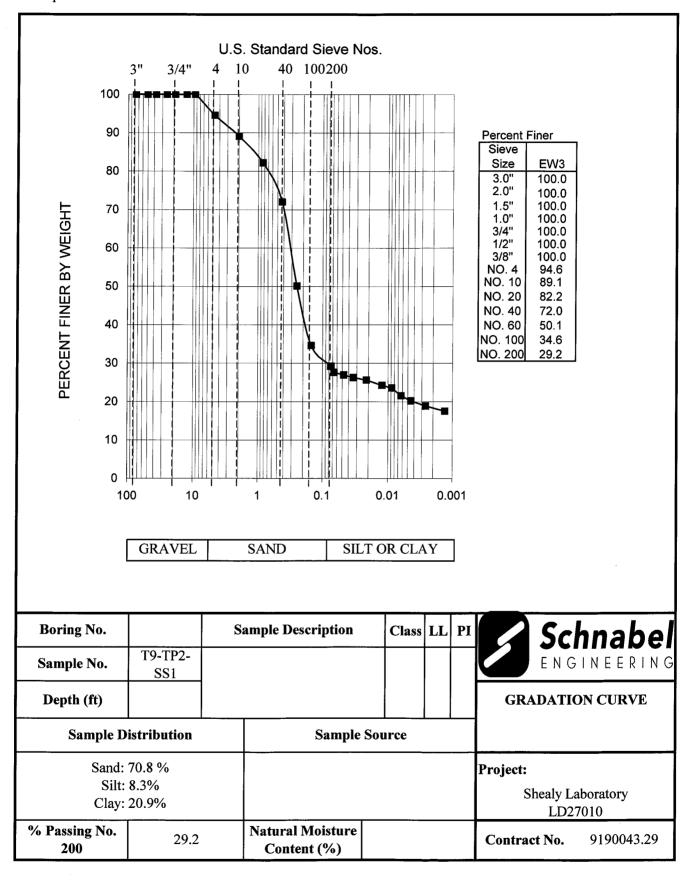
NJ 08036

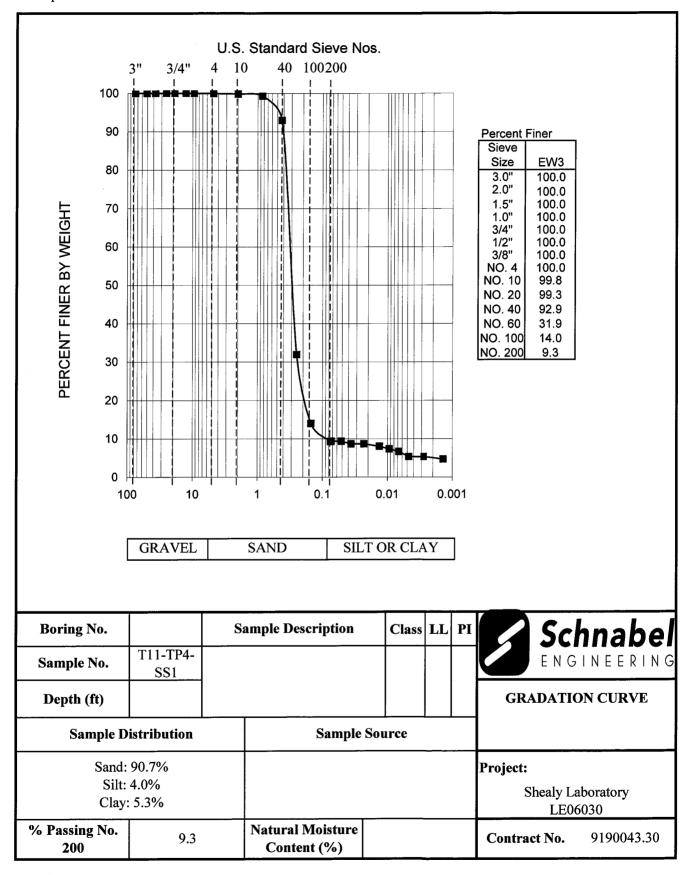
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e to deliver solid	waste for dis	posal in accor	dance with current Midd	tesex County ballin Author of true to me to the total	rity landfill policies		Total		

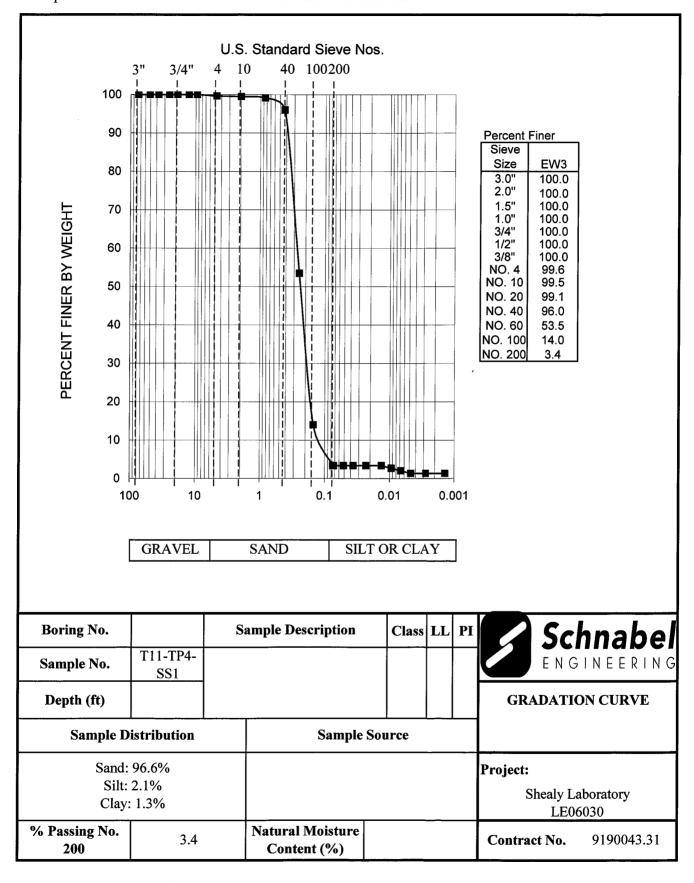
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	5. (Generator's Name and Mailir	ng Address		•	Generator	s Site Address	(If different	than mailing add	ress)			
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	2	90 Broadway					Rarita	n Bay Sk	ag Superfu	nd Site			
		Hermon Souther NY 1000	70	(212)637-4410	}		Old Bri	dae Tou	nship, NJ	ilu Oite			
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	8 1	Designated Facility Name an	nd Site Address						U.S. EPA ID	Number			
	Ň	/liddlesex County l	Jtilties Authority						0.0. LI A ID	Humosi			
	5	3 Edgeboro Road	1										ĺ.
		ast Brunswick, NJ	J 08816						1				12
	Fac	cility's Phone: (732	2) 246-4313			r_							
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	14.	GENERATOR'S CERTIFIC	ATION: I certify the materials des	scribed above on this manifest	are not subjec	ct to federal	regulations for	reporting pro	oper disposal of I	Hazardous Wa	iste.		
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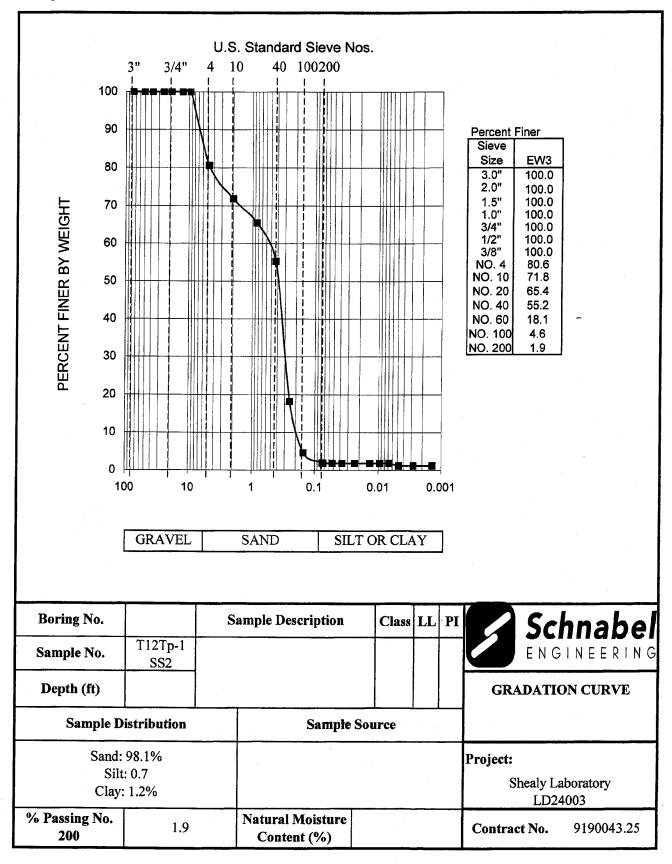
Attachment 4 Grain Size Distribution Curves

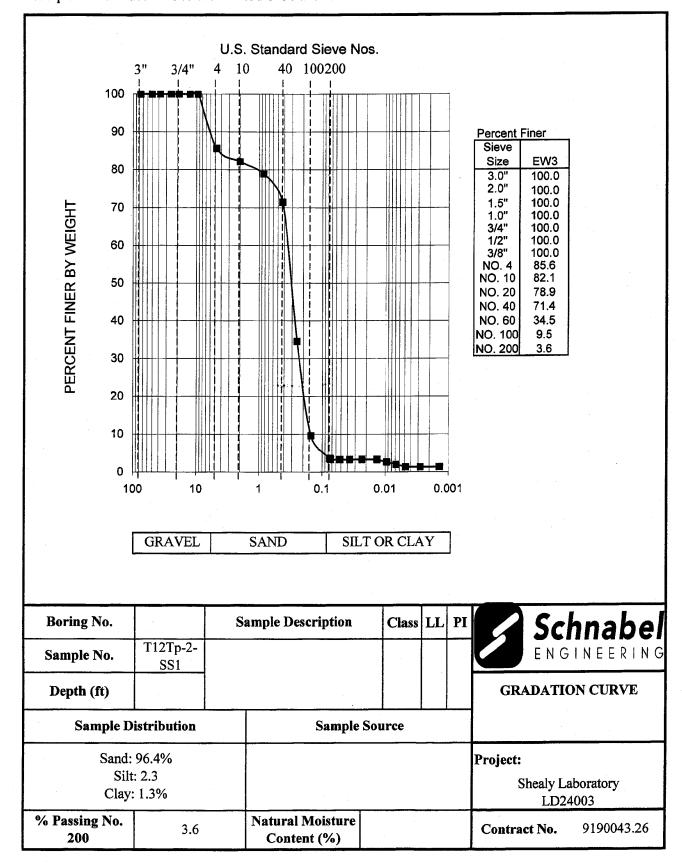


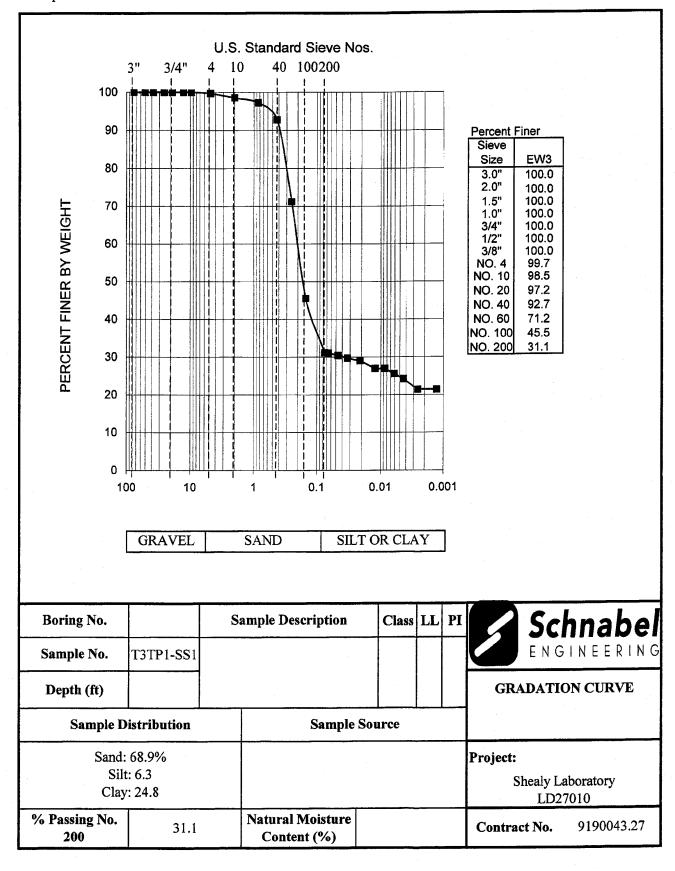












Attachment 5

Data Usability Summary and Data Validation Reports

Data Usability Summary April and May 2010 Trench Soil Sampling Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site, Old Bridge/Sayreville, New Jersey

A5.1 Overview

CDM evaluated the quality and usability of data for the April and May 2010 trench soil sampling event as part of the early actions for the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) at the Raritan Bay Slag Superfund Site (the site) located within Old Bridge and Sayreville, New Jersey. The purpose of the trench soil sampling event was to determine the distribution of slag in the vicinity of the seawall and beach to facilitate potential early remedial actions at the site.

CDM's evaluation is based on chemical data quality indicators (DQIs) defined in CDM's Final Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) for Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation, April 2010. Quantitative and qualitative goals and limits were established in the QAPP for field and laboratory data to assess whether the project goals were met. DQIs are expressed in terms of precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, completeness, and sensitivity which are defined as follows:

- Precision is a quantitative term that measures the degree of agreement between measurements of the same property and is expressed in terms of relative percent difference (RPD) between duplicate determinations. It is typically assessed through the analysis of duplicate/co-located samples.
- Accuracy is a quantitative term that expresses the degree of agreement for a given measurement against an accepted reference value. It is typically assessed through the analysis of matrix spikes (MSs), laboratory control samples (LCSs), surrogates, calibration check samples, serial dilutions, inductively coupled plasma (ICP) results (ICP interference check standards and ICP serial dilutions).
- Representativeness is a qualitative term that expresses the degree to which sample data represents the actual matrix conditions. Requirements and procedures for sample collection are designed to maximize sample representativeness.
- Comparability is a qualitative term that expresses the confidence with which a data set can be compared with another. Strict adherence to standard sample collection procedures, analytical detection limits, and analytical methods assures that data from like samples and sample conditions are comparable.
- Completeness is a quantitative term that compares the actual amount of valid data obtained versus the amount planned under optimal conditions.
- Sensitivity is a quantitative term that expresses the minimum concentration(s) at which undetected contaminants of interest should be reported to allow comparison with the applicable project criteria.

A summary of the data collected during the April and May 2010 trench soil sampling event is provided below.

Target Compound List (TCL) volatile organic compounds (VOCs), percent moisture, semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and Target Analyte List (TAL) metals, including mercury (Hg), hexavalent chromium (hexchrom), and cyanide (CN) data from 45 trench soil samples. Total organic carbon (TOC) and pH were collected from seven trench samples.

VOC, SVOC, pesticide, and PCB samples were analyzed by A4 Scientific located in The Woodlands, Texas and metals were analyzed by Chemtech located in Mountainside, New Jersey, both of which are contracted laboratories for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP). Samples were analyzed in accordance with the laboratory's standard operating procedures (SOPs). Samples analyzed at the CLP laboratories were validated by EPA personnel in accordance with EPA protocols. Hexavalent chromium, TOC, and pH samples were analyzed by Shealy Environmental Services (Shealy) located in West Columbia, South Carolina. Samples were analyzed in accordance with the laboratory's standard operating procedures (SOPs).

Sample collection was performed in April and May of 2010 by CDM in accordance with CDM's Final QAPP for Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation (April 2010).

This report addresses the organic and inorganic analyses referenced above that were validated by EPA and reviewed by CDM. CDM reviewed the quality control data results reported from the laboratory for hexavalant chromium and TOC. Holding times and all method blank, laboratory control samples, matrix spike, and matrix spike duplicate criteria were met for these analytes.

A5.2 Usability Summary

Data were collected to support project goals as outlined in the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP. The intended uses of the data collected from the test excavation samples were to provide information about the distribution of slag in the vicinity of the seawall and beach in order to facilitate potential early remedial actions at the site and to identify contaminants of concern resulting from the presence of slag. All samples were analyzed using approved analytical methods and method detection limits (MDLs) appropriate for the data uses described above.

In general the majority of the data is usable for project decisions. Originally, 225 sample results, or 2.5 percent of the entire data set, were rejected ("R") due to validation criteria. During CDM's review of the EPA validation reports, an error was discovered regarding the pairing up of field duplicate samples. This error affected the number of rejected and estimated results. EPA was contacted and they resubmitted a corrected data validation report. The number of rejected results is now 2.3 percent of the entire data set or 206 sample results. EPA also corrected the affected

electronic data deliverables (EDDs). Specific details of this error and the corrections are discussed below. The rejected results are not usable for project decisions.

A list of samples analyzed during this sampling event is provided in Table 1. A list of qualifier definitions is provided on Table 2. Sample results qualified as estimated with a "J" or "UJ" are considered usable for project purposes, but should be used with caution. Sample results that have been rejected "R" are not usable for project purposes. The validation reports and case narratives for this report are included in Attachment 1.

Field change requests (FCRs) implemented for the trench soil sampling event included the following: an update to the particulate monitoring action level from 1 milligram per meter cubed (mg/m^3) to $0.1\ mg/m^3$; and the addition of surface soil samples to supplement the existing surface soil data for use in the RI, and the human health and ecological risk assessments. The FCRs implemented do not affect sample results. The addition of surface soil samples provides additional data and enhances the representativeness of the data set.

Field duplicates for this event were required at a frequency of 1per 20 samples. Up to 120 samples were proposed to be collected based on areas where slag or fill material was expected to be encountered. Only 45 samples were collected based on field observations of slag or fill material in the test pits, which determined that fewer areas were sampled. A total of six field duplicates were collected as the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP indicated and therefore the frequency of field duplicate analysis met requirements for all parameters. Table 3 summarizes the number of field samples and field duplicates that were analyzed during this event.

A5.3 Data QA/QC Evaluation

This section presents the DQI results and reconciles these results with the measurement criteria established in the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP.

A5.3.1 Precision

A5.3.1.1 Field Precision

Field precision is determined from the RPDs of field duplicate sample results. The calculated RPD value for all parameters is required to be less than 75 percent. A summary of the RPDs and absolute difference values (ABS) for field duplicate samples is presented on Table 4. The ABS was calculated when a result was detected in one sample and not detected in the other. As standard practice, an ABS of less than 5 times the contract required quantitation limit (CRQL) is considered within acceptable QC limits.

The following parent/field duplicate pairs did not meet RPD criteria:

- Parent Sample T10TP1-SS1 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS4
 - o Metals: antimony RPD of 110.2% and beryllium RPD of 98.4%
- Parent Sample T11TP3-SS1 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS6



- o Pesticides: 4,4'-DDE RPD of 97.3%, 4,4'-DDT RPD of 96.3%, dieldrin RPD of 96.2%, endosulfan II RPD of 101.9%, endosulfan sulfate 94.1%, endrin aldehyde RPD of 90.0%, and gamma-chlordane RPD of 92.7%.
- PCBs: Aroclor 1254 RPD of 157.7%.
- o Metals: antimony RPD of 103.2%, arsenic RPD of 106.7%, copper RPD of 152.8%, and selenium RPD of 79.1%.
- Parent Sample T1TP3-SS2 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS1
 - o Metals: silver RPD of 147.8%.
- Parent Sample T3TP1-SS1 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS2
 - o SVOCs: fluoranthene RPD of 104.4% and pyrene RPD of 103.9%.
 - SVOCs SIM: acenaphthylene RPD of 94.0%, anthracene RPD of 97.0%, benzo(a)pyrene RPD of 97.3%, fluoranthene RPD of 88.7%, phenanthrene RPD of 130.2%, and pyrene RPD of 89.9%.
 - o Metals: barium RPD of 89.6% and manganese RPD of 82.4%.
- Parent Sample T6TP2-SS1 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS5
 - Metals: antimony RPD of 91.9%, beryllium RPD of 102.7%, and nickel RPD of 90.3%.
- Parent Sample T7TP1-SS2 and Duplicate Sample T25TP9-SS3
 - o SVOCs SIM: benzo(a)anthracene RPD of 163.6%, benzo(b)fluoranthene RPD of 169.1%, benzo(g,h,i)perylene RPD of 134.5%, benzo(k)fluoranthene of 159.2%, chrysene RPD of 173.0%, fluoranthene RPD of 172.3%, phenanthrene RPD of 168.0%, and pyrene RPD of 159.0%.
 - o Pesticides: 4,4'-DDT ABS of 20.5% and gamma-chlordane ABS of 22.2%.
 - o PCBs: Aroclor 1254 RPD of 192.4%.
 - o Metals: beryllium RPD of 105.9%, iron RPD of 97.9%, and silver RPD of 79.4%.

Some of the results above fell within the CRQL limits for ABS which required no qualification; all sample results failing the RPD or ABS criteria were qualified by the validators appropriately. No sample results were qualified by CDM based on the field duplicate RPD analysis presented in Table 4.

During the initial review of the EPA validation reports it was noted that EPA validators paired up the wrong samples for the field duplicate comparison for samples MB7Q68 (T9TP2-SS2) and MB7PT0 (T25P9-SS3). These two samples are not field duplicates of each other. MB7PT0 (T25P9-SS3) is a duplicate of sample MB7Q44 (T7TP1-SS2). EPA was contacted and they resubmitted a corrected data validation report, Form Is, and EDDs reflecting the correct field duplicate comparison for MB7PT0 (T25P9-SS3) and MB7Q44 (T7TP1-SS2).

The following summary of the field duplicate review is based on the revised validation reports submitted by EPA.

The EPA Region 2 data reviewers qualified copper as rejected "R" for the following field duplicate pair due to the RPD result greater than 120 percent:



T11TP3-SS1/T25-TP9-SS6 (MB7PY3/MB7PT3) – copper

A5.3.1.2 Analytical Precision

For Pesticides, PCBs, and metals including Hg and CN analyses, laboratory duplicate samples and MS/matrix spike duplicates (MSDs), were analyzed as appropriate in accordance with the CLP laboratories' SOPs. A summary of sample results that were qualified due to laboratory precision criteria are presented below.

In SDGs B7PT2, B7Q32 and B7PS8 for Aroclors, the MS/MSD RPD was outside of criteria for Aroclor-1016. In pesticide SDG B7PT2, the heptachlor MS/MSD RPD was outside of criteria. In PCB SDGs B7Q32 and B7PS8, Aroclor-1260 was also outside of criteria. Associated detected analytes were qualified as estimated "J".

For 106 samples, one or more of the following metal detected results were qualified because the RPD laboratory duplicate results were greater than QC criteria when both sample and duplicate results were greater than five times the CRQL: aluminum; antimony; arsenic; barium; cobalt; copper; iron; lead; and manganese. All detected results were qualified as estimated "J" for laboratory duplicate criteria.

The overall laboratory and field precision results were met for most analyses. These sample results should be used with caution when evaluating the data. Originally a total of 22 sample results for 2 field duplicate pairs were rejected due to field duplicate criteria. EPA has corrected the validation reports to reflect the correct field duplicate comparison for the one sample, and only two sample results for one field duplicate pair were rejected due to field duplicate criteria. Both the number of estimated results and rejected results due to exceeded RPD and ABS criteria has been revised. Rejected results are not usable for project purposes. Various sample results were estimated due to precision criteria and caution should be used when evaluating these results at or near project action limits (PALs). Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

A5.3.2 Accuracy

Accuracy is the degree of agreement for a given measurement against an accepted reference value. It is typically assessed through the analysis of matrix spike and calibration check samples, and expressed as a percent recovery.

Accuracy for the entire data collection activity is difficult to assess because several sources of error exist. Errors can be introduced by any of the following:

- Sampling procedure
- Field contamination
- Sample preservation and handling
- Sample matrix
- Sample preparation
- Analytical techniques



Accuracy for sampling was maximized through strict adherence to field sampling SOPs, the approved Final Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP and the use of EPA approved methods for sample analyses. By following approved procedures, results from this sampling event should provide data that are representative of environmental conditions at the time of sampling. The deviations noted in the FCRs above should not affect data accuracy.

As part of the SOP requirements, accuracy is also routinely measured through the analysis of initial and continuing calibration standards, surrogate spike recoveries, LCS/LCSDs, MS/MSDs, and serial dilutions as applicable to the analytical method and project. The following paragraphs summarize whether criteria were met for each QC item.

Inorganic Accuracy Results Matrix Spike Results

MS recovery results exceeded QC criteria for antimony, arsenic, barium, cadmium, cobalt, selenium, and thallium in SDG MB7PT4, and for selenium in SDG MB7PX5. Associated sample results were qualified as estimated "J". The chromium and vanadium MS recoveries in SDG MB7PT4, and the antimony MS recovery in SDG MB7PX5 were less than 10 percent. Fifty-one analytes were rejected "R" by the EPA Region 2 validator in the associated samples. Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

The TOC results were validated by CDM. All MS recoveries were above criteria. All associated sample results have been qualified as estimated "J".

Laboratory Control Sample Results

The LCS recovery for lead was below the lower control limit in three SDGs. Associated sample results for lead in 51 samples were qualified as estimated "J".

Serial Dilution Results

The ICP serial dilution analysis yielded percent differences greater than 10 but less than 100 when the initial concentration was equal to or greater than 50 times the MDL for cobalt in SDGs MB7PT4 and MB7PX5. Thirty-two associated detected cobalt results have been qualified estimated "J".

Organic Accuracy Results Matrix Spike Results Pesticides

MS/MSDs results exceeded QC criteria for the pesticide samples listed below. The detected sample results were estimated "J" by the validator. Non-detect results for pesticides were estimated as "UJ".

- T6TP1-SS2 (B7Q32): Aldrin, 4,4'-DDT, Gamma-BHC (Lindane), Dieldrin, Endrin, Heptachlor
- T12TP3-SS2 (B7PZ6): Aldrin, Gamma-BHC (Lindane), Dieldrin, Endrin, Heptachlor



■ T4TP2-SS2 (B7Q20): Heptachlor

PCBs

The Aroclor-1260 and Aroclor-1016 MS percent recoveries were outside of criteria in SDG B7Q32. The detected sample results for Aroclor-1260 and Aroclor-1016 were estimated "J" in sample T6TP1-SS2 (B7Q32). In SDG B7PS8, the Aroclor-1260 MS percent recovery was outside of criteria. The detected Aroclor-1260 result in sample T12TP3-SS2 (B7PZ6) was estimated "J".

Surrogate Results

All samples for organic analyses are spiked with surrogate monitoring compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. Surrogate recoveries were within criteria except for 1 or more surrogates in 6 SVOC and 17 VOC samples. Associated sample results were qualified as estimated "J/UJ". None of the sample results were rejected.

Calibrations and Compound Identifications

Calibration verifications monitor instrument stability and performance to determine the continued accuracy of the calibration over time. Parameters, such as sample retention times and resolution criteria, are used for various analyses to ensure correct compound identification. QC issues pertaining to calibrations and sample identifications are discussed below.

SIM SVOC

All relative response factors were within criteria except for pentachlorophenol in the initial and continuing calibrations for SIM SVOA analyses in SDGs B7PT2, B7PT4, B7Q32 and B7PS8. Associated detected sample results have been qualified as estimated "J" and nondetect results have been rejected "R". Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

For the SIM SVOC analyses, all Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) results were within criteria except for dibenzo (a,h) anthracene and pentachlorophenol in SDGs B7PT2, B7PT4, B7Q32 and B7PS8. Associated detected sample results were qualified as estimated "J".

All percent difference (%D) results were within criteria except for pentachlorophenol in SVOC SDG B7PT2. Associated sample results were qualified as estimated "J/UJ".

The pentachlorophenol result for sample B7PT4 was qualified as estimated "J/UJ" due to an incorrect calibration sequence. Eight indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene results and nine pentachlorophenol results in SDG B7Q32 were also qualified as estimated "J/UJ" due to an incorrect calibration sequence.

Several SIM SVOC results were qualified as estimated "J" in the initial analysis because the reported value was over the calibration range. A list of those compounds was not provided in the validation reports. A diluted run was performed due to the initial run exceeding the calibration range for various analytes and the results were qualified as nondetect "U". The following samples were affected by this criterion:

- T25TP9-SS2 (B7PS9)
- T12TP2-SS1 (B7PZ5)
- T4TP1-SS1 (B7Q15)
- T5TP1-SS1 (B7Q23)

SVOC

All SVOC percent %RSD results and %D results for initial and continuing calibrations were within criteria except for the %RSD results for benzo (b) fluoranthene, benzo (k) fluoranthene, 2,3,4,6-tetrachlorophenol, and pentachlorophenol in the SVOC analyses in SDGs B7PT2, B7PT4, B7Q32 and B7PS8. Associated detected sample results were qualified as estimated "J".

In SDG B7PS8, 14 pentachlorophenol sample results were qualified as estimated "J/UJ" due to an incorrect calibration sequence.

In SDG B7PT2 the following SVOCs sample results were qualified as estimated "J" because results were detected at levels above the calibration range in the following samples:

- T25TP9-SS5 (B7PT2) phenanthrene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene
- T6TP2-SS1 (B7Q35) phenanthrene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo (b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene
- T8TP2-SS2 (B7Q56) benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene

These results listed above were detected at levels below the CRQL in the dilution runs and could not be reported.

VOCs

All VOC %RSD results for initial calibrations were within criteria except for bromomethane in the VOA SDG B7PS8 and bromomethane and vinyl chloride in SDG B7PT2. Associated detected sample results were qualified as estimated "J".

All %D results for continuing calibrations were within criteria except for bromomethane and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene in SDG B7Q32. Associated sample results were qualified as estimated "J/UJ".

Pesticides

For the pesticide analyses, all initial calibration %RSD results were within criteria except for beta BHC and methoxychlor in SDGs B7PT2, B7PT4, B7Q32 and B7PS8. Associated detected sample results were qualified as estimated "J".

The continuing calibration verification %D for decachlorobiphenyl in SDG B7Q32 was outside the criterion. Associated analytes and sample results were qualified as estimated "J/UJ".

In SDG B7PT2 the individual standard mixture B – calibration verification had a %D for PCB surrogate tetrachloro-m-xylene that was greater than 20%. Associated analytes were qualified as estimated "J/UJ" for 13 samples.

The percent resolutions were outside criteria for 4,4'-DDD and endosulfan I in SDGs B7PT4, B7Q32 and B7PS8. Associated detected sample results are qualified as estimated "IN" and non-detect results are qualified as rejected "R".

Specific samples in pesticide SDG B7PT2 were associated with a Resolution Check Mixture in which the percent resolution between two adjacent peaks in the primary column did not meet the resolution criteria of 80%. Detected results for 4,4'-DDD and endosulfan I in these samples were qualified as estimated "J" and nondetect results were qualified as rejected "R". Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

In SDG B7PT2 four sample results for endrin are associated with a continuing performance evaluation mixture in which the percent resolution between two adjacent peaks did not meet the resolution criteria and are therefore qualified as estimated. All associated sample results were nondetect and were rejected "R". Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

During the pesticide analyses, the retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns. In SDGs B7PT2 and B7Q32, detected results for various analytes and samples were outside of criteria. Associated sample results were raised to the CRQL value and qualified as nondetect "U", qualified as estimated "J" or qualified as tentatively identified "NJ" depending on the criteria and extent of the outlier. Specific details are presented in the data validation reports in Attachment 1.

PCBs

For the PCB analyses, the retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer (GC/MS) confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10 nanogram per milliliter (ng/ml) in the final sample extract. In SDG B7PT2, the Aroclor-1254 analyte results for three samples had %Ds outside of criteria. Detected Aroclor-1254 results for these samples were qualified as estimated "J".

Holding Times, Preservation and Sample Custody

The holding times were met for all samples, except for one sample for pesticides and PCB analyses. The sample results were qualified with a "J" if detected and a "UJ" if non-detected because the samples were analyzed outside of the extraction holding time criteria:

■ FB-042110 (B7PT4): Pesticides and PCBs

The analytical laboratory did not note any problems with the chain of custody seals.

No problems were identified with any of the temperature blanks.

The overall laboratory accuracy results were met for most analyses. Various sample results estimated due to laboratory accuracy criteria should be used with caution when evaluating the data. A total of 204 results were rejected due to various accuracy parameters. The rejected results are not usable for project purposes and caution should be used when evaluating estimated results at or near PALs. Table 5 presents the rejected results for all analyses.

A5.3.3 Representativeness

Sample representativeness was achieved through the use of EPA analytical methods and standard proprietary methods, dedicated and disposable sampling equipment, clean sample gloves, and standard sampling procedures for EPA Region 2, as per the Early Actions Test Pit QAPP requirements. In addition, the sampling scheme included in the QAPP was designed to select samples that are representative of site conditions.

Appropriate laboratory QA/QC requirements were described in CDM's Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP to ensure that the laboratory analytical results were representative of true field conditions. Field blanks and method blanks were used to ensure representativeness of the samples as described below:

- Field blanks are used to evaluate the presence of contaminants on sampling equipment following decontamination. Decontamination of sampling equipment was not performed because all of the soil samples were collected using dedicated, disposable sampling equipment (disposable scoops and trays). One field blank was collected as a QC check on the disposable sampling equipment.
- Laboratory method blanks are analyzed to indicate possible contamination introduced by sample handling, preparation, and/or analysis.

Field Blanks

One field blank was collected and analyzed as a check on the disposable sampling equipment that was used. Therefore, the frequency of field blank collection met the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP requirements. Analytical results for the field blank, designated as 'FB', are included in Table 6.

The following compounds were detected in the field blank: methylene chloride 4.6 micrograms per liter ($\mu g/L$); bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 3.4 $\mu g/L$; benzo(a)pyrene 0.17 $\mu g/L$; benzo(g,h,i)perylene 0.14 $\mu g/L$; dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 0.13 $\mu g/L$; indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 0.15 $\mu g/L$; naphthalene 0.16 $\mu g/L$; barium 0.17 $\mu g/L$; and sodium 444 $\mu g/L$. The validator appropriately qualified associated sample results as non-detect.



Trip Blanks

Trip blanks were not collected during the trench soil sampling event.

Method Blanks

The following analytes were detected in a calibration or preparation blank and their values were equal to or greater than the method detection limit but less than or equal to the CRQL: antimony; beryllium; cadmium; calcium; copper; lead; magnesium; manganese; nickel; potassium; silver; sodium; thallium; and zinc. The associated sample results were elevated to the CRQL value and qualified as non-detect "U".

The field and method blank results did not indicate a blank contamination problem. The qualification of any associated results due to blank criteria renders the reported values as usable.

A5.3.4 Comparability

Strict adherence to standard sample collection procedures, analytical detection limits, and analytical methods assure that data from like samples and sample conditions are comparable. Comparability criteria are met for the project if the sample collection and analytical procedures are determined to have been followed or did not affect the values reported.

Comparability of data was ensured through the use of standard and consistent sample collection procedures and EPA-approved analytical methods, enabling the current data to be comparable with other data sets generated for this project. All sample data were consistently reported using the same units of measurement, and detection limits were low enough for their intended use.

A5.3.5 Sensitivity

Quantitation limit goals were established in the QAPP for the purpose of ensuring that contaminants of interest were reported to limits that allow comparison with project criteria. The PALs are listed on Worksheet #15 of the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP. All quantitation limits used by the laboratories met the project quantitation limit goals (PQLGs), which are also listed on Worksheet #15 of the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP, except for the 18 compounds listed in Table 7. The laboratories were able to achieve the PQLGs for 11 of these and many other compounds noted as requiring lowered CRQLs in the QAPP. However, many sample reporting limits for these 11 compounds were slightly above the PQLGs due to soil moisture content. It should be noted that even though the PQLG for the 18 compounds listed on Table 7 were not met in every sample, the laboratory reported CRQLs for all of the compounds were significantly below the standard method CRQLs. The 18 compounds listed in Table 7 are not considered contaminants of interest for this site; therefore, the results for these compounds do not adversely affect the data usability.

The data validation process evaluates the data with respect to compound quantitation limits. If sample results exceed calibration ranges, results are qualified appropriately as estimated "J". Data validation also determines the most valid analyte result to use

for samples that are re-analyzed or diluted. These validated results are entered into the project database and used for decision-making.

A5.3.6 Completeness

Completeness of the field program is defined as the percentage of samples planned for collection as listed in the QAPP versus the actual samples collected during the field program (See equation A).

Completeness for acceptable data is defined as the percentage of acceptable data obtained judged to be valid versus the total quantity of data generated (See equation B). Acceptable data includes both data that passes all the QC criteria (unqualified data) and data that may not pass all the QC criteria but had appropriate corrective actions taken (qualified but usable data).

A. % Completeness =
$$C \times \frac{100}{n}$$

where, C= actual number of samples collected n = total number of samples planned

B. % Completeness =
$$V \times \frac{100}{n'}$$

where, V= number of measurements judged valid n' = total number of measurements made

The overall goal was to generate a complete data set of the samples planned for collection and 90 percent valid data from the samples analyzed. A summary of sample results collected, analyzed, and qualified is presented on Table 8.

A completeness value of 37.5 percent was achieved for sample collection (equation A) for this sampling event. The Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP goal for the number of samples to be collected was based on areas where slag or fill material was expected to be encountered. Up to 120 samples were proposed to be collected based on project planning. Only 45 samples were collected based on field observations of slag or fill material in the test pits, which determined that fewer areas were sampled.

A completeness value of 97.7 percent was achieved for data validity (equation B), which met the established goal of 90 percent. Overall only 2.3 percent of the data were rejected due to various laboratory and field data validation criteria. This number has been revised to reflect the corrected validation report. The following compounds had a higher level of rejection; pentachlorophenol from the SIM analysis (7.5 percent), pesticides (9.5 percent mostly 4,4-DDD and Endosulfan I), metals (6.7 percent mainly vanadium, antimony, chromium, and copper). Pentachlorophenol results from the regular SVOC analysis should be used instead. These results are not usable for project purposes. All other results are usable for project decisions.

A5.4 Summary Assessment of Data Usability and Reconciliation with OAPP Goals

CDM performed this data usability evaluation to verify conformance with the Early Actions – Test Pit Investigation QAPP requirements and confirm data usability as per the data quality objectives for the project. Sample data were evaluated for precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, completeness, and sensitivity. The data usability review results indicate that sufficient valid data were achieved to obtain a usable data set. Data qualified as estimated "J/UJ" are considered usable, but should be used with a degree of caution. Data qualified as rejected "R" should not be used for any purpose.

The quantitation limit goals were above the PQLGs for 2,4-dimethylphenol, 2,4-dinitrophenol, 2,6-dinitrotoluene, 2-chloronaphthalene, and PCBs. These compounds are not considered contaminants of interest for this site; therefore the results for these compounds do not adversely affect the data usability.

As discussed previously in this report, CDM identified an error in the EPA validation reports regarding field duplicate comparisons. This error resulted in rejection of 20 metal analytes in two samples. EPA has since corrected the associated validation reports, Form Is and EDDs. This data usability report and the associated text, tables, and figures in the body of the Test Excavation Data Summary Report have been revised to reflect the corrected validation reports.

Attachment 1 Validation Reports

Table 1 Analytical Sample Summary Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayreville, New Jersey

	Analytical Meth									TAL Metals, Hg & CN	TCL PCBs	TCL VOCs	TCL SVOCs	TCL SIM SVOCs	Total Organic Carbon	Hexavalent Chromium
Location	CLP ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Start Depth	End Depth	Matrix										
Area-01	B7PW7	T10TP1-SS1	4/30/2010	0	2	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-01	B7PW8	T10TP1-SS2	4/30/2010	4	5	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-04	B7PX5	T11TP1-SS1	4/29/2010	0	2	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-04	B7PX6	T11TP1-SS2	4/29/2010	5.5	6	SO	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Area-04	B7PX9	T11TP2-SS1	5/4/2010	0	2	SO		Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ		Х
Area-04	B7PY0	T11TP2-SS2	5/4/2010	5	6	SO		Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Χ
Area-04	B7PY3	T11TP3-SS1	5/4/2010	0	2.5	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		X
Area-04	B7PY4	T11TP3-SS2	5/5/2010	5.5	6	SO	.,	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04 Area-04	B7PY7 B7PY8	T11TP4-SS1	5/5/2010 5/5/2010	7	2 7.5	SO SO	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Х
		T11TP5-SS2 T12TP1-SS1		0	7.5				X	X	X	X		X	~	
Area-04 Area-04	B7PZ1 B7PZ2	T12TP1-SS1	4/23/2010 4/23/2010	9.5	10	SO SO	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Area-04 Area-01	B7PZ5	T12TP1-332	4/23/2010	6.5	7	SO	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	^	X
Area-04	B7PZ6	T12TP3-SS2	4/23/2010	6	6.5	SO	^	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-02	B7PT5	T1TP1-SS1	4/22/2010	8.5	9	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-02	B7PW0	T1TP2-SS2	4/22/2010	9.5	10	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-02	B7PW3	T1TP3-SS1	4/22/2010	0	2	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-02	B7PW4	T1TP3-SS2	4/22/2010	9.5	10	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-02	B7PS8	T25TP9-SS1	4/22/2010	9.5	10	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Area-01	B7PS9	T25TP9-SS2	4/26/2010	0	2	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Χ
Area-01	B7PT0	T25TP9-SS3	4/28/2010	4	5	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Χ
Area-01	B7PT1	T25TP9-SS4	4/30/2010	0	2	SO		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х		Χ
Area-04	B7PT2	T25TP9-SS5	5/3/2010	1	2	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х		Χ
Area-04	B7PT3	T25TP9-SS6	5/5/2010	0	2.5	SO		Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х		Χ
Area-02	B7PZ9	T2TP1-SS1	4/21/2010	4	4.5	SO		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ		Χ
Area-02	B7Q04	T2TP2-SS2	4/21/2010	7.5	8	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-02	B7Q05	T2TP2-SS3	4/21/2010	6.5	7	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-02	B7Q06	T2TP2-SS4	4/22/2010	0	1	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-01	B7Q07	T3TP1-SS1	4/26/2010	0	2	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-01	B7Q08	T3TP1-SS2	4/26/2010	4	4.5	SO	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Area-01	B7Q09	T3TP1-SS3	4/26/2010	7.5	8	SO		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-01	B7Q15	T4TP1-SS1	4/26/2010	0	2	SO		Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Area-01	B7Q16	T4TP1-SS2	4/26/2010	8	8.5	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Area-04	B7Q19	T4TP2-SS1	5/3/2010	0	2	SO	L.,.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	ļ.,.	X
Area-04	B7Q20	T4TP2-SS2	5/3/2010	5	6	SO	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X
Area-01	B7Q23	T5TP1-SS1	4/29/2010	0	2	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q24	T5TP1-SS2 T6TP1-SS1	4/29/2010	6	7	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q31 B7Q32		4/27/2010	4	4.5	SO SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01 Area-04	B7Q32 B7Q35	T6TP1-SS2 T6TP2-SS1	4/27/2010 5/3/2010	1	4.5	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04 Area-04	B7Q35 B7Q36	T6TP2-SS1	5/3/2010	4	5	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04 Area-01	B7Q30	T7TP1-SS1	4/28/2010	0	2	SO	<u> </u>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q44	T7TP1-SS2	4/28/2010	4	5	SO	<u> </u>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q51	T8TP1-SS1	4/27/2010	5	6	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q55	T8TP2-SS1	5/4/2010	0	2	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04	B7Q56	T8TP2-SS2	5/4/2010	7	9	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04	B7Q59	T8TP3-SS1	5/4/2010	2	2.5	SO		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Area-04	B7Q60	T8TP3-SS2	5/4/2010	4	4.5	SO		Х	Х	Х	X	X	X	X		X
Area-01	B7Q63	T9TP1-SS1	4/28/2010	5	5.5	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Area-04	B7Q67	T9TP2-SS1	4/28/2010	1	2	SO	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Area-01	B7Q68	T9TP2-SS2	4/28/2010	0	1.25	SO		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Acronyms:					-				•		•	•				—

Acronyms:

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program

ID - identification

TAL - target analyte list

CN - cyanide

PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

SVOCs - semi-volatile organic compounds

TCL - target compound list

Hg - mercury

SIM - selective ion monitoring

VOCs - volatile organic compounds

Table 2 Sample Analyses Qualifiers Raritan Slag Site, Old Bridge/Sayreville, New Jersey

- U = Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected at or above the reporting limit.
- J = Estimated data. Value may be less than the reporting limits but greater than the method detection limit, or indicates that data do not meet performance criteria and data quality indicators.
- R = Data is rejected due to not meeting quality control criteria.
- N = Indicates the lack of accuracy in the reported result, and is applied when matrix spiked sample recovery is outside the control limits.

Table 3 Raritan Slag Sample Collection Raritan Slag Site, Old Bridge/Sayreville, New Jersey

Parameter	Method	Samples	Field Duplicates
VOCs	SOM01.2	45	6
SVOCs	SOM01.2	45	6
SVOCs	SOM01.2 SIM	45	6
Pesticides	SOM01.2	45	6
PCBs	SOM01.2	45	6
Metals, Hg & CN	ILM05.4	45	6
Hexavalent	SW-846,	45	6
Chromium	3060A/7196A		
TOC	Lloyd Kahn	7	0
рН	9045D	7	0

Acronyms:

CN – cyanide Hg – mercury

SIM – selective ion monitoring VOCs – volatile organic compounds

PCBs – polychlorinated biphenyls SVOCs - semi-volatile organic compounds TOC – total organic carbon



Table 4
Field Duplicate Results
Raritan Slag Site
Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T10TP1-SS1	T25TP9-SS4	RPD	ABS	T11TP3-SS1	T25TP9-SS6	RPD /	ABS T1TP3-	SS2	T25TP9-SS1	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PW7	B7PT1	Criteria	Criteria	В7РҮ3	В7РТ3		iteria B7PV		B7PS8	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/30/2010	4/30/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	5/4/2010	5/5/2010	<75% <5x	CRQL 4/22/20		4/22/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
VOCs (μg/kg)	•						•			•		•
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 UJ	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,1-Dichloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,1-Dichloroethene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2-Dibromoethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2-Dichloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,2-Dichloropropane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
1,4-Dioxane	90 U	110 U	NC		110 U	110 U	NC		0 U	120 U	NC	
2-Butanone	9 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC		2 U	12 U	NC	
2-Hexanone	9 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC		2 U	12 U	NC	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	9 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	1	2 U	12 U	NC	
Acetone	9 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	7	6	38	66.7	
Benzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Bromochloromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Bromodichloromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Bromoform	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Bromomethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Carbon Disulfide	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Carbon tetrachloride	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Chlorobenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Chloroethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Chloroform	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Chloromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	4.5 U	5.7 UJ	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Cyclohexane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Dibromochloromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Ethylbenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Isopropylbenzene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
m,p-Xylene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Methyl Acetate	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Methylcyclohexane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Methylene chloride	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
o-Xylene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Styrene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Tetrachloroethene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Toluene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
VOCs (µg/kg)												
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	4.5 U	5.7 UJ	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	
Trichloroethene	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 UJ	NC		9 U	6 U	NC	
Trichlorofluoromethane	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC		5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.	9 U	6 U	NC	

Table 4 Field Duplicate Results Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T10TP1-SS1	T25TP9-SS4	RPD ABS	T11TP3-SS1	T25TP9-SS6	RPD	ABS	T1TP3-SS2	T25TP9-SS1	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PW7	B7PT1	Criteria Criteria		В7РТ3	Criteria	Criteria	B7PW4	B7PS8	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/30/2010	4/30/2010	<75% <5xCRQ		5/5/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
Vinyl Chloride	4.5 U	5.7 U	NC	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		5.9 U	6 U	NC	
SVOCs (μg/kg)			I I		<u> </u>			I	l l		
1,1'-Biphenyl	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	37 U	36 U	NC	37 U	37 U	NC		39 U	40 U	NC	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	68 U	67 U	NC	68 U	68 U	NC		72 U	73 U	NC	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	37 U	36 U	NC	37 U	37 U	NC		39 U	40 U	NC	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2-Chloronaphthalene	37 U	36 U	NC	37 U	37 U	NC		39 U	40 U	NC	
2-Chlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2-Methylnaphthalene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	İ
2-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
2-Nitroaniline	370 U	360 U	NC	370 U	370 U	NC		390 U	400 U	NC	
2-Nitrophenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
3,3`-Dichlorobenzidine	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
3-Nitroaniline	370 U	360 U	NC	370 U	370 U	NC		390 U	400 U	NC	
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	160 U	150 U	NC	160 U	160 U	NC		160 U	170 U	NC	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
4-Chloroaniline	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
4-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
4-Nitroaniline	370 U	360 U	NC	370 U	370 U	NC		390 U	400 U	NC	
4-Nitrophenol	370 U	360 U	NC	370 U	370 U	NC		390 U	400 U	NC	
Acenaphthene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Acenaphthylene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Acetophenone	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Anthracene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Atrazine	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Benzaldehyde	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Benzo(a)anthracene	170 U	170 U	NC	170 U	170 U	NC		180 U	180 U	NC	
Benzo(a)pyrene	37 U	36 U	NC	37 U	37 U	NC		39 U	40 U	NC	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	170 U	170 U	NC	170 U	170 U	NC		180 U	180 U	NC	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	190 U	190 U	NC	49 J	190 U		141.0	200 U	200 U	NC	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Butylbenzylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
SVOCs (µg/kg)											
Caprolactam	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Carbazole	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Chlorophenols	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Chrysene	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	37 U	36 U	NC	37 U	37 U	NC		39 U	40 U	NC	
Dibenzofuran	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Diethylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Dimethylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC	190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Di-N-Butylphthalate	170 U	170 U	NC	170 U	170 U	NC		180 U	180 U	NC	

Table 4
Field Duplicate Results
Raritan Slag Site
Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T10TP1-SS1	T25TP9-SS4	RPD	ABS	T11TP3-SS1	T25TP9-SS6	RPD	ABS	T1TP3-SS2	T25TP9-SS1	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PW7	B7PT1	Criteria	Criteria	В7РҮ3	В7РТ3	Criteria	Criteria	B7PW4	B7PS8	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/30/2010	4/30/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	5/4/2010	5/5/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Fluoranthene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Fluorene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Hexachlorobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Hexachlorobutadiene	45 U	44 U	NC		44 U	45 U	NC		47 U	48 U	NC	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Hexachloroethane	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	170 U	170 U	NC		170 U	170 U	NC		180 U	180 U	NC	
Isophorone	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Naphthalene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Nitrobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	77 U	76 U	NC		77 U	77 U	NC		81 U	83 U	NC	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Pentachlorophenol	130 U	130 U	NC		130 U	130 U	NC		140 UJ	140 U	NC	
Phenanthrene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Phenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
Pyrene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		200 U	200 U	NC	
SIM SVOCs (µg/kg)												
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Acenaphthene	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Acenaphthylene	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Anthracene	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.7 U	3.1 J		0.6	3.4 J	2.1 J	47.3		4.1	4.7	13.6	
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.7 U	7		3.3	7	3.8 U		3.2	8	6.7	17.7	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.1	6.7	48.1		6	6.5	8.0		6.7	7.9	16.4	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.5	6.6	37.8		5.4	5.4	0.0		6.3	7.3	14.7	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.9 J	3.5 J	59.3		3.7 J	2.9 J	24.2		4.3	4.5	4.5	
Chrysene	3.7 U	3.7		0.0	4.5	2.5 J	57.1		4.2	4.7	11.2	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	3.7 U	3.9 J		0.2	3.7 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC		4.1 J	5.4 J	27.4	
Fluoranthene	2.7 J	4.3	45.7		4.6	3.4 J	30.0		5.7	6.4	11.6	
Fluorene	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	4.6 J	7.2 J	44.1		5.4 U	6.8		1.4	6.9	8.9	25.3	
Naphthalene	3.7 U	2 J		1.7	3.7 U	3.7 U	NC		3.9 U	4 U	NC	
Pentachlorophenol	7.5 R	7.4 R	NC		7.5 R	7.5 R	NC		7.9 R	8 R	NC	
Phenanthrene	1.8 J	2.3 J	24.4		3 J	2.6 J	14.3		3.4 J	3.4 J	0.0	
Pyrene	4.4	7.8	55.7		8.2	5.5	39.4		8.6	8.1	6.0	
Pesticides (µg/kg)			•				•				•	
4,4'-DDD	3.6 R	3.6 R	NC		3.6 R	3.7 R	NC		3.8 R	3.9 R	NC	
4,4'-DDE	3.6 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 NJ	11 NJ	97.3		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC	
4,4'-DDT	3.6 U	3.6 U	NC		14 NJ	40 JN	96.3		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC	
Aldrin	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Alpha-Bhc	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Alpha-Chlordane	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Beta-Bhc	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Chlorinated Camphene	120 U	120 U	NC		120 U	120 U	NC		130 U	130 U	NC	
Delta-BHC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Dieldrin	3.6 U	3.6 U	NC		3.4 J	9.7 NJ	96.2		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC NC	
Endosulfan I	1.9 R	1.9 R	NC		1.9 R	1.9 R	NC		2 R	2 R	NC	
Endosulfan Sulfata	3.6 U	3.6 U	NC NC		3.9 J	12 J	101.9		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC NC	
Endosulfan Sulfate	3.6 U	3.6 U			1.8 J	5 J 6.4 NJ	94.1	0.0	3.8 U	3.9 U	NC NC	
Endrin	3.6 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 U		00.0	2.6	3.8 U	3.9 U	NC NC	
Endrin Aldehyde	3.6 U 3.6 U	3.6 U 3.6 U	NC NC		3.3 J	8.7 J	90.0		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC NC	
Endrin Ketone	3.0 U	3.6 U	NC		3.6 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC		3.8 U	3.9 U	NC	

Table 4 Field Duplicate Results Raritan Slag Site

Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T10TP1-SS1	T25TP9-SS4	RPD	ABS	T11TP3-SS1	T25TP9-SS6	RPD	ABS	T1TP3-SS2	T25TP9-SS1	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PW7	B7PT1	Criteria	Criteria	В7РҮ3	В7РТ3	Criteria	Criteria	B7PW4	B7PS8	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/30/2010	4/30/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	5/4/2010	5/5/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	4/22/2010	4/22/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Gamma-Chlordane	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		5.5 J	15 NJ	92.7		2 U	2 U	NC	
Heptachlor	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Heptachlor Epoxide	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Methoxychlor	19 U	19 U	NC		19 U	21 J		2.0	20 U	20 U	NC	
PCBs (μg/kg)												
Aroclor 1016	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1221	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1232	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1242	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1248	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1254	5	7.1	34.7		130	1100	157.7		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1260	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1262	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Aroclor 1268	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	19 U	NC		2 U	2 U	NC	
Metals (mg/kg)												
Aluminum	1550	1630	5.0		1860	1420	26.8		5120	3640	33.8	
Antimony	0.81	2.8	110.2		7.2	2.3	103.2		0.32	0.43	29.3	
Arsenic	4	7.3	58.4		80.2	24.4	106.7		6.5	6.3	3.1	
Barium	7.7	14.5	61.3		9.5	12.5	27.3		35.7	34.1	4.6	
Beryllium	0.47	0.16	98.4		0.58	0.59	1.7		0.89	0.43	69.7	
Cadmium	0.043	0.054	22.7		0.1	0.078	24.7		0.16	0.11	37.0	
Calcium	469	533	12.8		580	586	1.0		888	892	0.4	
Chromium	5.3	6.7	23.3		5.3	5.9	10.7		12.9	10.8	17.7	
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	NC		1.1	1.2	8.7		1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	NC	
Cobalt	0.8	0.93	15.0		0.9	1.3	36.4		2.7	2.6	3.8	
Copper	14.4	12.3	15.7		325	43.5	152.8		14.9	11.9	22.4	
Cyanide	1.4	1.5	6.9		1.5	1.6	6.5		1.6	1.5	6.5	
Iron	8500	9430	10.4		14600	8150	56.7		11700	14100	18.6	
Metals (mg/kg)												
Lead	17.3	22.4	25.7		28.1	15.4	58.4		20.2	19.7	2.5	
Magnesium	469	533	12.8		580	586	1.0		1150	760	40.8	
Manganese	20.3	18.6	8.7		23.6	15.3	42.7		54	36.7	38.1	
Mercury	0.028	0.02	33.3		0.029	0.03	3.4		0.03	0.038	23.5	
Nickel	0.8	0.63	23.8		4.6	4.7	2.2		13.4	7.3	58.9	
Potassium	101	114	12.1		105	84.5	21.6		931	668	32.9	
Selenium	0.16	0.21	27.0		0.3	0.13	79.1	0.2	0.4	0.49	20.2	
Silver	0.94	1.1	15.7		1.2	1.2	0.0		1	0.15	147.8	0.9
Sodium	469	533	12.8		580	589	1.5		512	514	0.4	
Thallium	0.036	0.073	67.9		0.029	0.034	15.9		0.09	0.093	3.3	
Vanadium	10.1	13.7	30.3		10.8	11.3	4.5		29.7	20	39.0	
Zinc	8.4	9.2	9.1		16.2	8.3	64.5		58	39.9	37.0	

Notes:

- Absolute difference value (ABS) was calculated when duplicate pairs were detect for one sample and non-detect for the other.
- Qualifiers are as follows: U = non-detect; J = estimated; and R = rejected.
- Values bolded in red exceed either the relative percent difference (RPD) criteria.

Acronyms:

ABS - absolute value mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

SVOCs - semi-volatile organic compounds

CLP - Contract Laboratory Program PCBs - polychorinated biphenyls VOCs - volatile organic compounds CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit

RPD - relative percent difference μg/kg - microgram per kilogram

NC - not calculated

SIM - selective ion monitoring

Table 4
Field Duplicate Results
Raritan Slag Site
Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T25TP9-SS2	T3TP1-SS1	RPD ABS	T25TP9-SS5	T6TP2-SS1	RPD A	ABS	T25TP9-SS3	T7TP1-SS2	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PS9	B7Q07	Criteria Criteria	В7РТ2	B7Q35		riteria	В7РТ0	B7Q44	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	<75% <5xCRQL	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	<75% <5x	xCRQL	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
· VOCs (μg/kg)			<u>l</u>			<u>L</u>					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5	5.7 U		0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,1-Dichloroethene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 UJ	5.7 UJ	NC	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2-Dibromoethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
1,4-Dioxane	110 U	110 U	NC	110 U	110 U	NC		110 U	110 U	NC	
2-Butanone	11 U	11 U	NC	11 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	
2-Hexanone	11 U	11 U	NC	11 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	11 U	11 U	NC	11 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	
Acetone	11 U	11 U	NC	11 U	11 U	NC		11 U	11 U	NC	
Benzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Bromochloromethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Bromodichloromethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Bromoform	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Bromomethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Carbon Disulfide	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Carbon tetrachloride	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NO	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Chlorobenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Chloroform	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NO	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U 5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Chloroform	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NO	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC			5.7 U	NC	
Chloromethane cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.6 U 5.6 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U 5.7 U	5.6 U 5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U 5.5 U	5.7 U 5.7 U	NC NC	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC NC	
Cyclohexane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC	-	5.5 U	5.7 U	NC NC	
Dibromochloromethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC	+	5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC	-	5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Ethylbenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Isopropylbenzene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	1
m,p-Xylene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	1
Methyl Acetate	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Methylcyclohexane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Methylene chloride	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
o-Xylene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Styrene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Tetrachloroethene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Toluene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
VOCs (μg/kg)				l						•	•
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC	 	5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Trichloroethene	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC	5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	

Table 4 Field Duplicate Results Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

				Ola E	Bridge/Sayervill	e, New Jersey						
Sample Identification (ID)	T25TP9-SS2	T3TP1-SS1	RPD	ABS	T25TP9-SS5	T6TP2-SS1	RPD	ABS	T25TP9-SS3	T7TP1-SS2	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PS9	B7Q07	Criteria	Criteria	B7PT2	B7Q35	Criteria	Criteria	В7РТ0	B7Q44	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
Vinyl Chloride	5.6 U	5.6 U	NC		5.7 U	5.6 U	NC		5.5 U	5.7 U	NC	
SVOCs (µg/kg)												
1,1'-Biphenyl	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	37 U	37 U	NC		38 U	37 U	NC		36 U	38 U	NC	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	68 U	68 U	NC		70 U	69 U	NC		67 U	70 U	NC	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	37 U	37 U	NC		38 U	37 U	NC		36 U	38 U	NC	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2-Chloronaphthalene	37 U	37 U	NC		38 U	37 U	NC		36 U	38 U	NC	
2-Chlorophenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2-Methylnaphthalene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
2-Nitroaniline	370 U	370 U	NC		380 U	370 U	NC		360 U	380 U	NC	
2-Nitrophenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
3,3`-Dichlorobenzidine	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
3-Nitroaniline	370 U	370 U	NC		380 U	370 U	NC		360 U	380 U	NC	
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	160 U	160 U	NC		160 U	160 U	NC		150 U	160 U	NC	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
4-Chloroaniline	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
4-Methylphenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
4-Nitroaniline	370 U	370 U	NC		380 U	370 U	NC NC		360 U	380 U	NC	
4-Nitrophenol	370 U 190 U	370 U	NC		380 U	370 U	NC		360 U 190 U	380 U	NC	
Acenaphthylana		190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC			190 U 190 U	NC	
Acetaphanana	190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	NC NC		190 U 190 U	190 U 190 U	NC		190 U 190 U	190 U	NC	
Acetophenone Anthracene	190 U	190 U	NC NC		190 U	190 U	NC NC		190 U	190 U	NC NC	
Atrazine	190 U	190 U	NC NC		190 U	190 U	NC NC	-	190 U	190 U	NC NC	
Benzaldehyde	190 U	190 U	NC NC	1	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Benzo(a)anthracene	35 J	170 U	INC	135.0	19 J	170 U	NC	151.0	160 U	23 J	INC	137.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	35 J	37 U	+	2.0	21 J	170 J	10.0	101.0	36 U	26 J		10.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	36 J	170 U	+	134.0	170 U	170 U	NC	-	160 U	33 J	+	127.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	33 J	190 U	+	157.0	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	32 J		158.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	27 J	190 U	+	163.0	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	24 J		166.0
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	190 U	190 U	NC	100.0	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	130.0
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Butylbenzylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
SVOCs (μg/kg)	l l	l .			I	I I			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Caprolactam	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Carbazole	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Chlorophenols	190 U	190 U	NC	† †	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Chrysene	39 J	190 U	1	151.0	22 J	190 U	1.0	168.0	190 U	36 J	1.0	154.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	37 U	37 U	NC		38 U	37 U	NC		36 U	38 U	NC	120
Dibenzofuran	190 U	190 U	NC	1	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	İ
Diethylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Dimethylphthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Di-N-Butylphthalate	170 U	170 U	NC		170 U	170 U	NC		160 U	170 U	NC	

Table 4
Field Duplicate Results
Raritan Slag Site
Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T25TP9-SS2	T3TP1-SS1	RPD	ABS	T25TP9-SS5	T6TP2-SS1	RPD	ABS	T25TP9-SS3	T7TP1-SS2	RPD	ABS
CLP ID	B7PS9	B7Q07		Criteria	В7РТ2	B7Q35	Criteria	Criteria	B7PT0	B7Q44	Criteria	Criteria
Sample Date	4/26/2010	4/26/2010	<75% <	5xCRQL	5/3/2010	5/3/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	<75%	<5xCRQL
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Fluoranthene	70 J	22 J	104.3		32 J	27 J	16.9		190 U	38 J		152.0
Fluorene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Hexachlorobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Hexachlorobutadiene	45 U	45 U	NC		46 U	45 U	NC		44 U	46 U	NC	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Hexachloroethane	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	31 J	170 U		139.0	170 U	170 U	NC		160 U	29 J		131.0
Isophorone	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Naphthalene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Nitrobenzene	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	77 U	77 U	NC		79 U	78 U	NC		75 U	79 U	NC	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC	
Pentachlorophenol	130 UJ	130 U	NC	100.0	140 U	140 U	NC		130 U	140 U	NC	
Phenanthrene	57 J	190 U		133.0	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U	NC NC	
Phenol	190 U	190 U	NC		190 U 49 J	190 U	NC		190 U	190 U 51 J	NC	400.0
Pyrene	98 J	31 J	103.9		49 J	39 J	22.7		190 U	51 J	I	139.0
SIM SVOCs (μg/kg)			-				1				1	ī
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.9	2.7 J	57.9		6.2	3.1 J	66.7		3.6 U	3.9		0.3
Acenaphthene	4.7	3.7 U		1.0	2.7 J	3.7 U		1.0	3.6 U	3.8 U	NC	
Acenaphthylene	6.1	2.2 J	94.0		4.5	4.1	9.3		3.6 U	2.7 J		0.9
Anthracene	7.5	2.6 J	97.0		4.5	3.2 J	33.8		3.6 U	3.6 J		0.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	44	20	75.0		46 J	38 J	19.0		2.7 J	27 J	163.6	
Benzo(a)pyrene	55 J	19	97.3		52 J	43 J	18.9		3.6 U	29 J		25.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	43	23	60.6		43	51 J	17.0		4.1	49	169.1	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	35 J	19	59.3		29 J	26 J 28 J	10.9		4.5	23 J	134.5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	28 J 48	13 J 22	73.2		33 J 46 J	28 J 39 J	16.4		2.5 J 2.9 J	22 J 40	159.2	
Chrysene Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	12 J	8.9 J	74.3 29.7		46 J 12 J	11 J	16.5 8.7		2.9 J 3.6 U	8.3 J	173.0	4.7
Fluoranthene	83	32	88.7		51	43	17.0		3.0 J	43	172.3	4.7
Fluorene	8.9	3.7 U	00.7	5.2	3.5 J	1.9 J	59.3		3.6 U	3.8 U	NC	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	42	25	50.7	5.2	38 J	35 J	8.2		5.6 J	47 J	157.4	
Naphthalene	5.6	3.4 J	48.9		4.1 U	3.7 U	NC		3.6 U	5.2	137.4	1.6
Pentachlorophenol	7.5 R	7.5 R	NC		7.7 R	7.5 R	NC		7.3 R	7.6 R	NC	1.0
Phenanthrene	71	15	130.2		28 J	19 J	38.3		2 J	23 J	168.0	
Pyrene	100	38	89.9		65	55	16.7		5.6	49	159.0	
Pesticides (µg/kg)			00.0				10.7		00		100.0	
4,4'-DDD	3.7 R	3.6 R	NC		3.8 R	3.7 R	NC		3.5 R	3.7 UJ	NC	I
4,4'-DDE	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC NC		3.8 U	3.7 UJ	NC		3.5 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC NC	
4,4'-DDT	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC NC	-	8.6 NJ	3.7 U	INC	4.9	3.5 UJ	24 NJ	INC	20.5
Aldrin	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC NC	-	1.9 U	1.9 UJ	NC	₩.5	1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	20.0
Alpha-Bhc	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	 	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Alpha-Chlordane	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 UJ	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Beta-Bhc	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 UJ	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Chlorinated Camphene	120 U	120 U	NC		130 U	120 U	NC		120 UJ	130 UJ	NC	
Delta-BHC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 UJ	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Dieldrin	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		1.5 J	3.7 U		2.2	3.5 UJ	13 J	1	9.5
Endosulfan I	1.9 R	1.9 R	NC		1.9 R	1.9 R	NC		1.8 R	9.1 NJ		7.3
Endosulfan II	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		2.2 J	3.7 UJ	<u> </u>	1.5	3.5 UJ	7.6 NJ	1	4.1
Endosulfan Sulfate	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 U	3.7 UJ	NC		3.5 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC	
Endrin	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 U	3.7 U	NC		3.5 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC	
Endrin Aldehyde	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 U	3.7 UJ	NC		3.5 UJ	6.3 J	1	2.8
Endrin Ketone	3.7 U	3.6 U	NC		3.8 U	3.7 UJ	NC		3.5 UJ	3.7 UJ	NC	

Table 4 Field Duplicate Results Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Sample Identification (ID)	T25TP9-SS2	T3TP1-SS1	RPD A	S T25TP9-SS5	T6TP2-SS1	RPD	ABS	T25TP9-SS3	T7TP1-SS2	RPD	ABS
CLP ID Sample Date	B7PS9 4/26/2010	B7Q07 4/26/2010	Criteria Crit <75% <5xC		B7Q35 5/3/2010	Criteria <75%	Criteria <5xCRQL	B7PT0 4/28/2010	B7Q44 4/28/2010	Criteria <75%	Criteria <5xCRQL
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Gamma-Chlordane	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	3.2 NJ	1.9 UJ		1.3	1.8 UJ	24 JN		22.2
Heptachlor	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Heptachlor Epoxide	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 UJ	NC		1.8 UJ	1.9 UJ	NC	
Methoxychlor	19 U	19 U	NC	19 U	19 U	NC		18 UJ	19 UJ	NC	
PCBs (μg/kg)											
Aroclor 1016	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1221	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1232	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1242	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1248	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1254	54	74	31.3	3.6 J	7 J	64.2		3.3	170	192.4	
Aroclor 1260	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1262	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Aroclor 1268	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	1.9 U	1.9 U	NC		1.9 U	1.9 U	NC	
Metals (mg/kg)											
Aluminum	2070	2460	17.2	2040	1280	45.8		1960	2370	18.9	
Antimony	53.3	35	41.4	1	2.7	91.9		0.33	0.33	0.0	
Arsenic	21.4	25	15.5	3.8	3.6	5.4		2.2	2	9.5	
Barium	144	54.9	89.6	9	7.5	18.2		9.9	10.1	2.0	
Beryllium	0.2	0.25	22.2	0.18	0.56	102.7		0.12	0.39	105.9	
Cadmium	0.37	0.47	23.8	0.074	0.061	19.3		0.094	0.086	8.9	
Calcium	542	573	5.6	501	560	11.1		524	527	0.6	
Chromium	10.5	13.4	24.3	6.9	6.2	10.7		5	5	0.0	
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	1.2 UJ	1.2 UJ	NC	1.1	1.1	0.0		1.1 UJ	1.1 UJ	NC	
Cobalt	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.65	0.75	14.3		0.84	0.65	25.5	
Copper	40.1	58.2	36.8	10	7.9	23.5		17.5	16.4	6.5	
Cyanide	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.0		1.4	1.3	7.4	
Iron	12200	15800	25.7	11600	8980	25.5		7810	22800	97.9	
Metals (mg/kg)											
Lead	1390	1020	30.7	33	70	71.8		12.9	14.3	10.3	
Magnesium	533	537	0.7	501	560	11.1		524	527	0.6	
Manganese	37.4	89.8	82.4 52	.4 31.5	16.8	60.9		19.2	16.7	13.9	
Mercury	0.027	0.028	3.6	0.023	0.03	26.4		0.028	0.035	22.2	
Nickel	4.6	8.6	60.6	1.7	4.5	90.3	2.8	4.2	4.2	0.0	
Potassium	533	537	0.7	119	131	9.6		120	106	12.4	
Selenium	0.51	0.76	39.4	0.15	0.14	6.9		0.16	0.14	13.3	
Silver	1.1	1.1	0.0	1	1.1	9.5		0.082	0.19	79.4	0.1
Sodium	533	537	0.7	501	560	11.1		524	527	0.6	
Thallium	0.091	0.076	18.0	0.035	0.057	47.8		0.065	0.065	0.0	
Vanadium	19	18.7	1.6	12.6	12	4.9		10.7	10.9	1.9	
Zinc	26.6	44.2	49.7	13.7	9.6	35.2		10.2	13.3	26.4	

Notes:

- Absolute difference value (ABS) was calculated when duplicate pairs were detect for one sample and non-detect for the other.
- Qualifiers are as follows: U = non-detect; J = estimated; and R = rejected.
- Values bolded in red exceed either the relative percent difference (RPD) or ABS.

Acronyms:

ABS - absolute value CLP - Contract Laboratory Program mg/kg - milligram per kilogram PCBs - polychorinated biphenyls SVOCs - semi-volatile organic compounds VOCs - volatile organic compounds

CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit RPD - relative percent difference

ug/kg - microgram per kilogram

NC - not calculated SIM - selective ion monitoring

Sample ID	Contaminant of Concern	Resu	ılts	Units
T10TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T10TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T10TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T10TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T10TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T10TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS1	Antimony	0.38	R	mg/kg
T11TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg
T11TP1-SS2	Antimony	0.15	R	mg/kg
T11TP2-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.9	R	μg/kg
T11TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T11TP2-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.9	R	μg/kg
T11TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.8		μg/kg
T11TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T11TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.6	R	μg/kg
T11TP3-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T11TP3-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	_	μg/kg
T11TP3-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T11TP3-SS1	Copper	325	_	mg/kg
T11TP3-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.7		μg/kg
T11TP3-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T11TP3-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg
T11TP4-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.8	R	μg/kg
T11TP4-SS1	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T11TP4-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.7	R	μg/kg
T11TP5-SS2	Endrin	4	R	μg/kg
T11TP5-SS2	4,4'-DDD	4	R	μg/kg
T11TP5-SS2	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T11TP5-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	8.1	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.8	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.8	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS1	Chromium	6.1	R	mg/kg
T12TP1-SS1	Vanadium	11.9	R	mg/kg
T12TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.6	R	μg/kg
T12TP1-SS2	Chromium	16.7		mg/kg
T12TP1-SS2	Vanadium	57.4	R	mg/kg
T12TP2-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.5	R	μg/kg
T12TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T12TP2-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.3	R	μg/kg
T12TP2-SS1	Chromium	3.6	R	mg/kg
T12TP2-SS1	Vanadium	6.3		mg/kg
T12TP3-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T12TP3-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T12TP3-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg



Sample ID	Contaminant of Concern	Resu	ılts	Units
T12TP3-SS1	Chromium	3.8	R	mg/kg
T12TP3-SS1	Vanadium	8.3	R	mg/kg
T1TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	4.1	R	μg/kg
T1TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	2.1		μg/kg
T1TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	8.5	R	μg/kg
T1TP1-SS1	Chromium	1.8	R	mg/kg
T1TP1-SS1	Vanadium	3.8	R	mg/kg
T1TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.9	R	μg/kg
T1TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	2.1	R	μg/kg
T1TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	8.2	R	μg/kg
T1TP2-SS2	Chromium	5.9	R	mg/kg
T1TP2-SS2	Vanadium	11	R	mg/kg
T1TP3-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T1TP3-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T1TP3-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.4		μg/kg
T1TP3-SS1	Chromium	4.4	R	mg/kg
T1TP3-SS1	Vanadium	8.5	R	mg/kg
T1TP3-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.8	R	μg/kg
T1TP3-SS2	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T1TP3-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.9	R	μg/kg
T1TP3-SS2	Chromium	12.9	R	mg/kg
T1TP3-SS2	Vanadium	29.7	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.9	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS1	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	8	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS1	Chromium	10.8	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS1	Vanadium	20	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.7	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS2	Chromium	10.5	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS2	Vanadium	19	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS3	4,4'-DDD	3.5	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS3	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS3	Pentachlorophenol	7.3		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS3	Antimony	0.33	R	mg/kg
T25TP9-SS4	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS4	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS4	Pentachlorophenol	7.4		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS5	4,4'-DDD	3.8		μg/kg
T25TP9-SS5	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS5	Pentachlorophenol	7.7	R	μg/kg

Sample ID	Contaminant of Concern	Results		Units
T25TP9-SS6	4,4'-DDD	3.7	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS6	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS6	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T25TP9-SS6	Copper	43.5	R	mg/kg
T2TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.5	R	μg/kg
T2TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T2TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg
T2TP1-SS1	Chromium	3.3	R	mg/kg
T2TP1-SS1	Vanadium	5.8	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.7	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	2	R	µg/kg
T2TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.7	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS2	Chromium	11.2	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS2	Vanadium	25.4	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS3	4,4'-DDD	3.9	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS3	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS3	Pentachlorophenol	8.1	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS3	Chromium	9.7	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS3	Vanadium	23.1	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS4	4,4'-DDD	3.4	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS4	Endosulfan I	1.8	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS4	Pentachlorophenol	7.1	R	μg/kg
T2TP2-SS4	Chromium	5.3	R	mg/kg
T2TP2-SS4	Vanadium	8.5	R	mg/kg
T3TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T3TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	R	μg/kg
T3TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	R	μg/kg
T3TP1-SS1	Chromium	13.4	R	mg/kg
T3TP1-SS1	Vanadium	18.7		mg/kg
T3TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6	_	μg/kg
T3TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T3TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.4		µg/kg
T3TP1-SS2	Chromium	6.3		mg/kg
T3TP1-SS2	Vanadium	11.5		mg/kg
T3TP1-SS3	4,4'-DDD	3.8		µg/kg
T3TP1-SS3	Endosulfan I		R	µg/kg
T3TP1-SS3	Pentachlorophenol	7.8		µg/kg
T3TP1-SS3	Chromium	4.1		mg/kg
T3TP1-SS3	Vanadium	8.7		mg/kg
T4TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.7		µg/kg
T4TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9		µg/kg
T4TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.7		μg/kg
T4TP1-SS1	Chromium	6.8		mg/kg
T4TP1-SS1	Vanadium	11.8		mg/kg
T4TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.7		μg/kg
T4TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T4TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.6		μg/kg
T4TP1-SS2	Chromium	4.9		mg/kg
T4TP1-SS2	Vanadium	9.8		mg/kg
T4TP2-SS1 T4TP2-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.5		μg/kg
T4TP2-SS1 T4TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8 7.3		μg/kg
14172-331	Pentachlorophenol	1.3	Г	μg/kg



Sample ID	Contaminant of Concern	Resu	ılts	Units
T4TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	4	R	μg/kg
T4TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	2.1	R	μg/kg
T4TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	8.2	R	μg/kg
T5TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6		μg/kg
T5TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T5TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.4	R	μg/kg
T5TP1-SS1	Antimony	2.2	R	mg/kg
T5TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD		R	μg/kg
T5TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	2.1	R	μg/kg
T5TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	8.3	R	μg/kg
T5TP1-SS2	Antimony	0.16		mg/kg
T6TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.8	R	μg/kg
T6TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I		R	μg/kg
T6TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.8		μg/kg
T6TP1-SS1	Antimony	6.8		mg/kg
T6TP1-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6		μg/kg
T6TP1-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T6TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.5	_	μg/kg
T6TP1-SS2	Antimony	28.6		mg/kg
T6TP2-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.7		μg/kg
T6TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T6TP2-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.5		μg/kg
T6TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.5		μg/kg
T6TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T6TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.1		μg/kg
T7TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.5		μg/kg
T7TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T7TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.2		μg/kg
T7TP1-SS1	Antimony	0.15		mg/kg
T7TP1-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.6		μg/kg
T7TP1-SS2	Antimony	0.33	_	mg/kg
T8TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.5		μg/kg
T8TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T8TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.3		μg/kg
T8TP1-SS1	Antimony	5.2	R	mg/kg
T8TP2-SS1	Endrin	3.5		μg/kg
T8TP2-SS1	4.4'-DDD	3.5		μg/kg
T8TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg
T8TP2-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.1		μg/kg
T8TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I		R	μg/kg
T8TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.8		μg/kg
T8TP3-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.4		μg/kg
T8TP3-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.6	_	μg/kg
T8TP3-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.9	_	μg/kg
T8TP3-SS2	Endrin	3.6		μg/kg
T8TP3-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6		μg/kg
T8TP3-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.9		μg/kg
T8TP3-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.4		μg/kg μg/kg
T9TP1-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.4		μg/kg μg/kg
T9TP1-SS1	Endosulfan I	1.8		μg/kg μg/kg
T9TP1-SS1	Pentachlorophenol		R	
T9TP1-SS1	Antimony			μg/kg mg/kg
1911-991	Artuillony	0.88	Г	mg/kg



Sample ID	Contaminant of Concern	Results		Units
T9TP2-SS1	4,4'-DDD	3.8	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS1	Endosulfan I	2	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS1	Pentachlorophenol	7.8	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS1	Antimony	43.1	R	mg/kg
T9TP2-SS2	4,4'-DDD	3.6	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS2	Endosulfan I	1.8	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS2	Pentachlorophenol	7.3	R	μg/kg
T9TP2-SS2	Antimony	151	R	mg/kg
	Total Number of Rejections		206	

Acronyms:

ID - identification

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

R - sample results rejected

μg/kg - microgram per kilogram



Sample Identification (ID) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) ID		
Quality Control Sample		
Date		
Date	4/21/201	U
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) (μg/L)		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		UJ
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		UJ
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		UJ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		U
1,1-Dichloroethane		U
1,1-Dichloroethene		U
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		U
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		UJ
1,2-Dibromoethane	_	UJ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
1,2-Dichloroethane		UJ
1,2-Dichloropropane		U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
1,4-Dioxane	100	
2-Butanone 2-Hexanone	10 10	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10	
Acetone	10	
Benzene		U
Bromochloromethane		U
Bromodichloromethane		U
Bromoform		U
Bromomethane		U
Carbon Disulfide		U
Carbon tetrachloride		UJ
Chlorobenzene		U
Chloroethane		U
Chloroform		Ü
Chloromethane		Ū
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		Ū
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
Cyclohexane		U
Dibromochloromethane	5	U
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5	U
Ethylbenzene	5	U
Isopropylbenzene		U
m,p-Xylene	_	U
Methyl Acetate		UJ
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether		UJ
Methylcyclohexane		U
Methylene chloride	4.6	
o-Xylene		U
Styrene		U
Tetrachloroethene		U
Toluene		U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
Trichloroethene		U
Trichlorofluoromethane	5	UJ
Vinyl Chloride	5	U

Sample Identification (ID)	FB-04211	0
Sample Identification (ID) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) ID	FB-04211 MB7PT4	
Quality Control Sample		
Quality Control Sample Date	4/21/201	
Date	4/21/201	U
Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)	\ (ua/L)	
1,1'-Biphenyl	, (μ g/L) 5	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	5	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	5	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	5	U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	5	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	2	
2,4-Dinitrophenol 2.4-Dinitrotoluene	2	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	5	
2-Chloronaphthalene	2	UJ
2-Chlorophenol	5	
2-Methylnaphthalene		UJ
2-Methylphenol 2-Nitroaniline	5 10	
2-Nitrophenol	5	
3,3`-Dichlorobenzidine	5	
3-Nitroaniline	10	
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	4.2	
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	5 5	UJ
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4-Chloroaniline	5	_
4-Chlorophenyl Phenylether		UJ
4-Methylphenol	5	U
4-Nitroaniline	10	
4-Nitrophenol	10	_
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene		UJ UJ
Acetophenone	5	
Anthracene	5	
Atrazine	5	
Benzaldehyde	5	
Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	4.5 2	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.5	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	5	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	5 3.4	
Bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	5	
Butylbenzylphthalate	5	
Caprolactam	5	
Carbazole		UJ
Chlorophenols Chrysene	5 5	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene		U
Dibenzofuran	5	UJ
Diethylphthalate	5	
Dimethylphthalate	5	
Di-N-Butylphthalate Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	4.5 5	
Fluoranthene	5	
Fluorene	5	UJ
Hexachlorobenzene	5	
Hexachlorobutadiene	2	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane	5 5	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	4.5	
Isophorone	5	U
Naphthalene		UJ
Nitrobenzene	5	
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	2.1 5	_
Pentachlorophenol	3.6	
Phenanthrene	5	
Phenol	5	U
Pyrene	5	U

Sample Identification (ID)		
Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) ID		
Quality Control Sample	Field Blank	
Date	4/21/2010	
Selective Ion Monitoring (SIM) SVOCs (µg/	L)	
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.1	U
Acenaphthene	0.1	U
Acenaphthylene	0.1	U
Anthracene	0.1	U
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.1	U
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.17	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.1	U
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.14	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.1	
Chrysene	0.1	U
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.13	
Fluoranthene	0.1	
Fluorene	0.1	
Indeno(1,2,3-Cd)Pyrene	0.15	
Naphthalene	0.16	
Pentachlorophenol	0.2	
Phenanthrene	0.1	
Pyrene	0.1	U
Pesticides (µg/L)		
4,4'-DDD	0.1	UJ
4,4'-DDE	0.1	UJ
4,4'-DDT	0.1	
Aldrin	0.05	UJ
Alpha-Bhc	0.05	UJ
Alpha-Chlordane	0.05	UJ
Beta-Bhc	0.05	UJ
Chlorinated Camphene	3.3	UJ
Delta-BHC	0.05	UJ
Dieldrin	0.1	
Endosulfan I	0.05	
Endosulfan II	0.1	
Endosulfan Sulfate	0.1	
Endrin	0.1	
Endrin Aldehyde	0.1	
Endrin Ketone	0.1	
Gamma-Bhc (Lindane)	0.05	
Gamma-Chlordane	0.05	
Heptachlor	0.05	
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.05	
Methoxychlor	0.5	UJ
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (μg/L)		
Aroclor 1260	0.1	
Aroclor 1254	0.1	
Aroclor 1268	0.1	
Aroclor 1221	0.1	UJ
Aroclor 1232	0.1	
Aroclor 1248	0.1	
Aroclor 1016	0.1	
Aroclor 1262	0.1	
Aroclor 1242	0.1	UJ

Sample Identification (ID)	FB-042110
Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) ID	MB7PT4
Quality Control Sample	Field Blank
Date	4/21/2010
Bute	4/21/2010
Metals (µg/L)	
Aluminum	200 U
Antimony	2 U
Arsenic	1 U
Barium	0.17 J
Beryllium	5 U
Cadmium	1 U
Calcium	5000 U
Chromium	2 U
Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds)	200 U
Cobalt	1 U
Copper	25 U
Cyanide	10 U
Iron	100 U
Lead	1 U
Magnesium	5000 U
Manganese	15 U
Mercury	0.2 U
Nickel	40 U
Potassium	5000 U
Selenium	5 U
Silver	10 U
Sodium	444 J
Thallium	1 U
Vanadium	5 U
Zinc	5.9 J

- Notes:

 µg/L microgram per Liter

 U non-detect

 J estimated data due to exceeded quality control criteria

 R data is rejected due to exceeded quality control criteria

Table 7 Laboratory QLs Not Meeting PQLGs Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Analytical Parameter (All units: μg/kg)	PAL / PQLG	SOM01.2 Low CRQL	Laboratory Achieved QL	Sample Reported QL*	Comments
2,4-dimethylphenol	10	170	33	33-41	via MA 1929.0
2,4-dinitrophenol	60.9	170	61	61-75	via MA 1929.0
2,6-dinitrotoluene	32.8	170	170	150-210	
2-chloronaphthalene	12.2	170	33	33-41	via MA 1929.0
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	144	330	140	140-170	via MA 1929.0
Di-n-butylphthalate	150	170	150	150-180	via MA 1929.0
Hexachlorobutadiene	39.8	170	40	40-49	via MA 1929.0
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	69.4	170	69	69-85	via MA 1929.0
Pentachlorophenol	119	6.7 SIM/ 130 Low	120	120-150	SIM results were rejected
PCBs	0.33	33	1.7	1.7-1.9	via MA 1930.0
Analytical Parameter (All units: mg/kg)	PAL / PQLG	ILM05.4 Low CRQL	Laboratory Reported QL	Sample Reported QL	Comments
Arsenic	0.39	1	0.39	0.39	via MA 1923.0
Barium	1.04	20	1.04	1	via MA 1923.0
Cadmium	0.002	0.5	0.02	0.02	via MA 1923.0
Cobalt	0.1	5	0.1	0.1-1	via MA 1923.0
Cyanide	1.3	2.5	1.3	1.2-1.6	via MA 1923.0
Mercury	0.0005	0.1	0.05	0.027-0.028	via MA 1923.0.
Selenium	0.03	3.5	0.1	0.1-prep blank	via MA 1923.0
Thallium	0.06	2.5	0.06	0.005-prep blank	via MA 1923.0; MDL is 0.005

Notes:

* - Soil sample reporting levels are typically higher than the achievable limits due to exact weight of sample used and the moisture content of the soil. Results are reported as dry weight.

Acronyms:

CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit

PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

QL - quantitation limit

MA - Modified Analysis

PAL - Project Action Limit

PQLG - Project Quantitation Limit Goal

μg/kg - micrograms per kilogram



DUS November 2010

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Table 8 Trench Soil Samples Completeness Report Raritan Slag Site Old Bridge/Sayerville, New Jersey

Method	Analytical Parameter	Non-Detects	Hits	Rejects	Total	Estimated Hits	Percent Estimated (Hits Only)	Percent Rejected
SOM01.2	TCL VOCs	2640	0	0	2640	0	0.0	0.0
SOM01.2	TCL SVOCs	3301	120	0	3421	117	3.4	0.0
SOM01.2 SIM	SIM SVOCs	431	201	51	683	201	29.4	7.5
SOM01.2	TCL Pesticides	936	33	102	1071	22	2.1	9.5
SOM01.2	TCL PCBs	436	0	0	436	3	0.7	0.0
SW-846, 3060A/7	Hexavalent Chromium	35	0	0	35	0	0.0	0.0
ILM05.4	TAL Metals	372	369	53	794	411	51.8	6.7
Lloyd Kahn	TOC	0	7	0	7	7	100.0	0.0
9045D	рН	0	7	0	7	0	0.0	0.0
	Totals	8151	737	206	9094	761	8.4	2.3

Percent of all Data Rejected	2.27	
Percent of all SIM SVOCs Rejected	7.5	(All pentachlorophenol)
Percent of all TCL Pesticides Rejected	9.5	(Mainly 4,4'-DDD and endsulfan I)
Percent of all TAL Metals Rejected	6.7	(Mainly vanadium, antimony, chromium, and copper)
Percent of all Hits Estimated	8.4	(Does not include estimated non-detect data)
Percent complete (judged valid)	97.73	(Includes all estimated data)

Acronyms:

TCL = total compound list

CLP = contract laboratory program

TAL = target analyte list

PCBs = polychlorinated biphenyls

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

SVOCs = semi-volatile organic compounds

SIM = selective ion monitoring TOC = total organic carbon

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

Inorganic Data Review Narrative

Case# 40054	Site: RARITAN BAY SLAG	Soil: 19
SDG# MB7PS8	Lab: CHEMTECH	Water: 1
Sampling Team: CDM	Reviewer: C. STANCA	Other: 0

A.2.1 Data Validation Flags:

The following flags may have been applied in red by the data validator and must be considered by the data user.

- J This flag indicates the result qualified as estimated
- R and Red-Line A red-line drawn through a sample result indicates unusable value. The red-lined data are known to contain significant errors based on documented information and must not be used by the data user.
- U This data validation qualifier is applied to sample results \geq MDL when associated blank is contaminated

Fully Usable Data - The results that do not carry "J" or "red-line" are fully usable.

A.2.2 Laboratory Qualifiers:

The CLP laboratory applies a contractual qualifier on all Form I'S and the QC Form when a QC analysis is outside the control limits. These qualifiers are not applied on the Lotus or XLS spreadsheets. These qualifiers and their meanings are as follows:

N: This qualifier indicates the lack of accuracy in the reported result, and is applied when matrix spiked sample recovery is outside the control limits.

E: This qualifier indicates the presence of interference, and is applied when the ICP serial dilution is outside the control limits.

- *: This qualifier indicates the lack of precision, and is applied on Form I'S and Form VI when the Lab Duplicate analysis is outside the control limits.
- U: This is a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a non-detected result which is essentially less than the Method Detection Limit (MDL). A non-detected result of an analyte is indicated by the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) of that analyte suffixed with "U".
- J: This is also a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a positive result below the CRQL.

<u>NOTE</u>: The laboratory qualifiers are crossed out and replaced with the appropriate data validation qualifiers (J, R or U) by the data validator.

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

A.2.3.1 Data Case Description:

This case consists of one (1) aqueous and nineteen (19) soil samples collected at the Raritan Bay Slag site between 4/21/10 and 4/26/10 for TAL Metals analysis according to the USEPA CLP SOW No. ILM05.4. Matrix spike, laboratory duplicate and serial dilution analyses were performed on sample MB7PZ6. The aqueous sample in this case was identified as field blank. Consequently, no matrix spike, laboratory duplicate or ICP serial dilution analyses were performed for the aqueous matrix.

As per EPA Technical Direction Form (TDF) only the following criteria were reviewed by the data validator, where applicable: Preservation, Holding Time, CRQL Standard, Matrix Spike (soil matrix), Interference Check Sample, Laboratory Duplicate, Field Duplicate, ICP Serial Dilution, and Field Blank. The qualifiers applied on Form Is and CADRE EXCEL spreadsheets are based on ESAT data review of the above mentioned criteria. For all other criteria see the CADRE Reports.

A.2.3.2 CSF Audit: No problems.

A.2.3.3 Technical Review:

SDG MB7PS8 (SOIL + WATER, TAL METALS, ICP-AES)

ICB/CCB

The Calibration Blanks values were MDL but <CRQL for six analytes. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The following associated positive results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

- "U" -> Be -> MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05
 - Ca -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
 - Mg -> MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
 - Mn -> MB7PT4
 - Ni -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
 - K -> MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
 - Ag -> MB7PS9, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q07, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

PREPARATION BLANK

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

The Preparation Blank values were MDL but CRQL for three analytes. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The associated positive

"U" -> Ca* -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

Mn* -> MB7PT4

Na -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Al, Fe, and Mn when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

"J" -> Al, Fe, Mn -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

* already qualified

A.2.3.4 <u>Contract-Problem/Non-Compliance:</u> None.

HWSS Reviewer:		Date:	
	Signature		
Contractor Reviewer:		Date:	
	Signature		
Verified by:		Date:	
	Signature		

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

Inorganic Data Review Narrative

Case# 40054	Site: RARITAN BAY SLAG	Soil: 64
SDG# MB7PT0, MB7PT1, MB7PT4, MB7PX5	Lab: CHEMTECH	Water: 1
Sampling Team: CDM	Reviewer: C. STANCA	Other: 0

A.2.1 Data Validation Flags:

The following flags may have been applied in red by the data validator and must be considered by the data user.

- J This flag indicates the result qualified as estimated
- R and Red-Line A red-line drawn through a sample result indicates unusable value. The red-lined data are known to contain significant errors based on documented information and must not be used by the data user.
- U This data validation qualifier is applied to sample results \geq MDL when associated blank is contaminated

Fully Usable Data - The results that do not carry "J" or "red-line" are fully usable.

A.2.2 Laboratory Qualifiers:

The CLP laboratory applies a contractual qualifier on all Form I'S and the QC Form when a QC analysis is outside the control limits. These qualifiers are not applied on the Lotus or XLS spreadsheets. These qualifiers and their meanings are as follows:

N: This qualifier indicates the lack of accuracy in the reported result, and is applied when matrix spiked sample recovery is outside the control limits.

E: This qualifier indicates the presence of interference, and is applied when the ICP serial dilution is outside the control limits.

- *: This qualifier indicates the lack of precision, and is applied on Form I'S and Form VI when the Lab Duplicate analysis is outside the control limits.
- U: This is a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a non-detected result which is essentially less than the Method Detection Limit (MDL). A non-detected result of an analyte is indicated by the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) of that analyte suffixed with "U".
- J: This is also a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a positive result below the CRQL.

NOTE: The laboratory qualifiers are crossed out and replaced with the appropriate data validation qualifiers (J, R or U) by the data validator.

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

A.2.3.1 Data Case Description:

This case consists of one (1) aqueous and sixty-four (64) soil samples collected at the Raritan Bay Slag site between 4/21/10 and 5/04/10 for TAL Metals, Mercury, and Cyanide analysis according to the USEPA CLP SOW No. ILM05.4. Samples MB7PW7/MB7PT1, MB7PY3/MB7PT3, MB7Q35/MB7PT2, MB7PW4/MB7PS8, MB7Q07/MB7PS9, and MB7Q44/MB7PT0 were the field duplicate pairs for this sampling event. Matrix spike, laboratory duplicate and serial dilution analyses were performed on samples MB7Q20, MB7PZ6, and MB7Q32. The only aqueous sample in this case was identified as field blank. Consequently, no matrix spike, laboratory duplicate or ICP serial dilution analyses were performed for the aqueous matrix.

As per EPA Technical Direction Form (TDF) only the following criteria were reviewed by the data validator, where applicable: Preservation, Holding Time, CRQL Standard, Matrix Spike (soil matrix), Interference Check Sample, Laboratory Duplicate, Field Duplicate, ICP Serial Dilution, and Field Blank. The qualifiers applied on Form Is and CADRE EXCEL spreadsheets are based on ESAT data review of the above mentioned criteria. For all other criteria see the CADRE Reports.

A.2.3.2 CSF Audit: No problems.

A.2.3.3 <u>Technical Review</u>:

SDG MB7PT1 (19 SOIL, TAL METALS, ICP-AES)

ICB/CCB

The Calibration Blanks values were MDL but <CRQL for seven analytes. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The following associated positive results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

- "U" -> Be -> MB7PT3, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60
 - Ca -> MB7PT3, MB7PX9, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7Q35, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60
 - Cu -> MB7Q20
 - Mg -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59
 - Ni -> MB7PT3, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY8, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60
 - Na -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3,

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q19, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

Zn -> MB7Q20, MB7Q55

PREPARATION BLANK

The Preparation Blank values were MDL but CRQL for Ca and Na. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The associated positive results CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Ca -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PX9, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7Q35, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

Na -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q19, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Fe when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

"J" -> Fe -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q19, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

FIELD DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Fe, Mn, and Al and greater than 120% for Cu when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated Al, Fe and Mn sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". All associated Cu results have been rejected.

"J" -> Fe*, Mn -> MB7PT3, MB7PY3

Al, Mn -> MB7Q35, MB7PT2

"R" -> Cu -> MB7PT3, MB7PY3

SDG MB7PT4 (19 SOIL + 1 WATER, TAL METALS + Hg + CN, ICP-MS MA 1923.0)

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ICB/CCB

The Calibration Blanks values were MDL but <CRQL for three analytes. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The following associated positive results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Sb -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PZ6, MB7Q04, MB7Q09

Cd -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5

T1 -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

Pb -> MB7PT4

PREPARATION BLANK

The Preparation Blank values were \geq MDL but \leq CRQL for Sb. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The associated positive results \leq CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Sb* -> MB7PT4, MB7PT5, MB7PZ6, MB7Q04, MB7Q09

MATRIX SPIKE

The matrix spike recovery was between 10 - 75% for Sb, As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Co, Se, and Tl and less than 10% for Cr and V. Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for matrix spike analysis were affected. The following results with concentration \leq 4 X Spike Amount Added were considered estimated or rejected and qualified "J" or "R".

```
"J"-> Sb, As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Co, Se, Tl -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
```

"R" -> Cr, V -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Ba when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

```
"J" -> Ba* -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16
```

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The absolute difference between sample and duplicate results was greater than 2X CRQL for As when sample and/or duplicate results were less than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results were previously qualified. No action was taken.

FIELD DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for V, Sb, and Ba when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> V* -> MB7PW4, MB7PS8

Sb*, Ba* -> MB7Q07, MB7PS9

The absolute difference between sample and duplicate results was greater than 2X CRQL for Se when sample and/or duplicate results were less than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results \leq 5XCRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Se* -> MB7Q07, MB7PS9

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE

The LCS "Found" value for Pb was less than the lower control limit. All associated results have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Pb -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

ICP SERIAL DILUTION

The ICP serial dilution analysis yielded percent differences greater than 10 but less than 100 when the initial concentration was equal to or greater than 50 X MDL for Co. All associated detects have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Co* -> MB7PS8, MB7PS9, MB7PT5, MB7PW0, MB7PW3, MB7PW4, MB7PZ1, MB7PZ2, MB7PZ5, MB7PZ6, MB7PZ9, MB7Q04, MB7Q05, MB7Q06, MB7Q07, MB7Q08, MB7Q09, MB7Q15, MB7Q16

SDG MB7PX5 (13 SOIL, TAL METALS + Hg + CN, ICP-MS MA 1923.0)

ICB/CCB

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SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

The Calibration Blanks values were \geq MDL but \leq CRQL for Sb and Tl. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The following associated positive results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Sb -> MB7PX6, MB7Q24

T1 -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7O51

PREPARATION BLANK

The Preparation Blank values were \geq MDL but \leq CRQL for Sb and Tl. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The associated positive results \leq CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Sb* -> MB7PX6, MB7Q24

T1* -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7O51

MATRIX SPIKE

The matrix spike recovery was between 10 - 75% for Se and less than 10 for Sb. Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for matrix spike analysis were affected. The results with concentration \leq 4 X Spike Amount Added were considered estimated and qualified "J".

- "J" -> Se -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68
- "R" -> Sb -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Sb, As, Co, and Pb when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

- "J" -> As, Co, Pb -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68
 - Sb* -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7Q23, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE

The LCS "Found" value for Pb was less than the lower control limit. All associated results have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

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Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
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"J" -> Pb* -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68

ICP SERIAL DILUTION

The ICP serial dilution analysis yielded percent differences greater than 10 but less than 100 when the initial concentration was equal to or greater than 50X MDL for Co. All associated detects have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Co* -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68

SDG MB7PT0 (13 SOIL, TAL METALS, ICP-AES)

ICB/CCB

The Calibration Blanks values were \geq MDL but \leq CRQL for three analytes. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The following associated positive results <CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

- "U" -> Ca -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44
 - Mg -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7O44
 - Ni -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44

PREPARATION BLANK

The Preparation Blank values were \geq MDL but \leq CRQL for Ca and Na. (Only analytes that required qualifications were mentioned.) The associated positive results \leq CRQL were raised to the CRQL and qualified "U".

"U" -> Ca* -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44

Na -> MB7PT0, MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q23, MB7Q24, MB7Q31, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q44, MB7Q51, MB7Q63, MB7Q67, MB7Q68

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The absolute difference between sample and duplicate results was greater than 2X CRQL for Cu when sample and/or duplicate results were less than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results ≤ 5 XCRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

"J" -> Cu -> MB7PX5, MB7PX6, MB7Q24, MB7Q32, MB7Q43, MB7Q63

FIELD DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Fe when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated Fe results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated

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Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
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SOP: HW-2	Revision	13	Appendix A.2	Sept. 2	005
and flagged	d "J".				
"J" -> Fe -	-> MB7Q44,	MB7PT0			
* already qua	1:5:-4				
* aiready qua	IIIIed				
224	Contro at	Duckley /New Compl	inna. Nana		
A.2.3.4	Contract	-Problem/Non-Compl	iance: None.		
HWSS Review	ver:	Signature	Date:		
Contractor			5.7		
Reviewer:		Signature	Date:		
Verified by	<i></i>				
		Signature			

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

Inorganic Data Review Narrative

Case# 40054	Site: RARITAN BAY SLAG	Soil: 19
SDG# MB7PW7	Lab: CHEMTECH	Water: 0
Sampling Team: CDM	Reviewer: C. STANCA	Other: 0

A.2.1 Data Validation Flags:

The following flags may have been applied in red by the data validator and must be considered by the data user.

- J This flag indicates the result qualified as estimated
- R and Red-Line A red-line drawn through a sample result indicates unusable value. The red-lined data are known to contain significant errors based on documented information and must not be used by the data user.
- U This data validation qualifier is applied to sample results \geq MDL when associated blank is contaminated

Fully Usable Data - The results that do not carry "J" or "red-line" are fully usable.

A.2.2 Laboratory Qualifiers:

The CLP laboratory applies a contractual qualifier on all Form I'S and the QC Form when a QC analysis is outside the control limits. These qualifiers are not applied on the Lotus or XLS spreadsheets. These qualifiers and their meanings are as follows:

N: This qualifier indicates the lack of accuracy in the reported result, and is applied when matrix spiked sample recovery is outside the control limits.

E: This qualifier indicates the presence of interference, and is applied when the ICP serial dilution is outside the control limits.

- *: This qualifier indicates the lack of precision, and is applied on Form I'S and Form VI when the Lab Duplicate analysis is outside the control limits.
- U: This is a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a non-detected result which is essentially less than the Method Detection Limit (MDL). A non-detected result of an analyte is indicated by the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) of that analyte suffixed with "U".
- J: This is also a concentration qualifier that laboratory applies to a positive result below the CRQL.

NOTE: The laboratory qualifiers are crossed out and replaced with the appropriate data validation qualifiers (J, R or U) by the data validator.

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

A.2.3.1 Data Case Description:

This case consists of nineteen (19) soil samples collected at the Raritan Bay Slag site between 4/30/10 and 5/05/10 for TAL Metals, Mercury, and Cyanide analysis according to the USEPA CLP SOW No. ILM05.4. Samples MB7PW7/MB7PT1, MB7Q35/MB7PT2, and MB7PY3/MB7PT3 were the field duplicate pairs for this sampling event. Matrix spike, laboratory duplicate and serial dilution analyses were performed on sample MB7Q20.

As per EPA Technical Direction Form (TDF) only the following criteria were reviewed by the data validator, where applicable: Preservation, Holding Time, CRQL Standard, Matrix Spike (soil matrix), Interference Check Sample, Laboratory Duplicate, Field Duplicate, ICP Serial Dilution, and Field Blank. The qualifiers applied on Form Is and CADRE EXCEL spreadsheets are based on ESAT data review of the above mentioned criteria. For all other criteria see the CADRE Reports.

A.2.3.2 CSF Audit: No problems.

A.2.3.3 Technical Review:

SDG MB7PW7 (19 SOIL, TAL METALS + Hg + CN, ICP-MS MA 1923.0)

LABORATORY DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Ba when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have been considered estimated and flagged "J". Only samples whose percent solids are within \pm 10% of the percent solids of the sample used for laboratory duplicate analysis were affected.

"J" -> Ba -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q19, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE

The LCS "Found" value for Pb was less than the lower control limit. All associated results have been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Pb -> MB7PT1, MB7PT2, MB7PT3, MB7PW7, MB7PW8, MB7PX9, MB7PY0, MB7PY3, MB7PY4, MB7PY7, MB7PY8, MB7Q19, MB7Q20, MB7Q35, MB7Q36, MB7Q55, MB7Q56, MB7Q59, MB7Q60

FIELD DUPLICATE

The RPD between sample and duplicate results was \geq 35% but less than 120% for Sb, As, Ba, Co, and Pb when both sample and duplicate results were greater than 5 X CRQL. All associated sample results greater or equal to CRQL have

USEPA Region 2

Evaluation of Metals Data for the Contract Laboratory Program
Data Assessment and Contract Compliance Review

SOP: HW-2 Revision 13 Appendix A.2 Sept. 2005

been considered estimated and flagged "J".

"J" -> Sb, As, Ba* -> MB7PW7, MB7PT1

Sb, Pb* -> MB7Q35, MB7PT2

Sb, As, Co, Pb* -> MB7PY3, MB7PT3

* already qualified

A.2.3.4 Contract-Problem/Non-Compliance:

The CRQL values for non-detected Selenium results on three Form Is were reported as zero. The error was corrected by the validator.

HWSS Reviewer:	Signature	Date:	
Contractor	Signature		
Reviewer:	Signature	Date:	
Verified by:	Signature	Date:	

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT2

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: RARITAN BAY SLAG

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: PCB

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-37 (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's				
Signature:	Shobitha Amin	Date: JUN	E / 28	/ 2010
Peer Reviewe Signature:	er's 	Date:		/ 2010
		_		
Verified By:		Date:	/	/ 2010

SDG# B7PT2

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification.

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification.

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

AMS1-The relative percent difference (RPD) between the following aroclor matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate recoveries is outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are not qualified.

- -B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD
- Aroclor-1016 B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD

4. Laboratory Control Samples (LCS):

The LCSs data provides information on the accuracy of the analytical method and laboratory performance. If LCS recoveries fell outside of the acceptable limits, qualifications were applied to the associated samples and compounds as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification.

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects U.

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

Not applicable.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PCB fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For opening CCV, or closing CCV that is used as an opening CCV for the next 12-hour period, if %D exceeds 15% for analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For closing CCV, if %D exceeds 50% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

No problems found for this qualification.

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) PCB Fraction:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

Qualified J:

ADL312-The following aroclor samples have percent differences between analyte results in the

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

Page 4 of 4

range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

- Aroclor-1254 B7PT2, B7PY3, B7Q35
- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: None.
- **9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:** No problems.
- 10. OTHER PROBLEMS:
- 11. This package contains re-extracted, re-analyzed or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

B7PT3DL, B7PY3DL

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Semivolatiles SOP NO. HW-35/SVOA, Rev.1

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT2

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: Raritan Bay Slag SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: BNA & BNA-SIM

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-35/SVOA (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF specifications, the National Functional Guidelines Report # 3 and CCS Semi-Automated Screening Results Report.

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICS) for BNA fraction are not validated. They are validated only at the specific request of the data user.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's Signature:	Shobitha S Amin	Shobitha S Amin Date: June / 28 / 2010		<u>3 / 2010</u>
Peer Reviewe Signature:	er's 	Date:	1	/ 2010
Verified By:		Date:	1	/ 2010

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Semivolatiles SOP NO. HW-35/SVOA, Rev.1

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BNA & BNA-SIM:

SDG# B7PT2

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS reports.

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS reports.

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not applicable.

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure crosscontamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 5 times the blank contaminant level (10 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U". The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

BNA:

The following BNA samples have analyte concentrations reported below the CRQL or at levels less than 5 times the CRQL. The associated Field blank concentration is below the CRQL. Detected compounds have been reported at the CRQL and qualified U.

Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY8, B7Q55, B7Q60

BNA-SIM:

The following semi volatile SIM samples have analyte concentrations reported less than the CRQL. The associated Field blank concentration is greater than the CRQL. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Naphthalene B7Q35, B7Q56

Benzo(a)pyrene B7PT2DL, B7PX9DL, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene, B7PY0, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q20
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene B7P59, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35DL, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q59, B7Q60, B7Q56DL
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene B7PT2DL, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35DL, B7Q56DL

The following semi volatile SIM samples have analyte concentrations reported greater than the CRQL and less than Field blank contamination. The associated Field blank concentration is greater than the CRQL. Reported sample concentrations have been reported and qualified U.

Naphthalene B7PT2

Benzo(a)pyrene B7P59, B7PT3, B7PY3, B7Q59, B7Q56DL

Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene B7P59, B7PT2DL, B7PX9DL, B7Q19, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q59, B7Q56DL. B7PY3

Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene B7PX9

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene B7P59, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q59

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not applicable.

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

Not applicable.

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICS) for BNA fraction are not validated. They are validated only at the specific request of the data user.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene and for semi-volatiles Decafluorotriphenyl-phosphine (DFTPP).

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be ≥ 0.05 , and ≥ 0.01 for the twenty-five analytes with poor response in both the initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05, or < 0.01 for the poor performers indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

BNA:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS reports.

BNA SIM:

BC15-The following semivolatile samples are associated with an initial calibration with average relative response factors (mean RRFs) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are qualified R.

-B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

- Pentachlorophenol SSTD0.17E

-B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8,

B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

BC14-The following semivolatile samples are associated with a CCV with relative response factors (RRF50) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are qualified R.

- -B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z
- Pentachlorophenol SSTD0.47K, SSTD0.47M
- -B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 20%, and < 40% for the poor performers. % D must be < 25%, and < 40% for the poor performers. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria, non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

BNA:

BC5-The following semivolatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are not qualified.

-B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, SBLK1W, SBLK1Y

- Benzo (b) fluoranthene SSTD0021R
- -B7PT2, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q36, SBLK1W
- Benzo (k) fluoranthene SSTD0021R
- -B7PT2, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q36, SBLK1W
- 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SSTD0021R
- -B7PT2, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q36, SBLK1W
- Pentachlorophenol SSTD0021R, SSTD0022C

-B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, SBLK1W, SBLK1Y

BNA-SIM

BC5-The following semivolatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are not qualified.

-B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

- Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene SSTD0.17E

-B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

- Pentachlorophenol SSTD0.17E

-B7P59, B7PT2, B7PT2DL, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q35, B7Q35DL, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1X, SBLK1Z

BNA SIM

The following semivolatile samples are associated with an opening or closing CCV percent difference (%D) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are qualified UJ.

-B7P59, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL. B7Q60, SBLK1Z

- Pentachlorophenol SSTD0.47M

-B7P59, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PX9DL, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q56DL, B7Q60, SBLK1Z

7. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +100%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +100%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS reports.

8. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Semi-Volatile Fractions:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have an ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification.

9. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

10. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.

11. OTHER PROBLEMS:

Sample # B7PT2:

Phenanthrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Benzo (g,h,i) perylene have been qualified J as they are detected at levels over the calibration range. They are detected at levels below the CRQL in the dilution run and could not be reported.

Sample # B7Q35:

Phenanthrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Benzo (g,h,i) perylene have been qualified J as they are detected at levels over the calibration range. They are detected at levels below the CRQL in the dilution run and could not be reported.

Sample # B7Q56:

Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno (1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Benzo (g,h,i) perylene have been qualified J as they are detected at levels over the calibration range. They are detected at levels below the CRQL in the dilution run and could not be reported.

12. This package contains re-extracted, reanalyzed or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Semivolatiles SOP NO. HW-35/SVOA, Rev.1

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BNA:

None.

BNA-SIM:

B7PT2DL, B7PX9DL, B7Q35DL, B7Q56DL

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Low/Med SOP NO. HW-33/VOA, Rev.1

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT2

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: RARITAN BAY SLAG

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: VOA

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-33/VOA (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data has been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF specifications, the National Functional Guidelines Report # 3 and CCS Semi-Automated Screening Results Report.

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICS) for VOA fraction are not validated. They are validated only at the specific request of the data user.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's				
Signature:	Shobitha Amin	Date: <u>JUN</u>	NE / 28	<u>/2010</u>
Peer Reviewe Signature:	er's 	Date:	1	/2010
Verified By:		Date:	1	/2010

SDG# B7PT2

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report.

2. DMC's

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds (DMC's) prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

VDSS3-The following volatile samples have DMC/SMC recoveries above the upper limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Nondetected compounds are not qualified.

- Chloroethane-d5 B7PX9, B7PY3, B7PY7
- -Bromomethane, Carbon disulfide, Chloroethane, Chloromethane, Dichlorodifluoromethane
- Vinyl chloride-d3 B7PY7
- -Vinyl chloride

VDSS4-The following volatile samples have one or more DMC/SMC recovery values is less than the primary lower limit but greater than or equal to the expanded lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Nondetected compounds are qualified UJ.

- -B7PT3, B7Q20MSD
- 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 B7Q20MSD
- -1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, Carbon tetrachloride, Methyl acetate, Methyl tert-butyl ether, Methylene chloride, Trichlorofluoromethane
- Toluene-d8 B7PT3
- -Ethylbenzene, Isopropylbenzene, Styrene, Tetrachloroethene, Toluene, Trichloroethene, m,p-Xylene, o-Xylene

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification.

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 1 times the blank contaminant level (2 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field/ Equipment or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not applicable.

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

No problems found for this qualification.

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICS) for VOA fraction are not validated. They are validated at the specific request of the data user.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene.

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be≥ 0.05, and ≥ 0.01 for the twenty -two analytes with poor response in both the initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05, or < 0.01 for the poor performers indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report.

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 20%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. %D must be < 25%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria (> 90%), non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

VC6-The following volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non detected compounds are not qualified.

-B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, VBLK6J, VBLK6L, VBLK6N, VBLK6Y, VHBLK1A

- Bromomethane VSTD2.56D
- Vinyl Chloride VSTD2.56U

7. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +200%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +200%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Low/Med SOP NO. HW-33/VOA, Rev.1

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If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report.

- 8. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:
- A) Volatile Fraction:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report.

- 9. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:
- 1
 10. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:
- 11. OTHER PROBLEMS:
- 12. This package contains re-extracted, re-analyzed or diluted runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None.

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT4, B7Q32, B7PS8

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: Raritan Bay Slag

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: PCB

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-37 (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's Signature:	Dorina Christina Alliu	Date: <u>July/14 /</u>	Date: <u>July/14 /2010</u>	
Peer Reviewer's Signature:	.	Date:/_	/2010	
Verified By:		Date:/_	/2010	

SDG# B7PT4

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

The following pesticide water samples are outside primary extraction holding time criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

B7PT4

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not Applicable

4. Laboratory Control Samples (LCS):

The LCSs data provides information on the accuracy of the analytical method and laboratory performance. If LCS recoveries fell outside of the acceptable limits, qualifications were applied to the associated samples and compounds as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects U.

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification sample was the field blank.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PCB fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For opening CCV, or closing CCV that is used as an opening CCV for the next 12-hour period, if %D exceeds 15% for analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For closing CCV, if %D exceeds 50% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

No problems found for this qualification.

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) PCB Fraction:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

No problems found for this qualification.

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: None.
- 9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.
- 10. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

11. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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SDG# B7Q32

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

The following aroclor samples have surrogate percent recoveries which exceed 150% but are less than or equal to 200%. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Tetrachloro-m-xylene B7Q32MSD

Aroclor-1016, Aroclor-1221, Aroclor-1232, Aroclor-1242, Aroclor-1248, Aroclor-1254, Aroclor-1260, Aroclor-1262, Aroclor-1268

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

The relative percent difference (RPD) between the following aroclor matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate recoveries is outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Aroclor-1016 B7Q32, B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD

The following Aroclor matrix/matrix spike duplicate samples have percent recoveries that are greater than the upper acceptance limit Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Aroclor-1260 B7Q32, B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD

Aroclor-1016 B7Q32, B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD

4. Laboratory Control Samples (LCS):

The LCSs data provides information on the accuracy of the analytical method and laboratory performance. If LCS recoveries fell outside of the acceptable limits, qualifications were applied to the associated samples and compounds as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects U.

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PCB fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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For opening CCV, or closing CCV that is used as an opening CCV for the next 12-hour period, if %D exceeds 15% for analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For closing CCV, if %D exceeds 50% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

No problems found for this qualification.

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) PCB Fraction:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

The following aroclor samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

Aroclor-1016 B7Q32MS

- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: None.
- **9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:** No problems.
- 11. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

11. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

B7Q23DL, B7Q44DL

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Aroclors SOP NO. HW-37

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SDG# B7PS8

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

The relative percent difference (RPD) between the following aroclor matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate recoveries is outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Aroclor-1016 B7PZ6, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD

The following Aroclor matrix/matrix spike duplicate samples have percent recoveries that are greater than the upper acceptance limit
Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Aroclor-1260 B7PZ6, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD

4. Laboratory Control Samples (LCS):

The LCSs data provides information on the accuracy of the analytical method and laboratory performance. If LCS recoveries fell outside of the acceptable limits, qualifications were applied to the associated samples and compounds as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects U.

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PCB fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For opening CCV, or closing CCV that is used as an opening CCV for the next 12-hour period, if %D exceeds 15% for analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

For closing CCV, if %D exceeds 50% for all analytes and the two surrogates, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects "UJ".

No problems found for this qualification.

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- 7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:
- A) PCB Fraction:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

No problems found for this qualification.

- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: None.
- **9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:** No problems.
- 12. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

11. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

B7PS9DL, B7PZ5DL, B7Q06DL, B7Q07DL

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT2

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: RARITAN BAY SLAG

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: PEST

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-36 (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF Specifications, the National Function Guidelines Report #3 and CCS Semi-Automated Screening Results Report.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's Signature:	Shobitha Amin	Date: <u>June</u>	Date: <u>June / 28 / 2010</u>	
Peer Reviewe Signature:	er's 	Date:	1	/ 2010
Verified By:		Date:	1	/2010

SDG# B7PT2

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS report.

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS report.

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

PMS1-The relative percent difference (RPD) between the following pesticide matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate recoveries is outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Nondetected compounds are not qualified.

- -B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD
- Heptachlor B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD

4. LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY (LCS):

The LCS data is generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method. The LCS may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/ CCS report.

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or

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field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified "U" for these reasons:

- A) Method/Instrument blank contamination:
 - No problems found for this qualification.
- B) Field or rinse blank contamination: Not applicable.
- 6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PESTICIDE fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes except alpha-BHC and delta-BHC 25%, for the two surrogates and Toxaphene 30%, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects are not qualified.

B) The Percent Difference (%D) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the PEM used for CCV must be greater than or equal to-25% and less than or equal to 25.0%. The Percent Difference (%D) between the calibration Factor (CF) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the Calibration Verification Standard (CS3) and the mean calibration factor from the initial calibration must be greater than or equal to-20% and less than or equal to 20.0%. The Percent Difference not within limits, detected associated compounds are qualified "J" and non-detected associated compounds are qualified "UJ".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

VC19-The following Pesticides samples are associated with an initial calibration in which an analyte exceeded percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J and non detected compounds are not qualified.

- Beta BHC, Methoxychlor

B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PT3DL, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, PBLKRQ, PLCSRQ, PLCSRQ

PSP28-The following pesticide samples are associated with a continuing PEM in which the percent resolution between two adjacent peaks did not meet the resolution criteria. Detected compounds are qualified JN. Non-detected compounds are qualified R.

-B7PT3DL, B7PY8, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q60

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- Endrin PEMGQ
- -B7PT3DL, B7PY8, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q60

The following pesticide samples are associated with a Resolution Check Mixture in which the percent resolution between two adjacent peaks in the primary column did not meet the resolution criteria of 80%. Detected compounds are qualified JN. Non-detected compounds are qualified R.

4,4-'DDD, Endosulfan 1

B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PT3DL, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, PBLKRQ, PLCSRQ, PLCSRQ

Pesticide Calibration Verification:

The following pesticide samples are associated with an Individual Standard Mixture B - Calibration Verification in which the %D is greater than 20 % for the surrogate Tetrachloro-m-xylene. All associated detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

TCMX

4,4'-DDE, Aldrin, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin aldehyde, Endrin ketone, Heptachlor epoxide, alpha-Chlordane, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, gamma-Chlordane

B7PT3, B7PT3DL, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q20MSD, B7Q35, B7Q35, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60, PBLKRQ, PLCSRQ

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

QUALIFIED U:

PDL332-The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results exceeding 50% and the results are below CRQL. Detected compounds are qualified U. Nondetected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

- -B7PT2, B7PT3DL, B7PY3
- Endosulfan sulfate B7PT3DL
- Endrin B7PT3DL, B7PY3
- Methoxychlor B7PT3DL
- 4,4'-DDE B7PT2, B7PT3DL
- Endrin aldehyde B7PT2

QUALIFIED J:

PDL312-The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the

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range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

-B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PT3DL, B7PX9, B7PY0, B7PY3, B7PY4, B7PY7, B7PY8, B7Q19, B7Q20, B7Q20MS, B7Q20MSD, B7Q35, B7Q36, B7Q55, B7Q56, B7Q59, B7Q60

- Heptachlor epoxide PLCSRO, PLCSRQ
- Aldrin B7Q20MS
- **4,4'-DDT** B7PT3, B7Q56
- gamma-Chlordane B7PT3DL, B7PY3
- Dieldrin B7PT2, B7PT3DL, B7PY3, B7Q20MS
- Endrin PLCSRO
- **4,4'-DDD** B7Q56
- **4,4'-DDE** B7Q56

QUALIFIED NJ:

PDL322-The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 51-100%. Detected compounds are qualified NJ.

- -B7PT2, B7PT3, B7PT3DL, B7PY3
- **4,4'-DDT** B7PT2, B7PT3DL, B7PY3
- gamma-Chlordane B7PT2, B7PT3
- Dieldrin B7PT3
- Endrin B7PT3
- 4,4'-DDE B7PT3, B7PY3
- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: No problems.
- 9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.
- 10. OTHER PROBLEMS:
- 11. This package contains re- extractions, re-analyses or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

B7PT3DL

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT4, B7Q32, B7PS8 LABORATORY: A4 SITE: Raritan Bay Slag

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: PEST

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-36 (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF specifications, the National Functional Guidelines Report and the CCS Semi- Automated Screening Results Report.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Reviewer's Signature:	Dorina Christina Alliu	Date: <u>July/15/2010</u>
Peer Review Signature:	er's 	Date: / /2010
Verified By:		Date: / /2010

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SDG# B7PT4

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

The following pesticide water samples are outside primary extraction holding time criteria. Detected compounds are gualified J. Non-detected compounds are gualified UJ.

B7PT4

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not Applicable

4. LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY (LCS):

The LCS data is generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method. The LCS may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified "U" for these reasons:

A) Method/Instrument blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification sample was the field blank.

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PESTICIDE fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes except alpha-BHC and delta-BHC 25%, for the two surrogates and Toxaphene 30%, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects are not qualified.

B) The Percent Difference (%D) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the PEM used for CCV must be greater than or equal to-25% and less than or equal to 25.0%. The Percent Difference (%D) between the calibration Factor (CF) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the Calibration Verification Standard (CS3) and the mean calibration factor from the initial calibration must be greater than or equal to-20% and less than or equal to 20.0%. The Percent Difference not within limits, detected associated compounds are qualified "J" and non-detected associated compounds are qualified "UJ".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

The following pesticide samples are associated with the percent resolution that did not meet the resolution criteria. Detected compounds are qualified JN. Non-detected compounds are qualified

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R.

4,4'-DDD B7PT4, PBLKPE, PLCSPE

Endosulfan I B7PT4, PBLKPE, PLCSPE

The following pesticide samples are associated with RSD% exceeding criteria Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Methoxychlor B7PT4, PBLKPE, PLCSPE

Beta BHC B7PT4, PBLKPE, PLCSPE

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

gamma-Chlordane PLCSPE

Dieldrin PLCSPE

Endrin PLCSPE

- **8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:** No problems.
- 9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.
- 10. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

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11. This package contains re- extractions, re-analyses or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

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SDG# B7Q32

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

The following pesticide samples have surrogate percent recoveries outside the lower limit of the criteria window, but greater than 10%. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Decachlorobiphenyl B7Q32MS

4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDT, Aldrin, Dieldrin, Endosulfan I, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin aldehyde, Endrin ketone, Heptachlor, Heptachlor epoxide, Methoxychlor, Toxaphene, alpha-BHC, alpha-Chlordane, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, gamma-BHC (Lindane), gamma-Chlordane

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

The following pesticide matrix/matrix spike duplicate samples have percent recoveries that are greater than or equal to the lower expanded criteria limit but less than the lower primary criteria limit Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Aldrin B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

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4,4'-DDT B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

Gamma-BHC (Lindane) B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

Dieldrin B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

Endrin B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

Heptachlor B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD, B7Q32

4. LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY (LCS):

The LCS data is generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method. The LCS may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified "U" for these reasons:

A) Method/Instrument blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Pesticide SOP NO. HW-36

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capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PESTICIDE fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes except alpha-BHC and delta-BHC 25%, for the two surrogates and Toxaphene 30%, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects are not qualified.

B) The Percent Difference (%D) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the PEM used for CCV must be greater than or equal to-25% and less than or equal to 25.0%. The Percent Difference (%D) between the calibration Factor (CF) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the Calibration Verification Standard (CS3) and the mean calibration factor from the initial calibration must be greater than or equal to-20% and less than or equal to 20.0%. The Percent Difference not within limits, detected associated compounds are qualified "J" and non-detected associated compounds are qualified "UJ".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

The following pesticide samples are associated with the percent resolution that did not meet the resolution criteria. Detected compounds are qualified JN. Non-detected compounds are qualified R.

4,4'-DDD B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, PBLKRL, PLCSRL, B7P23MS, B7P23MSD

Endosulfan I B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, PBLKRL, PLCSRL, B7P23MS, B7P23MSD

The following pesticide samples are associated with RSD% exceeding criteria Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Methoxychlor B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, PBLKRL, PLCSRL, B7P23MS, B7P23MSD

Beta BHC B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, PBLKRL, PLCSRL, B7P23MS, B7P23MSD

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The following pesticide samples are associated with a CCV with % Difference exceeding criteria Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Decachlorobiphenyl B7PT0, B7PQ32, B7PQ44, B7PQ44DL, B7PQ23MS, B7PQ23MSD

4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDT, Aldrin, Dieldrin, Endosulfan I, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin aldehyde, Endrin ketone, Heptachlor, Heptachlor epoxide, Methoxychlor, Toxaphene, alpha-BHC, alpha-Chlordane, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, gamma-BHC (Lindane), gamma-Chlordane

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

4,4'-DDT B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD

gamma-Chlordane B7Q68, PLCSRL

Gamma-BHC (Lindane) PLCSRL

Endrin B7Q32MS

Endrin aldehyde B7Q44, B7Q44DL

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 51-100%. Detected compounds are qualified NJ.

Endosulfan II B7Q44

4,4'-DDT B7Q44

Endosulfan I B7Q44

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results exceeding 50% and the results are below CRQL. Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Endosulfan II B7Q44DL

4,4'-DDT B7Q44DL

Dieldrin B7Q44DL

4,4'-DDE B7Q68

Endosulfan I B7Q44DL

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results exceeding 100%. Using professional judgment Detected compounds are qualified JN.

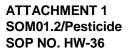
gamma-Chlordane B7Q44DL

The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results exceeding 100%. Using professional judgment Detected compounds are qualified J.

Heptachlor B7Q32MS, B7Q32MSD

Dieldrin B7Q32MS

- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: No problems.
- 9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.



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10. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

11. This package contains re- extractions, re-analyses or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

B7Q44DL

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SDG# B7PS8

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

No problems found for this qualification

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

The following pesticide matrix/matrix spike duplicate samples have percent recoveries that are greater than or equal to the lower expanded criteria limit but less than the lower primary criteria limit Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Aldrin B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ6

Gamma-BHC (Lindane) B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ6

Dieldrin B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ6

Endrin B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ6

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Heptachlor B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ6

4. LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY (LCS):

The LCS data is generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method. The LCS may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification

5. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. Depending on the concentration of the analyte in the blank, the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified "U" for these reasons:

A) Method/Instrument blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

For the PESTICIDE fraction, if %RSD exceeds 20% for all analytes except alpha-BHC and delta-BHC 25%, for the two surrogates and Toxaphene 30%, qualify all associated positive results "J" and non-detects are not qualified.

B) The Percent Difference (%D) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the PEM used for CCV

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must be greater than or equal to-25% and less than or equal to 25.0%. The Percent Difference (%D) between the calibration Factor (CF) for each of the SCP and surrogate in the Calibration Verification Standard (CS3) and the mean calibration factor from the initial calibration must be greater than or equal to-20% and less than or equal to 20.0%. The Percent Difference not within limits, detected associated compounds are qualified "J" and non-detected associated compounds are qualified "UJ".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

The following pesticide samples are associated with the percent resolution that did not meet the resolution criteria. Detected compounds are qualified JN. Non-detected compounds are qualified R.

4,4'-DDD B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, PBLKRJ, PLCSRJ, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD

Endosulfan I B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, PBLKRJ. PLCSRJ. B7PZ6MS. B7PZ6MSD

The following pesticide samples are associated with RSD% exceeding criteria Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Methoxychlor B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, PBLKRJ, PLCSRJ, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD

Beta BHC B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, PBLKRJ, PLCSRJ, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD

7. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

The retention times of reported compounds must fall within the calculated retention time windows for the two chromatographic columns and a GC/MS confirmation is required if the concentration exceeds 10ng/ml in the final sample extract.

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Pesticide SOP NO. HW-36

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The following pesticide samples have percent differences between analyte results in the range of 26-50%. Detected compounds are qualified J.

Heptachlor epoxide PLCSRJ

- 8. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE: No problems.
- 9. FIELD DOCUMENTATION: No problems.
- 10. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

11. This package contains re- extractions, re-analyses or dilution runs. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

ATTACHMENT 1 SOM01.2/Semivolatiles SOP NO. HW-35/SVOA, Rev.1

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT4, B7Q32, B7PS8

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: Raritan Bay Slag SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: BNA & BNA-SIM

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-35/SVOA (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data have been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF specifications, the National Functional Guidelines Report and the CCS Semi- Automated Screening Results Report.

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for BNA organic fraction is not validated.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Verified By:		Date:	1	/2010
Peer Reviewer Signature:	's 	Date:	1	/2010
Reviewer's Signature:	Dorina Christina Alliu	Date: <u>Jul</u>	July/14/2010	

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SDG# B7PT4

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples have deuterated monitoring compound recovery below the lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Fluorene-d10 B7PT4

4-Bromophenyl-phenylether, 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether, Carbazole, Dibenzofuran, Fluorene

Acenaphthylene-d8 B7PT4

2-Chloronaphthalene, 2-Methylnaphthalene, Acenaphthene, Acenaphthylene, Naphthalene

BNA-SIM:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not applicable

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure crosscontamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 5 times the blank contaminant level (10 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U". The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification sample was the field blank.

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

Not Applicable

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for BNA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene and for semi-volatiles Decafluorotriphenyl-phosphine (DFTPP).

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be 0.05 in both initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05 indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

BNA:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial/ continuing/ closing calibration with relative response factors (RRFs) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified "R"

Pentachlorophenol B7PT4, SBLK2X

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific

compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 30% and %D must be < 25%. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria, non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Benzo (b) fluoranthene B7PT4, SBLK2W

Benzo (k) fluoranthene B7PT4, SBLK2W

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol B7PT4, SBLK2W

Pentachlorophenol B7PT4, SBLK2W

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with incorrect initial calibration sequence. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Pentachlorophenol B7PT4, SBLK2W

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene B7PT4, SBLK2X

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Pentachlorophenol B7PT4, SBLK2X

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +100%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +100%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Semi-Volatile Fractions:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have an ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

10. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

None

11. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:

No problems

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12. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

13. This package contains re-extractions, re-analyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

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SDG# B7Q32

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples have deuterated monitoring compound recovery above the upper limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Pyrene-d10 B7PT1

Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene

The following semi-volatile samples have deuterated monitoring compound recovery below the lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Benzo (a) pyrene-d12 B7Q63

Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(g,h,i)perylene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

BNA-SIM:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not applicable

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 5 times the blank contaminant level (10 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U". The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A)

Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples have analyte concentrations reported less than the CRQL. The associated rinse blank concentration is less than the concentration criteria. Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Bis(2-ethyllhexyl) phthalate B7PW8, B7Q44, B7Q68

BNA-SIM:

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The following semi-volatile samples have analyte concentrations reported less than the CRQL. The associated rinse blank concentration is less than the concentration criteria. Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Benzo(a)pyrene B7PT0, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7Q23DL, B7Q44DL, B7Q63DL, B7Q68DL

Indenzo (1,2,3 cd)pyrene B7Q24, B7Q43, B7Q51

Dibenzo(ah)anthracene B7PT0, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q24, B7Q32DL, B7Q43, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63DL, B7Q68DL

Benzo (ghi)perylene B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q24, B7Q32DL, B7Q43, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63DL.

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

Not Applicable

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for BNA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene and for semi-volatiles Decafluorotriphenyl-phosphine (DFTPP).

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be 0.05 in both initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05 indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

BNA:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial/ continuing/ closing calibration with relative response factors (RRFs) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified "R"

Pentachlorophenol B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q23DL, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q32DL, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q63DL, B7Q67, B7Q68, B7Q68DL, SBLK1U

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 30% and %D must be < 25%. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria, non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Benzo (b) fluoranthene B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q44, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, SBLK1T

Benzo (k) fluoranthene B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q44, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, SBLK1T

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q44, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, SBLK1T

Pentachlorophenol B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, SBLK1T

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q23DL, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q32DL, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q63DL, B7Q67, B7Q68, B7Q68DL, SBLK1U

Pentachlorophenol B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q23DL, B7Q24, B7Q32, B7Q32DL, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q44DL, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q63DL, B7Q67, B7Q68, B7Q68DL, SBLK1U

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with incorrect initial calibration sequence. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ. Use professional judgment to qualify the data.

Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q24, B7Q32DL, B7Q44DL, B7Q63DL, B7Q67, B7Q68DL

Pentachlorophenol B7PT0, B7PT1, B7PW7, B7PW8, B7PX5, B7PX6, B7Q23, B7Q23DL, B7Q24, B7Q32DL, B7Q44DL, B7Q63DL, B7Q67, B7Q68DL

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +100%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +100%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Semi-Volatile Fractions:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have an ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

10. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

None

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11.	FIELD DOCUMENTATION:
	No problems
12.	OTHER PROBLEMS:
	BNA: None
	BNA-SIM:
	Several compounds have been reported from the initial analysis and qualified J as the reported value was over the calibration range. The DL run had U qualifier which was not transfer to the original run.
	Sample # B7Q23
13.	This package contains re-extractions, re-analyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.
	BNA:
	None
	BNA-SIM:
	B7Q23DL, B7Q32DL, B7Q44DL, B7Q63DL, B7Q68DL

SDG# B7PS8

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. SURROGATES

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples have deuterated monitoring compound recovery above the upper limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Pyrene-d10 B7PS9, B7Q04, B7Q05

Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene

4-Methylphenol-d8 B7Q05

2,4-Dimethylphenol, 2-Methylphenol, 4-Methylphenol

2-Nitrophenol-d4 B7Q05

2-Nitrophenol, Isophorone

Bis (2-Chloroethyl) ether-d8 B7PS9, B7Q05

2,2'-Oxybis(1-Chloropropane), Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane, Bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether

BNA-SIM:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

Not applicable

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 5 times the blank contaminant level (10 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U". The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A)

Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples have analyte concentrations reported less than the CRQL. The associated rinse blank concentration is less than the concentration criteria. Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Bis(2-ethyllhexyl) phthalate B7PS9, B7PW0, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7Q06, B7Q07

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BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples have analyte concentrations reported less than the CRQL. The associated rinse blank concentration is less than the concentration criteria. Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Benzo(a)pyrene B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PZ1, B7PZ5DL, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q31DL

Indenzo (1,2,3 cd)pyrene B7PT5, B7PW3, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ6, B7Q09, B7Q15DL, B7Q31DL

Dibenzo(ah)anthracene B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06DL, B7Q07DL, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q16, B7Q31DL

Benzo (ghi)perylene B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PW3, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06DL, B7Q09, B7Q31DL

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

Not Applicable

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for BNA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene and for semi-volatiles Decafluorotriphenyl-phosphine (DFTPP).

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be 0.05 in both initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05 indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

BNA:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial/ continuing/ closing calibration with relative response factors (RRFs) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified "R"

Pentachlorophenol B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ5DL, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q06DL, B7Q07, B7Q07DL, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q15DL, B7Q16, B7Q31, B7Q31DL, SBLK1S

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 30% and %D must be < 25%. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria, non-detects data may be qualified "R".

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The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

BNA:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Benzo (b) fluoranthene B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, SBLK1R

Benzo (k) fluoranthene B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, SBLK1R

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, SBLK1R

Pentachlorophenol B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q16, B7Q31, SBLK1R

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with incorrect initial calibration sequence. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

Pentachlorophenol B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q16, B7Q31

BNA-SIM:

The following semi-volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5DL, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q06DL, B7Q07, B7Q07DL, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q15DL, B7Q16, B7Q31, B7Q31DL, SBLK1S

Pentachlorophenol B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PS9DL, B7PT5, B7PW0, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ5DL, B7PZ6, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q06DL, B7Q07, B7Q07DL, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15, B7Q15DL, B7Q16, B7Q31, B7Q31DL, SBLK1S

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +100%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +100%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Semi-Volatile Fractions:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have an ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

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10.	CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:		
	None		
11.	FIELD DOCUMENTATION:		
	No problems		
12.	OTHER PROBLEMS:		
	BNA: None		
	BNA-SIM:		
	Several compounds have been reported from the initial analysis and qualified J as the reported value was over the calibration range. The DL run had U qualifier which was not transfer to the original run		
	Sample # B7PS9, B7PZ5, B7Q15		
13.	This package contains re-extractions, re-analyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.		
	BNA:		
	None		
	BNA-SIM:		
	B7PS9DL, B7PZ5DL, B7Q06DL, B7Q07DL, B7Q15DL, B7Q31DL.		

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Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Organic Analysis

CASE No.: 40054 SDG No.: B7PT4, B7Q32, B7PS8

LABORATORY: A4 SITE: Raritan Bay Slag

SAMPLER: CDM ANALYSIS: VOA

DATA ASSESSMENT

The current SOP HW-33/VOA (Revision 1) August 2007, USEPA Region II Data Validation SOP for Statement of Work SOM01.2 for evaluating organic data has been applied.

Data has been reviewed according to TDF specifications, the National Functional Guidelines Report and the CCS Semi- Automated Screening Results Report.

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for VOA organic fraction is not validated.

All data are valid and acceptable except those analytes rejected "R"(unusable). Due to the detection of QC problems, some analytes may have the "J" (estimated), "N"(presumptive evidence for the presence of the material), "U" (non-detect) or "JN" (presumptive evidence for the presence of the material at an estimated value) flag. All action is detailed on the attached sheets.

The "R" flag means that the associated value is unusable. In other words, significant data bias is evident and the reported analyte concentration is unreliable.

Signature:	<u>Dorina Christina Alliu</u>	Date: <u>July/</u>	<u>13/201</u>	<u>0</u>
Peer Reviewe Signature:	er's 	Date:	1	/2010
Verified By:		Date:	1	/2010

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SDG# B7PT4

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. DMC's

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds (DMC's) prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

The following volatile samples have one or more DMC/SMC recovery values is less than the primary lower limit but greater than or equal to the expanded lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 B7PT4

1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, Carbon tetrachloride, Methyl acetate, Methyl tert-butyl ether, Methylene chloride, Trichlorofluoromethane

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d2 B7PT4

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

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4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 1 times the blank contaminant level (2 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

A) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

B) Field or rinse blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification sample was the field blank.

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

No problems found for this qualification

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for VOA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene.

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

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6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be 0.05, and 0.01 for the twenty -two analytes with poor response in both the initial and continuing calibrations. A value 0.05, or 0.01 for the poor performers indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 20%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. %D must be < 25%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria (> 90%), non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +200%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +200%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

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9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Volatile Fraction:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification.

10. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

None

11. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:

No problems found for this qualification.

12. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

13. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

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SDG# B7Q32

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. DMC's

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds (DMC's) prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

The following volatile samples have one or more DMC/SMC recovery values is less than the primary lower limit but greater than or equal to the expanded lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 B7Q23

1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, Carbon tetrachloride, Methyl acetate, Methyl tert-butyl ether, Methylene chloride, Trichlorofluoromethane

1.4-Dioxane-d8 B7PX5

1,4-Dioxane

Vinyl chloride-d3 B7Q23, B7Q24

Vinyl chloride

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene-d4 B7PT1, B7PW8, B7Q23, B7Q24, B7Q32MS, B7Q68 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 1 times the blank contaminant level (2 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

C) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

D) Field or rinse blank contamination:

The following volatile samples have common contaminant analyte concentrations reported less than 2x the CRQL. The associated rinse blank common contaminant concentration is less than 2x the concentration criteria Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Methylene Chloride B7Q63, B7Q67

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

No problems found for this qualification

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for VOA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene.

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be ≥ 0.05 , and ≥ 0.01 for the twenty-two analytes with poor response in both the initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05, or < 0.01 for the poor performers indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 20%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. %D must be < 25%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria (> 90%), non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

The following volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Bromomethane VBLK6H, VHBLK0C

The following volatile samples are associated with an opening or closing CCV percent difference (%D) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene B7PT0, B7Q32, B7Q43, B7Q44, B7Q51, B7Q63, B7Q67, B7Q68, VBLK66

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +200%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +200%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Volatile Fraction:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification.

10. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

None

11. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:

No problems found for this qualification.

12. OTHER PROBLEMS:

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None

13. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None

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SDG# B7PS8

1. HOLDING TIME:

The amount of an analyte in a sample can change with time due to chemical instability, degradation, volatilization, etc. If the specified holding time is exceeded, the data may not be valid. Those analytes detected in the samples whose holding time has been exceeded will be qualified as estimated, "J". The non-detects (sample quantitation limits) will be flagged as estimated, "J", or unusable, "R", if the holding times are grossly exceeded.

The following action was taken in the samples and analytes shown due to excessive holding time.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

2. DMC's

All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds (DMC's) prior to sample preparation to evaluate overall laboratory performance and efficiency of the analytical technique. If the measured surrogate concentrations were outside contract specifications, qualifications were applied to the samples and analytes as shown below.

The following volatile samples have DMC/SMC recoveries above the upper limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

2-Butanone-d5 B7Q07

2-Butanone, Acetone

2-Hexanone-d5 B7Q07

2-Hexanone, 4-Methyl-2-pentanone

The following volatile samples have one or more DMC/SMC recovery values is less than the primary lower limit but greater than or equal to the expanded lower limit of the criteria window. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are qualified UJ.

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 B7Q08

1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, Carbon tetrachloride, Methyl acetate, Methyl tert-butyl ether, Methylene chloride, Trichlorofluoromethane

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Vinyl chloride-d3 B7PW0, B7Q15, B7Q31 Vinyl chloride

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene-d4 B7PW0, B7Q08, B7Q09, B7Q15 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

3. MATRIX SPIKE/SPIKE DUPLICATE, MS/MSD:

The MS/MSD data are generated to determine the long-term precision and accuracy of the analytical method in various matrices. The MS/MSD may be used in conjunction with other QC criteria for additional qualification of data.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

4. BLANK CONTAMINATION:

Quality assurance (QA) blanks, i.e., method, trip, field, or rinse blanks are prepared to identify any contamination, which may have been introduced into the samples during sample preparation or field activity. Method blanks measure laboratory contamination. Trip blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during shipment. Field and rinse blanks measure cross-contamination of samples during field operations. If the concentration of the analyte is less than 1 times the blank contaminant level (2 times for common contaminants), the analytes are qualified as non-detects, "U".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified with "U" for these reasons:

E) Method blank contamination:

No problems found for this qualification

F) Field or rinse blank contamination:

The following volatile samples have common contaminant analyte concentrations reported less than 2x the CRQL. The associated rinse blank common contaminant concentration is less than 2x the concentration criteria Detected compounds are qualified U. Non-detected compounds are not qualified. Reported sample concentrations have been elevated to the CRQL.

Methylene Chloride B7PS8

C) Trip blank contamination for VOA aqueous samples:

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Not Applicable

D) Storage Blank associated with VOA samples only:

No problems found for this qualification

E) Tics "R" rejected:

Tentatively Indentified Compounds (TICS) for VOA organic fraction is not validated.

5. MASS SPECTROMETER TUNING:

Tuning and performance criteria are established to ensure adequate mass resolution, proper identification of compounds and to some degree, sufficient instrument sensitivity. These criteria are not sample specific. Instrument performance is determined using standard materials. Therefore, these criteria should be met in all circumstances. The tuning standard for volatile organics is (BFB) Bromofluorobenzene.

If the mass calibration is in error, all associated data will be classified as unusable "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

6. CALIBRATION:

Satisfactory instrument calibration is established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing acceptable quantitative data. An initial calibration demonstrates that the instrument is capable of giving acceptable performance at the beginning of an experimental sequence. The continuing calibration checks document that the instrument is giving satisfactory daily performance.

A) Response Factor GC/MS:

The response factor measures the instrument's response to specific chemical compounds. The response factor for the Target Compound List (TCL) must be ≥ 0.05 , and ≥ 0.01 for the twenty-two analytes with poor response in both the initial and continuing calibrations. A value < 0.05, or < 0.01 for the poor performers indicates a serious detection and quantitation problem (poor sensitivity). Analytes detected in the sample will be qualified as estimated, "J". All non-detects for that compound will be rejected "R".

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

B) Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) and Percent Difference (%D):

Percent RSD is calculated from the initial calibration and is used to indicate the stability of the specific compound response factor over increasing concentration. Percent D compares the response factor of the continuing calibration check to the mean response factor (RRF) from the initial calibration. Percent D is a measure of the instrument's daily performance. Percent RSD must be < 20%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. %D must be < 25%, < 40% for the poor performers, and < 50% for 1,4-Dioxane. A value outside of these limits indicates potential detection and

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quantitation errors. For these reasons, all positive results are flagged as estimated, "J" and non-detects are flagged "UJ". If %RSD and %D grossly exceed QC criteria (> 90%), non-detects data may be qualified "R".

The following analytes in the sample shown were qualified for %RSD and %D:

The following volatile samples are associated with an initial calibration percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) outside criteria. Detected compounds are qualified J. Non-detected compounds are not qualified.

Bromomethane B7PS8, B7PS9, B7PT5, B7PW3, B7PW4, B7PZ1, B7PZ2, B7PZ5, B7PZ6, B7PZ6MS, B7PZ6MSD, B7PZ9, B7Q04, B7Q05, B7Q06, B7Q07, VBLK6D, VBLK6F, VBLK6H, VHBLKOB

8. INTERNAL STANDARDS PERFORMANCE GC/MS:

Internal standards (IS) performance criteria ensure that the GC/MS sensitivity and response are stable during every experimental run. The internal standard area count must not vary by more than a factor of 2 (-50% to +200%) from the associated continuing calibration standard. The retention time of the internal standard must not vary more than 30 seconds from the associated continuing calibration standard. If the area count is outside the (-50% to +200%) range of the associated standard, all of the positive results for compounds quantitated using that IS are qualified as estimated, "J", and all non-detects as "UJ", or "R" if there is a severe loss of sensitivity.

If an internal standard retention time varies by more than 30 seconds, the reviewer will use professional judgment to determine either partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction.

No problems found for this qualification as per NFG/CCS report

9. COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION:

A) Volatile Fraction:

TCL compounds are identified on the GC/MS by using the analyte's relative retention time (RRT) and by comparison to the ion spectra obtained from known standards. For the results to be a positive hit, the sample peak must be within 0.06 RRT units of the standard compound and have ion spectra which has a ratio of the primary and secondary m/e intensities within 20% of that in the standard compound. For the tentatively identified compounds (TIC) the ion spectra must match accurately. In the cases where there is not an adequate ion spectrum match, the laboratory may have provided false positive identifications.

No problems found for this qualification.

10. CONTRACT PROBLEMS NON-COMPLIANCE:

None

11. FIELD DOCUMENTATION:

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No problems found for this qualification.

12. OTHER PROBLEMS:

None

13. This package contains reextractions, reanalyses or dilutions. Upon reviewing the QA results, the following Form 1(s) are identified NOT to be used.

None